

COMMAND SECURITY CORP  
Form 10-Q  
August 13, 2012

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

**x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012

or

**“ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 001-33525

**COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION**

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(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York 14-1626307  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1133 Route 55, Suite D, Lagrangeville, New York 12540  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

**(845) 454-3703**

*(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)*

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definition of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock as of August 3, 2012 was 9,666,498.

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**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION****CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME****(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended	
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011
Revenues	\$35,641,679	\$34,785,603
Cost of revenues	31,113,579	30,135,199
Gross profit	4,528,100	4,650,404
Operating expenses		
General and administrative	3,942,031	4,099,301
Provision for doubtful accounts, net	72,287	74,242
	4,014,318	4,173,543
Operating income	513,782	476,861
Interest income	41	28
Interest expense	(34,459 )	(72,662 )
Equipment dispositions	1,904	4,493
Income before income taxes	481,268	408,720
Provision for income taxes	250,000	200,000
Net income	231,268	208,720
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Unrealized loss on available for sale securities	—	(15,011 )
Net loss recognized in other comprehensive income	—	(15,011 )

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Total comprehensive income	\$231,268	\$193,709
Net income per common share		
Basic	\$.02	\$.02
Diluted	\$.02	\$.02
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		
Basic	9,666,498	10,878,098
Diluted	9,666,498	10,983,494

*See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements*

**COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION****CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS**

	June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)	March 31, 2012
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$9,189	\$1,175,809
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$568,735 and \$582,510, respectively	22,017,818	20,608,677
Prepaid expenses	958,902	1,744,425
Other assets	1,718,090	2,662,904
Total current assets	24,703,999	26,191,815
Furniture and equipment at cost, net	365,209	385,664
Other assets:		
Intangible assets, net	3,273,679	3,391,821
Restricted cash	83,048	83,023
Other assets	3,137,672	2,989,360
Total other assets	6,494,399	6,464,204
Total assets	\$31,563,607	\$33,041,683
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Checks issued in advance of deposits	\$793,913	\$884,095
Short-term borrowings	4,734,486	6,830,951
Accounts payable	714,564	997,605
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	6,985,098	6,523,070
Total current liabilities	13,228,061	15,235,721
Insurance reserves	751,306	576,342
Total liabilities	13,979,367	15,812,063
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, Series A, \$.0001 par value	—	—
Common stock, \$.0001 par value	1,074	1,074
Treasury stock, at cost	(1,788,505 )	(1,788,505 )

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Additional paid-in capital	16,791,870	16,668,518
Accumulated earnings	2,579,801	2,348,533
Total stockholders' equity	17,584,240	17,229,620
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$31,563,607	\$33,041,683

*See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements*

## COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION

## CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

	Preferred Stock	Treasury Stock	Common Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Earnings
Balance at March 31, 2011	\$ —	\$—	\$ 1,087	\$ (174,571 )	\$ 16,718,779	\$ 2,207,773
Stock compensation cost					87,978	
Other comprehensive loss (a)				(15,011 )		
Net income – three months ended June 30, 2011				—	—	208,720
Balance at June 30, 2011	—	—	1,087	(189,582 )	16,806,757	2,416,493
Common stock repurchased		(1,788,505)	(13 )		(210,991 )	
Stock compensation cost					72,752	
Unrealized gain and reclassification adjustment on available for sale securities				189,582		
Net loss – nine months ended March 31, 2012						(67,960 )
Balance at March 31, 2012	—	(1,788,505)	1,074	—	16,668,518	2,348,533
Stock compensation cost					123,352	
Net income – three months ended June 30, 2012						231,268
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$ —	\$(1,788,505)	\$ 1,074	\$ —	\$ 16,791,870	\$ 2,579,801

(a) – Represents unrealized loss on marketable securities.



*See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements*

**COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION****CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(Unaudited)**

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2012	2011
Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net income	\$231,268	\$208,720
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	168,708	227,270
Provision for doubtful accounts, net	(13,775 )	73,000
Gain on asset dispositions	(1,904 )	(4,493 )
Stock based compensation costs	123,352	87,978
Insurance reserves	174,964	(7,240 )
Deferred income taxes	(161,353 )	11,242
Restricted cash	(25 )	(13 )
Decrease in receivables, prepaid expenses and other current assets	89,326	1,328,044
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other current liabilities	178,986	(309,773 )
Net cash provided by operating activities	789,547	1,614,735
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of equipment	(31,316 )	(11,058 )
Collection on other receivable	258,681	—
Proceeds from asset dispositions	3,115	5,841
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	230,480	(5,217 )
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net repayments on short-term borrowings	(2,096,465 )	(2,515,646)
Decrease in checks issued in advance of deposits	(90,182 )	(401,272 )
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	—	(20,937 )
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,186,647 )	(2,937,855)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(1,166,620)	(1,328,337)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,175,809	3,463,461
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$9,189	\$2,135,124

*See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements*



**COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION**

**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

**(Unaudited)**

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Cash paid during the three months ended June 30 for:	2 0 12	2 0 11
Interest	\$45,001	\$77,392
Income taxes	15,950	10,400

*See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements*

**COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(Unaudited)**

The accompanying condensed financial statements presented herein have not been audited, and have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q which do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto as of and for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012. In this discussion, the words "Company," "we," "our," "us" and terms of similar import should be deemed to refer to Command Security Corporation.

The condensed financial statements for the interim period shown in this report are not necessarily indicative of our results to be expected for any period after the date hereof, including for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2013 or for any subsequent period. In the opinion of our management, the accompanying condensed financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements included in this quarterly report. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

1. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2011, the FASB issued updated authoritative guidance related to new disclosure requirements on offsetting financial assets and liabilities. The new rules require companies to disclose both gross and net information about instruments and transactions eligible for offset in the balance sheet as well as instruments and transactions subject to a netting arrangement. The updated authoritative guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. We are currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, of the adoption of this updated authoritative guidance on our financial statement disclosures.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-08, Testing Goodwill for Impairment. ASU 2011-08 provides entities with an option to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether further impairment testing is necessary. ASU 2011-08 is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011, with early adoption permitted. This standard is not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued guidance to amend the presentation of comprehensive income to allow an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other

comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. The guidance eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. This guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011, and is required to be applied retrospectively. We have included such disclosures in the accompanying financial statements.

2. Short-Term Borrowings:

On February 12, 2009, we entered into a \$20,000,000 credit facility (the "Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Wells Fargo"). This credit facility, which was amended in October 2011 (see below) matures in October 2016, contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including, among other things, covenants requiring us to maintain certain financial ratios and is collateralized by customer accounts receivable and certain other assets of the Company as defined in the Credit Agreement.

**COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(Unaudited)**

The Credit Agreement provides for a letter of credit sub-line in an aggregate amount of up to \$3,000,000. The Credit Agreement also provided for interest to be calculated on the outstanding principal balance of the

revolving loans at the prime rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus 1.50%. For LIBOR loans, interest will be calculated on the outstanding principal balance of the LIBOR loans at the LIBOR rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus 2.75% (see below).

On October 18, 2011, the Company entered into an amendment (the "Amendment") to its Credit Agreement. The Amendment (i) extends the term of the \$20,000,000 Credit Agreement to October 2016, (ii) decreases the interest rate spreads on the outstanding principal balance of the revolving loans to LIBOR plus 1.75% and amends certain covenants including: (a) increasing the amount of capital expenditures that can be incurred in the aggregate during any fiscal year or in any one transaction and (b) permitting the Company to repurchase up to \$2,000,000 of its common stock subject to certain conditions.

As of June 30, 2012, the interest rate was 2.0% for LIBOR loans. At June 30, 2012, we had \$4,000,000 in LIBOR loans and \$202,807 under our letters of credit sub-line outstanding under the Credit Agreement, representing approximately 30% of the maximum borrowing capacity under the Credit Agreement based on our "eligible accounts receivable" (as defined under the Credit Agreement) as of such date.

We rely on our revolving loan from Wells Fargo, which contains a fixed charge covenant and various other financial and non-financial covenants. If we breach a covenant, Wells Fargo has the right to immediately request the repayment in full of all borrowings under the Credit Agreement, unless Wells Fargo waives the breach. For the three months ended June 30, 2012, we were in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Agreement.

We may obtain short-term financing to meet our annual property and casualty insurance needs. At June 30, 2012, we had \$734,486 of short-term insurance borrowings outstanding.

	June 30, 2012	March 31, 2012
Other assets consist of the following:		
Workers' compensation insurance	\$1,710,990	\$2,397,723
Other receivables	—	258,681
Security deposits	190,894	196,982
Deferred tax asset	2,890,384	2,729,032
Other	63,494	69,846
	4,855,762	5,652,264
Current portion	(1,718,090)	(2,662,904)
Total non-current portion	\$3,137,672	\$2,989,360



**COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****(Unaudited)**4. Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities:

Accrued expenses and other liabilities consist of the following:	June 30, 2012	March 31, 2012
Payroll and related expenses	\$5,882,937	\$5,343,982
Taxes and fees payable	581,273	486,726
Accrued interest payable	6,163	7,339
Other	514,725	685,023
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$6,985,098</b>	<b>\$6,523,070</b>

5. Insurance Reserves:

We have an insurance policy covering workers' compensation claims in states where we perform services. Estimated accrued liabilities are based on our historical loss experience and the ratio of claims paid to our historical payout profiles. Charges for estimated workers' compensation related losses incurred and included in cost of sales were \$690,039 and \$495,461 for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The nature of our business also subjects us to claims or litigation alleging that we are liable for damages as a result of the conduct of our employees or others. We insure against such claims and suits through general liability policies with third-party insurance companies. Our insurance coverage limits are currently \$7,000,000 per occurrence for non-aviation related business (with an additional excess umbrella policy of \$10,000,000) and \$30,000,000 per occurrence for aviation related business. We retain the risk for the first \$25,000 per occurrence on the non-aviation related policy which includes airport wheelchair and electric cart operations, and \$5,000 on the aviation related policy except for \$25,000 for damage to aircraft and \$100,000 for skycap operations. Estimated accrued liabilities are based on specific reserves in connection with existing claims as determined by third party risk management consultants and actuarial factors and the timing of reported claims. These are all factored into estimated losses incurred but not yet reported to us.

Cumulative amounts estimated to be payable by us with respect to pending and potential claims for all years in which we are liable under our general liability retention and workers' compensation policies have been accrued as liabilities. Such accrued liabilities are necessarily based on estimates; accordingly, our ultimate liability may exceed or be less

than the amounts accrued. The methods of making such estimates and establishing the resultant accrued liability are reviewed continually and any adjustments resulting therefrom are reflected in our current results of operations.

6. Net Income per Common Share:

Under the requirements of FASB ASC 260-10, *Earnings Per Share*, the dilutive effect of our common shares that have not been issued, but that may be issued upon the exercise or conversion, as the case may be, of rights or options to acquire such common shares, is excluded from the calculation for basic earnings per share. Diluted earnings per share reflects the additional dilution that would result from the issuance of our common shares if such rights or options were exercised or converted, as the case may be, and is presented for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

**COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(Unaudited)**

7. Contingencies:

The nature of our business is such that there is a significant volume of routine claims and lawsuits that are made against us, the vast majority of which never lead to the award of substantial damages. We maintain general liability and workers' compensation insurance coverage that we believe is appropriate to the relevant level of risk and potential liability that we face, relating to these matters. Some of the claims brought against us could result in significant payments; however, the exposure to us under general liability is limited to the first \$25,000 per occurrence on the non-aviation, airport wheelchair and electric cart operations related claims and \$5,000 per occurrence on the aviation related claims except for \$25,000 for damage to aircraft and \$100,000 for skycap operations. Any punitive damage award would not be covered by the general liability insurance policy. The only other potential impact would be on future premiums, which may be adversely affected by an unfavorable claims history.

In addition to such cases, we have been named as a defendant in several uninsured employment related claims that are pending before various courts, the Equal Employment Opportunities Commission or various state and local agencies. We have instituted policies to minimize these occurrences and monitor those that do occur. At this time, we are unable to determine the impact on the financial position and results of operations that these claims may have, should the investigations conclude that they are valid.

We have employment agreements with certain of our officers and key employees with terms which range from one to three years. The agreements generally provide for annual salaries and for salary continuation for a specified number of months under certain circumstances, including a change in control of the Company.

In connection with the bankruptcy proceedings of one of our customers, on April 11, 2012, an action was filed against the Company in the United States Bankruptcy Court for Southern District of New York seeking the return of alleged preference payments made to the Company by the bankruptcy debtor in the amount of \$774,128. On May 17, 2012, the Company filed an answer and affirmative defenses. The Company intends to conduct a vigorous defense of this case.

8. Subsequent Event:

On July 17, 2012, the Company announced to its employees the upcoming consolidation and relocation of its corporate headquarters to Herndon, Virginia. Currently, the Company has three separate offices in Lagrangeville, New York; Parsippany, New Jersey and Rockville Centre, New York. The decision to consolidate and relocate was approved by the Board of Directors (the "Board") following a thorough review of recommendations made by a real estate consulting firm hired by the Company. The main reasons driving the decision are: (1) a desire to locate all corporate staff together for improved communication and process; (2) a desire to locate headquarters near a major transportation hub; (3) proximity to our strategic markets; (4) competitive office rents, operating expenses, personnel and living costs; and (5) a desire to locate in a strong population center to attract employees within the security industry. The Board believes this move will enhance the Company's financial and operational effectiveness and improve cohesiveness, cost-effectiveness and focus in the Company.

The Company is in the final stages of lease negotiations for the new space with an anticipated move date of November 1, 2012. While the Company is unable to determine the ultimate impact of the consolidation and relocation at this time, it estimates that initial costs could range from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, depending primarily on personnel decisions.

## **Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed financial statements and the related notes contained in this quarterly report.

### **Forward Looking Statements**

Certain of our statements contained in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of this quarterly report and, in particular, those under the heading "Outlook," contain forward-looking statements. The words "may," "will," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "plans," "intend" and "contingent" and the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology typically identify such statements. These statements are based on our management's current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industry in which we operate generally, and other beliefs of and assumptions made by our management, some or many of which may be incorrect. In addition, other written or verbal statements that constitute forward-looking statements may be made by us or on our behalf. While our management believes these statements are accurate, our business is dependent upon general economic conditions and various conditions specific to the industries in which we operate. Moreover, we believe that the current business environment is more challenging and difficult than it has been in the past several years, if not longer. Many of our customers, particularly those that are primarily involved in the aviation industry, are currently experiencing substantial financial and business difficulties. If the business of any substantial customer or group of customers fails or is materially and adversely affected by the current economic environment or otherwise, they may seek to substantially reduce their expenditures for our services. Any loss of business from our substantial customers could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements that we have made in this quarterly report. Further, other factors, including, but not limited to, those relating to the shortage of qualified labor, competitive conditions and adverse changes in economic conditions of the various markets in which we operate, could adversely impact our business, operations and financial condition and cause our actual results to fail to meet our expectations, as expressed in the forward-looking statements that we have made in this quarterly report. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that we may not be able to accurately predict. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any of these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

As provided for under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, we wish to caution shareholders and investors that the important factors under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to our fiscal year ended March 31, 2012 could cause our actual financial condition and results from operations to differ materially from our anticipated results or other expectations expressed in our forward-looking statements in this quarterly report.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Critical accounting policies are defined as those most important to the portrayal of a company's financial condition and results and that require the most difficult, subjective or complex judgments. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The estimates that we make include allowances for doubtful accounts, depreciation and amortization, income tax assets and insurance reserves. Estimates are based on historical experience, where applicable or other assumptions that management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. We have identified the policies described below as our critical accounting policies. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual results may differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Revenue Recognition

We record revenues as services are provided to our customers. Revenues consist primarily of aviation and security services, which are typically billed at hourly rates. These rates may vary depending on base, overtime and holiday time worked. Revenue for administrative services provided to other security companies are calculated as a percentage of the administrative service customer's revenue and are recognized when billings for the related security services are generated. Revenue is reported net of applicable taxes.

Accounts Receivable

We periodically evaluate the requirement for providing for billing adjustments and/or reflect the extent to which we will be able to collect our accounts receivable. We provide for billing adjustments where management determines that there is a likelihood of a significant adjustment for disputed billings. Criteria used by management to evaluate the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts include, among others, the creditworthiness of the customer, current trends, prior payment performance, the age of the receivables and our overall historical loss experience. Individual accounts are charged off against the allowance as management deems them to be uncollectible.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost and consist primarily of customer lists and borrowing costs that are being amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of three to ten years, and goodwill, which is reviewed annually for impairment. The life assigned to customer lists acquired is based on management's estimate of our expected customer attrition rate. The attrition rate is estimated based on historical contract longevity and management's operating experience. We test for impairment annually or when events and circumstances warrant such a review, if earlier. Any potential impairment is evaluated based on anticipated undiscounted future cash flows and actual customer attrition in accordance with FASB ASC 360, *Property, Plant and Equipment*.

Insurance Reserves

General liability estimated accrued liabilities are calculated on an undiscounted basis based on actual claim data and estimates of incurred but not reported claims developed utilizing historical claim trends. Projected settlements and incurred but not reported claims are estimated based on pending claims, historical trends and related data.

Workers' compensation annual premiums are based on the incurred losses as determined at the end of the coverage period, subject to minimum and maximum premiums. Estimated accrued liabilities are based on our historical loss experience and the ratio of claims paid to our historical payout profiles.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are based on income (loss) for financial reporting purposes and reflect a current tax liability (asset) for the estimated taxes payable (recoverable) in the current year tax return and changes in deferred taxes. Deferred tax assets or liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using enacted tax laws and rates. A valuation allowance is provided on deferred tax assets if it is determined that it is more likely than not that the asset will not be realized.

We recognize the effect of income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. Recognized income tax positions are measured at the largest amount that is greater than 50% likely of being realized. Changes in recognition or measurement are reflected in the period in which the change in judgment occurs. In the event that interest and/or penalties are assessed in connection with our tax filings, interest will be recorded as interest expense and penalties as selling, general and administrative expense. We did not have any unrecognized tax benefits as of June 30, 2012 and 2011.



### Stock Based Compensation

FASB ASC 718, Stock Compensation, requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the financial statements based on their fair values at grant date and the recognition of the related expense over the period in which the share-based compensation vests. We use the modified-prospective transition method. Under the modified-prospective transition method, we recognize compensation expense in our financial statements issued subsequent to the date of adoption for all share-based payments granted, modified or settled. Non-cash charges of \$123,352 and \$87,978 for stock based compensation have been recorded for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

### **Overview**

We principally provide uniformed security officers and aviation services to commercial, residential, financial, industrial, aviation and governmental customers through approximately 35 offices throughout the United States. In conjunction with providing these services, we assume responsibility for a variety of functions, including recruiting, hiring, training and supervising all operating personnel as well as paying such personnel and providing them with uniforms, fringe benefits and workers' compensation insurance.

Our customer-focused mission is to provide the best personalized supervision and management attention necessary to deliver timely and efficient security solutions so that our customers can operate in safe environments without disruption or loss. Technology underpins our efficiency, accuracy and dependability. We use a sophisticated software system that integrates scheduling, payroll and billing functions, giving customers the benefit of customized programs using the personnel best suited to the job.

Renewing and extending existing contracts and obtaining new contracts are crucial to our ability to generate revenues, earnings and cash flow. In addition, our growth strategy involves the acquisition and integration of complementary businesses in order to increase our scale within certain geographical areas, increase our market share in the markets in which we operate, gain market share in the markets in which we do not currently operate and improve our profitability. We intend to pursue suitable acquisition opportunities for contract security officer businesses. We frequently evaluate acquisition opportunities and, at any given time, may be in various stages of due diligence or preliminary discussions with respect to a number of potential acquisitions. However, we cannot assure you that we will identify any suitable acquisition candidates or, if identified, that we will be able to complete the acquisition of such candidates on favorable terms or at all.

The global security industry has grown largely due to an increasing fear of crime and terrorism. In the United States, the demand for security-related products and central station monitoring services also has grown steadily. We believe

that there is continued heightened attention to and demand for security due to worldwide events, and the ensuing threat, or perceived threat, of criminal and terrorist activities. For these reasons, we expect that security will continue to be a key area of focus both domestically in the United States and abroad.

Demand for security officer services is dependent upon a number of factors, including, among other things, demographic trends, general economic variables such as growth in the gross domestic product, unemployment rates, consumer spending levels, perceived and actual crime rates, government legislation, terrorism sensitivity, war/external conflicts and technology.

## **Results of Operations**

### **Revenues**

Our revenues increased by \$856,076, or 2.5%, to \$35,641,679 for the three months ended June 30, 2012 from \$34,785,603 in the corresponding period of the prior year. The increase in revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2012 was due mainly to: (i) expansion of services provided under a contract with a major transportation company of approximately \$600,000; (ii) expansion of aviation services with an existing customer at a domestic airport location of approximately \$390,000; (iii) a new contract with a large municipal agency which commenced during the fourth quarter of the prior fiscal year of approximately \$340,000; (iv) a new contract with an international air freight carrier at four domestic airport locations of approximately \$329,000 and (v) a new contract with a community college which commenced during the second half of the prior fiscal year of approximately \$126,000. The increase in revenues was partially offset by: (i) the previously reported loss of security services contracts for a technology company and a semiconductor equipment manufacturer's facility of approximately \$216,000; (ii) reductions in service hours and rates of approximately \$200,000 associated with the renewal of a contract with a major international carrier; (iii) the absence in the current period of a large airport construction contract of approximately \$190,000; (iv) reduction in service hours at a major hospital of approximately \$160,000 and (v) the loss of a service contract with a large international carrier in the fourth quarter of the prior fiscal year of approximately \$160,000.

### **Gross Profit**

Our gross profit decreased \$122,304, or 2.6%, to \$4,528,100 (12.7% of revenues) for the three months ended June 30, 2012, from \$4,650,404 (13.4% of revenues) in the corresponding period of the prior year. The decrease was due mainly to: (i) the loss of a security services contract with a semiconductor equipment manufacturer; (ii) reductions in service hours and rates associated with the renewal of a contract as noted above; (iii) the absence in the current period of a large airport construction contract; (iv) reduction in service hours at a major hospital and (v) the loss of a service contract with a large international carrier in the fourth quarter of last year. The decrease in gross profit was partially offset by: (i) increased revenues associated with an expansion of services provided under a contract with a major transportation company; (ii) expansion of services with an existing customer at a domestic airport location; (iii) a new contract with a large municipal agency; (iv) a new contract with an international air freight carrier at four domestic airport locations and (v) a new contract with a community college.

### **General and Administrative Expenses**

Our general and administrative expenses decreased by \$157,270, or 3.8%, to \$3,942,031 (11.1% of revenues) for the three months ended June 30, 2012, from \$4,099,301 (11.8% of revenues) in the corresponding period of the prior year.

The decrease in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2012 resulted primarily from lower executive salaries resulting mainly from the absence in the current year period of termination payments made to the former CEO in the prior year and reductions in Human Resources personnel. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was partially offset by higher consulting fees and accruals for unused vacation pay in the current year period.

**Provision for Doubtful Accounts**

The provision for doubtful accounts for the three months ended June 30, 2012 was comparable with the corresponding period of the prior year. The slight decrease in the provision for doubtful accounts for the three months ended June 30, 2012 related primarily to the timing and amounts of uncollectible accounts charged and/or credited to expense between the current and prior year period.

We periodically evaluate the requirement for providing for billing adjustments and/or credit losses on our accounts receivable. We provide for billing adjustments in cases where our management determines that there is a likelihood of a significant adjustment for disputed billings. Criteria used by management to evaluate the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts include, among others, the creditworthiness of the customer, current trends, prior payment performance, the age of the receivables and our overall historical loss experience. Individual accounts are charged off against the allowance for doubtful accounts as our management deems them to be uncollectible. We do not know if bad debts will increase in future periods nor do we believe that the decrease in the provision for doubtful accounts during the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared with the corresponding period of the prior year is indicative of a trend.

**Interest Income**

Interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2012 principally represents interest earned on cash balances and was comparable with the corresponding period of the prior year.

**Interest Expense**

Interest expense decreased by \$38,203, or 52.6%, to \$34,459 for the three months ended June 30, 2012, from \$72,662 in the corresponding period of the prior year. The decrease in interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2012 was due primarily to lower average outstanding borrowings under our credit agreement with Wells Fargo and reduced borrowing rates, described below.

**Asset Dispositions**

Asset dispositions result primarily from the sale of vehicles, office equipment and security equipment in the ordinary course of business at prices above or below book value.

The gains on asset dispositions for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 were primarily due to the disposition of transportation equipment at amounts in excess of their respective book values.

**Provision for income taxes**

Provision for income taxes increased by \$50,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2012 compared with the corresponding period of the prior year due mainly to the increase in our pre-tax earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and the loss of deferred tax assets resulting from the cancellation of stock options previously held by former employees.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

During fiscal 2012, we began paying employees and administrative service clients on a bi-weekly basis, except for one operating location at which employees are paid weekly, while customers generally pay for our services within approximately 60 days after we bill them. We maintain a commercial revolving loan arrangement, currently with Wells Fargo. We fund our payroll and operations primarily through borrowings under our \$20,000,000 credit facility with Wells Fargo (the "Credit Agreement"), described below under "Wells Fargo Revolving Credit Facility."

We principally use short-term borrowings under our Credit Agreement to fund our accounts receivable. Our short-term borrowings have supported the increase in accounts receivable associated with our organic growth. We intend to continue to use short-term borrowings to support our working capital requirements.

We believe that our existing funds, cash generated from operations, and existing sources of and access to financing are adequate to satisfy our working capital, capital expenditure and debt service requirements for the foreseeable future. However, we cannot assure you that this will be the case, and we may be required to obtain alternative or additional financing to maintain and expand our existing operations through the sale of our securities, an increase in the amount of available borrowings under our Credit Agreement, obtaining additional financing from other financial institutions or otherwise. The failure by us to obtain such financing, if needed, would have a material adverse effect upon our business, financial condition and results of operations.

### **Wells Fargo Revolving Credit Facility**

On February 12, 2009, we entered into a \$20,000,000 Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo. This credit facility, which was amended in October 2011 as described below, matures in October 2016, and contains customary affirmative and negative covenants, including, among other things, covenants requiring us to maintain certain financial ratios and is collateralized by customer accounts receivable and certain other assets of the Company as defined in the Credit Agreement.

The Credit Agreement provides for a letter of credit sub-line in an aggregate amount of up to \$3,000,000. The Credit Agreement also provides for interest to be calculated on the outstanding principal balance of the revolving loans at the Prime Rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus 1.50%. For LIBOR loans, interest will be calculated on the outstanding principal balance of the LIBOR loans at the LIBOR rate (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus 2.75% (see below).

On October 18, 2011, we entered into an amendment (the "Amendment") to our Credit Agreement. The Amendment (i) extends the term of the \$20,000,000 Credit Facility to October 2016, (ii) decreases the interest rate spreads on the outstanding principal balance of the revolving loans to LIBOR plus 1.75% and amends certain covenants including: (a) increasing the amount of capital expenditures that can be incurred in the aggregate during any fiscal year or in any one transaction and (b) permitting us to repurchase up to \$2,000,000 of our common stock subject to certain conditions.

As of June 30, 2012, the interest rate was 2.0% for LIBOR loans. At June 30, 2012, we had \$4,000,000 in LIBOR loans and \$202,807 under our letters of credit sub-line outstanding under the Credit Agreement, representing approximately 30% of the maximum borrowing capacity under the Credit Agreement based on our "eligible accounts receivable" (as defined under the Credit Agreement) as of such date.

We rely on our revolving loan from Wells Fargo which contains a fixed charge covenant and various other financial and non-financial covenants. If we breach a covenant, Wells Fargo has the right to immediately request the repayment in full of all borrowings under the Credit Agreement, unless Wells Fargo waives the breach. For the three months ended June 30, 2012, we were in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Agreement.

### Other Borrowings

During the three months ended June 30, 2012, we decreased our LIBOR borrowings by \$1,000,000 and decreased our insurance borrowing by \$1,096,465.

We may obtain short-term premium financing to assist with meeting our annual property and casualty insurance needs. At June 30, 2012, we had \$734,486 of short-term insurance financing outstanding. We have no additional lines of credit other than as described above.

#### Investments and Capital Expenditures

We have no material commitments for capital expenditures at this time.

#### Working Capital

Our working capital increased by \$519,844, or 4.7%, to \$11,475,938 as of June 30, 2012, from \$10,956,094 as of March 31, 2012.

We experienced checks issued in advance of deposits (defined as checks drawn in advance of future deposits) of \$793,913 at June 30, 2012, compared with \$884,095 at March 31, 2012. Cash balances, book overdrafts and payroll and related expenses can fluctuate materially from day to day depending on such factors as collections, timing of billing and payroll dates, and are covered via advances from the revolving loan as checks are presented for payment.



## **Outlook**

### **Strategic Initiatives**

Our Board of Directors and management have initiated a number of strategic actions to improve the Company's performance. Craig P. Coy joined the Company as Chief Executive Officer on January 3, 2012, as previously announced. Following Mr. Coy's appointment, we began implementing strategic initiatives designed to further increase efficiencies across the organization and lower the overall cost structure. Key elements of these initiatives include:

The consolidation of our corporate offices and streamlining of our management structure to integrate all of our functions into a common platform and use resources more efficiently.

Renewed focus on operational performance, including managing overtime, to improve our operating margins and service delivery capabilities.

Strategic new hires in the human resources and sales departments, bringing on board a new Vice President of Human Resources and a new Vice President of Sales and Marketing and expanding our sales and marketing team with the hiring of additional sales executives to maximize our marketing opportunities.

Reviews of our market position and product and service offerings to ensure that "best in breed" capabilities are brought to market.

These strategic initiatives may result in future costs related to severance and other employee-related matters, litigation risks and expenses, and other costs. While the Company is unable to determine the ultimate impact of the consolidation and relocation of our corporate offices at this time, it estimates that initial costs could range from \$1.0 to \$2.0 million, depending primarily on personnel decisions.

### **Financial Results**

Our future revenues will largely depend on our ability to gain additional business from new and existing customers in our security officer and aviation services divisions at acceptable margins, while minimizing terminations of contracts with existing customers. In addition, our growth strategy involves the acquisition and integration of complementary businesses to increase our scale within certain geographical areas, capture market share in the markets in which we operate, enter new markets and improve our profitability. We intend to pursue acquisition opportunities for contract security officer businesses. Our ability to complete future acquisitions will depend on our ability to identify suitable acquisition candidates, negotiate acceptable terms for their acquisition and, if necessary, finance those acquisitions. Our security services division continues to experience organic growth over recent quarters and over the past few years, as demand for our security services has steadily increased. Our current focus is on increasing our revenues, as our sales and marketing team and branch managers' work to develop new business and retain profitable contracts. However, several of our airline and security services customers have reduced capacity within their systems, which typically results in reductions of service hours provided by us to such customers. Also, competition from other security services companies impacts our ability to gain or maintain sales, gross margins and/or employees. Since

September 11, 2001, the Department of Homeland Security and the Transportation Security Administration have implemented numerous security measures that affect airline operations, including expanded cargo and baggage screening, and are likely to implement additional measures in the future. Additional measures taken to enhance either passenger or cargo security procedures in the future may increase the airline industry's demand for third party services provided by us. Additionally, our aviation services division is continually subject to such government regulation, which has adversely affected us in the past with the federalization of the pre-board screening services and the document verification process at several of our domestic airport locations.

Our gross profit margin decreased during the three months ended June 30, 2012 to 12.7% of revenues, compared with 13.4% during the corresponding period of the prior year. We expect our gross profit margins to average between 13.0% and 14.0% of revenue in fiscal 2013 based on current business conditions. We expect gross profit to remain under pressure due primarily to continued price competition, including competition from companies that have substantially greater financial and other resources than we have. However, we expect these effects will be moderated by continued operational efficiencies resulting from better management and leveraging of our cost structures, improved workers' compensation experience ratings, workflow process efficiencies associated with our integrated financial software system and higher contributions from our continuing new business development.

Our cost reduction program is expected to reduce certain of our operating and general and administrative expenses. Additional cost reduction opportunities are being identified and will be pursued as they are determined.

Our security services division generated approximately \$22.2 million or 62.4% of our total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2012. One security services customer accounted for approximately \$8.7 million or 24.4% of our total revenues during the three months ended June 30, 2012. The loss of this customer or any material reduction in business from this customer would materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our aviation services division generated approximately \$13.4 million or 37.6% of our total revenues in the three months ended June 30, 2012. The aviation industry continues to face various financial and other challenges, including the cost of security and higher fuel prices. Additional bankruptcy filings by aviation and non-aviation customers could have a material adverse impact on our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

As noted earlier, on February 12, 2009, we entered into a \$20,000,000 Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo, which was amended on October 18, 2011, as described above. As of the close of business on August 3, 2012, our cash availability was approximately \$10,350,000, which we believe is sufficient to meet our needs for the foreseeable future barring any increase in reserves imposed by Wells Fargo. We believe that existing funds, cash generated from operations, and existing sources of and access to financing are adequate to satisfy our working capital, planned capital expenditures and debt service requirements for the foreseeable future, barring any increase in reserves imposed by Wells Fargo. However, we cannot assure you that this will be the case, and we may be required to obtain alternative or additional financing to maintain and expand our existing operations through the sale of our securities, an increase in the amount of available borrowings under our Credit Agreement, obtaining additional financing from other financial institutions or otherwise. The financial markets generally, and the credit markets in particular, continue to be volatile, both in the United States and in other markets worldwide. The current market situation has resulted generally in substantial reductions in available loans to a broad spectrum of businesses, increased scrutiny by lenders of the credit-worthiness of borrowers, more restrictive covenants imposed by lenders upon borrowers under credit and similar agreements and, in some cases, increased interest rates under commercial and other loans. If we require alternative or additional financing at this or any other time, we cannot assure you that such financing will be available upon commercially acceptable terms or at all. If we fail to obtain additional financing when and if required by us, our business, financial condition and results of operations would be materially adversely affected.



### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

During the three months ended June 30, 2012, we did not hold a portfolio of securities instruments for either trading or speculative purposes. Periodically, we hold securities instruments for other than trading purposes. Due to the short-term nature of our investments, we believe that we have no material exposure to changes in the fair value as a result of market fluctuations.

We are exposed to market risk in connection with changes in interest rates, primarily in connection with outstanding balances under our revolving line of credit with Wells Fargo, which was entered into for purposes other than trading purposes. Based on our average outstanding balances during the three months ended June 30, 2012, a 1% change in the prime and/or LIBOR lending rates could impact our financial position and results of operations by approximately \$34,000 over the remainder of our fiscal year ending March 31, 2013. For additional information on the revolving line of credit with Wells Fargo, see “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources –Wells Fargo Revolving Credit Facility.”

Reference is made to Item 2 of Part I of this quarterly report, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Forward Looking Statements.”

### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

We maintain “disclosure controls and procedures”, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

We believe that a control system, no matter how well designed and operated, cannot provide absolute assurance that the objectives of the control system are met, and no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within a company have been detected. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that such controls and procedures are effective at the reasonable assurance level.

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation and subject to the foregoing, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2012. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our first quarter of fiscal 2013 ended June 30, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

See our discussion under Note 7 “Contingencies” to the Notes to Condensed Financial Statements included in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which is incorporated herein by reference.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

There have been no changes to our risk factors from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended March 31, 2012.

### **Item 6. Exhibits**

#### **(a) Exhibits**

Exhibit 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Exhibit 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COMMAND SECURITY CORPORATION

Date: August 13, 2012 By: /s/ Craig P. Coy

Craig P. Coy  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Barry I. Regenstein  
Barry I. Regenstein  
President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)