

BLUM DONALD W
Form 4
February 21, 2018

FORM 4

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0287
Expires: January 31, 2005
Estimated average burden hours per response... 0.5

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person *
BLUM DONALD W

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol
PROVIDENT FINANCIAL SERVICES INC [PFS]

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer

(Check all applicable)

(Last) (First) (Middle)
239 WASHINGTON STREET
(Street)

3. Date of Earliest Transaction (Month/Day/Year)
02/19/2018

____ Director _____ 10% Owner
 Officer (give title below) _____ Other (specify below)
EVP/CLO of Provident Bank

JERSEY CITY, NJ 07302

4. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line)
 Form filed by One Reporting Person
____ Form filed by More than One Reporting Person

(City) (State) (Zip)

Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned

1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Ownership (Instr. 4)
				(A) or (D) Code V Amount (D) Price			
Common Stock	02/19/2018		F	287 D \$ 25.93	64,832	D	
Common Stock					6,409 ⁽¹⁾	I	By 401(k)
Common Stock					18,075 ⁽¹⁾	I	By ESOP

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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SEC 1474 (9-02)

number.

Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned
(e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of Derivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4, and 5)	6. Date Exercisable and Expiration Date (Month/Day/Year)	7. Title and Amount of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)	8. Price or Value of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)
Stock Options	\$ 10.4					02/03/2010 02/03/2019	Common Stock	8,090
Stock Options	\$ 10.4					02/03/2012 02/03/2019	Common Stock	2,417

Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships			
	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other
BLUM DONALD W 239 WASHINGTON STREET JERSEY CITY, NJ 07302			EVP/CLO of Provident Bank	

Signatures

/s/ Leonard G. Gleason, Pursuant to Power of Attorney
Date: 02/21/2018

**Signature of Reporting Person

Date

Explanation of Responses:

* If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).

** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).

- (1) Reflects transactions not required to be reported pursuant to Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- (2) Stock options have fully vested.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, see Instruction 6 for procedure.

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121,734

--

	917,344
Real estate held for sale and investment	--
	91,358
	324,053
	--
	415,411
Goodwill, net	--
	123,033
	18,666
	--
	141,699
Intangible assets, net	--
	56,845
	16,398
	--
	73,243
Other assets	4,469
	26,672
	11,893
	--
	43,034

Investments in subsidiaries and advances to (from) parent

	1,147,857
	368,633
)	(123,167
)	(1,393,323
	--

Total assets

	\$
	1,168,177
	\$
	1,690,729
	\$
	469,338
	\$
)	(1,393,323
	\$
	1,934,921

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses

	\$
	5,655
	\$
	200,895
	\$
	153,802
	\$
	--
	\$
	360,352

Explanation of Responses:

Income taxes payable	34,708
	-
	-
	--
	34,708
Long-term debt due within one year	--
	15,050
	61,894
	--
	76,944
Total current liabilities	40,363
	215,945
	215,696
	--
	472,004
Long-term debt	390,000
	42,712
	101,815
	--
	534,527
Other long-term liabilities	2,088
Explanation of Responses:	5

	102,485
	63,558
	--
	168,131
Deferred income taxes	
	54,354
	--
	--
	--
	54,354
Minority interest in net assets of consolidated subsidiaries	
	--
	--
	--
	24,533
	24,533
Total stockholders' equity	
	681,372
	1,329,587
	88,269
)	(1,417,856)
	681,372
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	
	\$
	1,168,177

\$
1,690,729

\$
469,338

\$
(1,393,323

)

\$
1,934,921

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet
As of July 31, 2007
(in thousands)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ --	\$ 225,952	\$ 4,867	\$ --	\$ 230,819
Restricted cash	--	11,437	43,312	--	54,749
Trade receivables, net	--	41,804	1,753	--	43,557
Inventories, net	--	9,805	38,259	--	48,064
Other current assets	15,056	13,545	5,847	--	34,448
Total current assets	15,056	302,543	94,038	--	411,637
Property, plant and equipment, net	--	784,458	101,468	--	885,926
Real estate held for sale and investment	--	86,837	270,749	--	357,586
Goodwill, net	--	123,033	18,666	--	141,699
Intangible assets, net	--	57,087	16,420	--	73,507
Other assets	4,646	24,225	9,897	--	38,768
Investments in subsidiaries and advances to (from) parent	1,206,709	337,716	(82,219)	(1,462,206)	--
Total assets	\$1,226,411	\$1,715,899	\$429,019	\$(1,462,206)	\$1,909,123
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 12,718	\$ 161,456	\$107,605	\$ --	\$ 281,779
Income taxes payable	37,441	--	--	--	37,441
Long-term debt due within one year	--	49	328	--	377
Total current liabilities	50,159	161,505	107,933	--	319,597
Long-term debt	390,000	57,724	146,009	--	593,733
Other long-term liabilities	--	108,582	73,248	--	181,830
Deferred income taxes	72,213	--	--	--	72,213
Minority interest in net assets of consolidated subsidiaries	--	--	--	27,711	27,711
Total stockholders' equity	714,039	1,388,088	101,829	(1,489,917)	714,039
	\$1,226,411	\$1,715,899	\$429,019	\$(1,462,206)	\$1,909,123

Explanation of Responses:

Total liabilities and
stockholders' equity

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet
As of October 31, 2006
(in thousands)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents \$	--	\$ 108,569	\$ 8,742	\$ --	\$ 117,311
Restricted cash	--	16,341	4,013	--	20,354
Trade receivables, net	--	23,150	4,382	--	27,532
Inventories, net	--	8,587	48,036	--	56,623
Other current assets	12,676	23,590	2,816	--	39,082
Total current assets	12,676	180,237	67,989	--	260,902
Property, plant and equipment, net	--	788,984	67,518	--	856,502
Real estate held for sale and investment	--	165,788	135,993	--	301,781
Goodwill, net	--	118,475	17,336	--	135,811
Intangible assets, net	--	57,518	16,734	--	74,252
Other assets	5,179	26,536	14,022	--	45,737
Investments in subsidiaries and advances to (from) parent	1,002,008	(483,368)	(58,742)	(459,898)	--
Total assets	\$ 1,019,863	\$ 854,170	\$ 260,850	\$ (459,898)	\$ 1,674,985
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 10,630	\$ 192,742	\$ 65,118	\$ --	\$ 268,490
Income taxes payable	14,913	73	--	--	14,986
Long-term debt due within one year	--	44	386	--	430
Total current liabilities	25,543	192,859	65,504	--	283,906
Long-term debt	390,000	57,726	95,264	--	542,990
Other long-term liabilities	16	126,507	39,223	--	165,746
Deferred income taxes	--	46,877	82	--	46,959
Put option liabilities	--	1,245	--	--	1,245
Minority interest in net assets of consolidated subsidiaries	--	--	29,835	--	29,835
Total stockholders' equity	604,304	428,956	30,942	(459,898)	604,304
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,019,863	\$ 854,170	\$ 260,850	\$ (459,898)	\$ 1,674,985

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations
For the three months ended October 31, 2007
(in thousands)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Total net revenue	\$ --	\$ 74,771	\$ 25,936	\$ (2,820)	\$ 97,887
Total operating expense	(193)	118,267	34,799	(2,782)	150,091
Income (loss) from operations	193	(43,496)	(8,863)	(38)	(52,204)
Equity investment income, net	--	1,969	--	--	1,969
Other (expense) income, net	(6,760)	15,508	(1,292)	38	7,494
Minority interest in loss of consolidated subsidiaries, net	--	--	--	2,063	2,063
Loss before income taxes	(6,567)	(26,019)	(10,155)	2,063	(40,678)
Benefit from income taxes	2,594	13,474	--	--	16,068
Net loss before equity in (loss) income of consolidated subsidiaries	(3,973)	(12,545)	(10,155)	2,063	(24,610)
Equity in (loss) income of consolidated subsidiaries	(20,637)	--	--	20,637	--
Net (loss) income	\$ (24,610)	\$ (12,545)	\$ (10,155)	\$ 22,700	\$ (24,610)

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations
For the three months ended October 31, 2006
(in thousands)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminating Entries	Consolidated
Total net revenue	\$ --	\$ 75,962	\$ 39,295	\$ (1,763)	\$ 113,494
Total operating expense	2,995	121,376	41,747	(1,763)	164,355
Loss from operations	(2,995)	(45,414)	(2,452)	--	(50,861)
Equity investment income, net	--	835	--	--	835
Other expense, net	(6,757)	(2,675)	(1,046)	--	(10,478)
Minority interest in loss of consolidated subsidiaries, net	--	--	1,790	--	1,790
Loss before income taxes	(9,752)	(47,254)	(1,708)	--	(58,714)
Benefit from income taxes	3,803	19,051	45	--	22,899
Net loss before equity in (loss) income of consolidated subsidiaries	(5,949)	(28,203)	(1,663)	--	(35,815)
Equity in (loss) income of consolidated subsidiaries	(29,866)	--	--	29,866	--
Net (loss) income	\$ (35,815)	\$ (28,203)	\$ (1,663)	\$ 29,866	\$ (35,815)

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows
For the three months ended October 31, 2007
(in thousands)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (30,154)	\$ 21,315	\$ (8,426)	\$ (17,265)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures	--	(29,499)	(22,791)	(52,290)
Other investing activities, net	--	187	336	523
Net cash used in investing activities	--	(29,312)	(22,455)	(51,767)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repurchases of common stock	(11,698)	--	--	(11,698)
Net (payments) proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt	--	(17,266)	34,626	17,360
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	863	--	--	863
Other financing activities, net	1,422	(139)	(3,551)	(2,268)
Advances (to) from affiliates	39,567	(39,567)	--	--
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	30,154	(56,972)	31,075	4,257
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	--	(64,969)	194	(64,775)
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning of period	--	225,952	4,867	230,819
End of period	\$ --	\$ 160,983	\$ 5,061	\$ 166,044

Supplemental Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows
For the three months ended October 31, 2006
(in thousands)

	Parent Company	100% Owned Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other Subsidiaries	Consolidated
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (16,714)	\$ (10,004)	\$ (26,042)	\$ (52,760)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures	--	(27,737)	(821)	(28,558)
Other investing activities, net	--	(59)	148	89
Net cash used in investing activities	--	(27,796)	(673)	(28,469)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repurchases of common stock	--	(7,500)	--	(7,500)
Proceeds from borrowings under long-term debt	--	19,577	22,462	42,039
Payments of long-term debt	--	(23,586)	(6,261)	(29,847)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	2,324	--	--	2,324
Other financing activities, net	968	453	(1,691)	(270)
Advances (to) from affiliates	13,422	(22,573)	9,151	--
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	16,714	(33,629)	23,661	6,746
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	--	(71,429)	(3,054)	(74,483)
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning of period	--	179,998	11,796	191,794
End of period	\$ --	\$ 108,569	\$ 8,742	\$ 117,311

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 31, 2007 ("Form 10-K") and the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements as of October 31, 2007 and 2006 and for the three months then ended, included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q, which provide additional information regarding the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company. To the extent that the following Management's Discussion and Analysis contains statements which are not of a historical nature, such statements are forward-looking statements which involve risks and uncertainties. These risks include, but are not limited to those discussed in this Form 10-Q and in the Company's other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including the risks described in Item 1A of Part I of the Form 10-K.

Management's Discussion and Analysis includes discussion of financial performance within each of the Company's segments. The Company has chosen to specifically address the non-GAAP measures, Reported EBITDA (defined as segment net revenue less segment operating expense, plus or minus segment equity investment income or loss) and Net Debt (defined as long-term debt plus long-term debt due within one year less cash and cash equivalents), in the following discussion because management considers these measurements to be significant indications of the Company's financial performance and available capital resources. The Company utilizes Reported EBITDA in evaluating performance of the Company and in allocating resources to its segments. Refer to the end of the Results of Operations section for a reconciliation of Reported EBITDA to net income (loss). Management also believes that Net Debt is an important measurement as it is an indicator of the Company's ability to obtain additional capital resources for its future cash needs. Refer to the end of the Results of Operations section for a reconciliation of Net Debt.

Reported EBITDA and Net Debt are not measures of financial performance or liquidity under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Items excluded from Reported EBITDA and Net Debt are significant components in understanding and assessing financial performance or liquidity. Reported EBITDA and Net Debt should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to, or substitute for, net income (loss), cash flows generated by operating, investing or financing activities or other financial statement data presented in the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements as indicators of financial performance or liquidity. Because Reported EBITDA and Net Debt are not measurements determined in accordance with GAAP and are thus susceptible to varying calculations, Reported EBITDA and Net Debt as presented may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

OVERVIEW

The Company's operations are grouped into three integrated and interdependent segments: Mountain, Lodging and Real Estate. The Mountain segment is comprised of the operations of five ski resort properties as well as ancillary businesses, primarily including ski school, dining and retail/rental operations. Mountain segment revenue is seasonal in nature, the majority of which is earned in the Company's second and third fiscal quarters. Operations within the Lodging segment include (i) ownership/management of a group of seven luxury hotels through the RockResorts International, LLC ("RockResorts") brand, including four proximate to the Company's ski resorts, (ii) the ownership/management of non-RockResorts branded hotels and condominiums proximate to the Company's ski resorts, (iii) Grand Teton Lodge Company ("GTLC") and (iv) golf courses. The Real Estate segment is involved with the development of property in and around the Company's resort properties.

The Company's first fiscal quarter is a seasonally low period as the Company's ski operations are generally not open for business until mid-November, which falls in the Company's second fiscal quarter. Additionally, many of the Company's lodging properties experience similar seasonal trends. As a result, the Company generally incurs

significant losses in the Resort (Mountain and Lodging segments combined) segment during the first fiscal quarter.

Revenue of the Mountain segment during the first fiscal quarter is primarily generated from summer and group related visitation at the Company's five mountain resorts, as well as SSI Venture, LLC's ("SSV") retail operations.

Revenue of the Lodging segment during the Company's first fiscal quarter is generated primarily by the operations of GTLC (as GTLC's peak operating season occurs during the summer months), as well as golf operations and seasonally low operations from the Company's other owned and managed properties. In addition, the Company's lodging properties benefit from increased corporate group business in early fall. Performance of the lodging properties at or around the Company's ski resorts are closely aligned with the performance of the Mountain segment, particularly with respect to visitation by out-of-state and international guests. Revenue from hotel management operations is generated through management fees based upon the revenue of the individual hotel properties within the Company's RockResorts and non-branded RockResorts portfolio, and to the extent that these managed properties are not proximate to the Company's ski resorts, they are more subject to the seasonality of those individual hotels and trends within the overall travel industry.

The Company's Real Estate segment primarily engages in both the vertical development of projects and the sale of land to third-party developers, which generally includes the retention of some involvement and control in the infrastructure, development, oversight and design of the projects and a contingent revenue structure based on the ultimate sale of the developed units. The Company attempts to mitigate the risk of vertical development by utilizing guaranteed maximum price construction contracts (although certain construction costs may not be covered by contractual limitations), pre-selling all or a portion of the project, requiring significant non-refundable deposits and obtaining non-recourse financing for certain projects. The Company's real estate development projects also may result in the creation of certain resort assets that provide additional benefit to the Resort (Mountain and Lodging) segment. The Company's Real Estate revenue and associated expense fluctuate based upon the timing of closings and the type of real estate being sold, thus increasing the volatility of Real Estate operating results from period to period. In the near-term, the majority of Real Estate revenue is expected to be generated from vertical development projects that are currently under construction, in which revenue and related cost of sales will be recorded at the time of real estate closings.

Recent Trends, Risks and Uncertainties

Together with those risk factors identified in the Company's Form 10-K the Company's management has identified the following important factors (as well as risks and uncertainties associated with such factors) that could impact the Company's future financial performance:

The timing and amount of snowfall has an impact on skier visits. To mitigate this impact, the Company focuses efforts on sales of season passes prior to the beginning of the season to In-State skiers, who are the most weather sensitive visitors to the Company's ski resorts. Additionally, the Company has invested in snowmaking upgrades in an effort to address the inconsistency of early season snowfall where possible. Season pass revenue, although primarily collected prior to the ski season, is recognized in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations throughout the ski season. Deferred revenue related to season pass sales was \$54.8 million and \$53.0 million as of October 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

- Consistent with prior years, the Company has raised prices on its season pass products and plans to raise prices on most of its other lift ticket products for the 2007/2008 ski season and therefore continues to charge some of the highest prices in the industry. While pricing increases historically have not reduced demand, there can be no assurances that demand will remain price inelastic.
- In March 2006, RockResorts was notified by the ownership of Cheeca Lodge & Spa, formerly a RockResorts managed property, that its management agreement was being terminated effective immediately. RockResorts believed that the termination was in violation of the management agreement and sought monetary damages, and recovery of attorney's fees and costs. Pursuant to the dispute resolution provisions of the management agreement,

the disputed matter went before a single judge arbitrator at the JAMS Arbitration Tribunal in Chicago, Illinois. On February 28, 2007, the arbitrator rendered a decision, awarding \$8.5 million in damages in favor of RockResorts and against Cheeca Holdings, LLC (“Cheeca Holdings”) and recovery of costs and attorney’s fees to be determined in the last stage of the proceedings. Prior to the ruling by the arbitrator in the last stage of the proceeding, the Company reached a comprehensive settlement with Cheeca Holdings which included the damages, attorney’s fees and expenses. On October 19, 2007 RockResorts received payment of the final settlement from Cheeca Holdings in the amount of \$13.5 million, of which \$11.9 million (net of final attorney fees) is recorded in “contract dispute credit (charges), net” in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations.

- Real Estate Reported EBITDA is highly dependent on, among other things, the timing of closings on real estate under contract. Changes to the anticipated timing of closing on one or more real estate projects could materially impact Real Estate Reported EBITDA for a particular quarter or fiscal year. Additionally, the magnitude of real estate projects currently under development or contemplated could result in a significant increase in Real Estate Reported EBITDA as these projects close. For example, the Company expects to close on The Arrabelle at Vail Square (“Arrabelle”) during the year ending July 31, 2008 and expects to close on The Lodge at Vail Chalets during the fourth fiscal quarter in the year ending July 31, 2008 and the first fiscal quarter in the year ending July 31, 2009, and will recognize the revenue and related cost of sales for these projects at closing. The Company has entered into definitive sales contracts with a value of approximately \$393 million related to these projects. In addition, the Company will place in service significant resort-related depreciable assets in conjunction with these developments including a new RockResorts hotel, two private mountain clubs, spas and commercial space.
- The Company has several real estate projects across its resorts under development and has identified additional projects for development. While the current instability in the capital markets and slowdown in the national real estate market have not, to date, materially impacted the Company’s real estate development, the Company does have elevated risk associated with the selling and/or financing (including an expected increase to pricing spreads on non-recourse financings) of its real estate projects as a result of the current economic climate. These risks surrounding the Company’s real estate developments are mitigated by the fact that the Company’s projects include a relatively low number of luxury and ultra luxury units situated at the base of its resorts, which are unique with a relatively low supply of developable land. Additionally, the Company’s real estate projects must meet the Company’s high pre-sale requirements, which include substantial non-refundable deposits, before significant development begins. The Company has not experienced any cancellations on its existing sales contracts to date; however, there is no guarantee that a sustained downward trend in the capital and real estate markets would not materially impact the Company’s real estate development activities or operating results.
- The Company had \$166.0 million in cash and cash equivalents as of October 31, 2007 with no borrowings under the revolver component of its credit facilities and expects to generate additional cash from operations, including future closures on real estate vertical development projects. The Company is currently evaluating how to utilize its excess cash, including any combination of the following strategic options: increase real estate investment for further development; increase resort capital expenditures; pursue strategic acquisitions; repurchase additional common stock of the Company (see Note 11, Stock Repurchase Plan, of the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements for more information regarding the Company’s stock repurchase plan); pay cash dividends; or payoff outstanding debt. The Company believes its debt generally has favorable fixed interest rates and is long-term in nature. Additionally, the Company’s Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2005, as amended, between The Vail Corporation (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company), Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent and the Lenders party thereto (the “Credit Agreement”) underlying the Company’s senior credit facility (the “Credit Facility”) and the Indenture, dated as of January 29, 2004 among the Company, the guarantors therein and the Bank of New York, as Trustee (“Indenture”), governing the Senior Subordinated Notes due 2014 (“6.75% Notes”), limit the Company’s ability to pay dividends, repurchase stock and pay off certain of its debt, including its 6.75% Notes. Subsequent to October 31, 2007, the Company has repurchased an additional \$13.9 million of its common stock.
- During the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended July 31, 2007, the Company entered into an agreement with Peninsula Advisors, LLC (“Peninsula”) for the negotiation and mutual acquisition of The Canyons ski resort (“The Canyons”) and the land underlying The Canyons. On July 15, 2007, American Skiing Company (“ASC”) entered into an agreement to sell The Canyons to Talisker Corporation and Talisker Canyons Finance Company, LLC (together

“Talisker”). On July 27, 2007, the Company filed a complaint in the District Court in Colorado against Peninsula and Talisker claiming, among other things, breach of contract by Peninsula and intentional interference with contractual relations and prospective business relations by Talisker and seeking damages, specific performance and injunctive relief. On October 19, 2007, the Company’s request for a preliminary injunction to prevent the closing of the acquisition by Talisker of The Canyons from ASC was denied. On November 8, 2007, Talisker filed an answer to the Company’s complaint along with three counterclaims. On November 12, 2007, Peninsula filed a motion to dismiss and for partial summary judgment. The Company believes that these claims and motions are without merit. The Company is unable to predict the ultimate outcome of the above described actions. The Company incurred legal expenses related to The Canyons litigation of approximately \$2.5 million in the three months ended October 31, 2007.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Summary

Due to the seasonality of the Company’s operations, the Company normally incurs net losses during the first fiscal quarter, as shown below (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended	
	October 31,	
	2007	2006
Mountain Reported EBITDA	\$(36,442)	\$(32,488)
Lodging Reported EBITDA	2,081	4,059
Resort Reported EBITDA	(34,361)	(28,429)
Real Estate Reported EBITDA	5,121	804
Total Reported EBITDA	(29,240)	(27,625)
Loss before benefit from income taxes	(40,678)	(58,714)
Net loss	\$(24,610)	\$(35,815)

Although Total Reported EBITDA for the three months ended October 31, 2007 decreased by \$1.6 million compared to the three months ended October 31, 2006, loss before benefit from income taxes improved \$18.0 million due to a \$15.5 million increase in contract dispute credit, net related to the favorable settlement of the Cheeca dispute, a \$1.3 million decrease in interest expense, net and a \$1.2 million increase in investment income.

Presented below is more detailed comparative data and discussion regarding the Company’s results of operations for the three months ended October 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended October 31, 2006.

Mountain Segment

Mountain segment operating results for the three months ended October 31, 2007 and 2006 are presented by category as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Percentage	
	October 31,		Increase	
	2007	2006	(Decrease)	
Lift tickets	\$ --	\$ --	--	%
Ski school	--	--	--	%
Dining	4,762	3,887	22.5	%
Retail/rental	23,540	24,518	(4.0)	%
Other	14,234	17,759	(19.8)	%
	42,536	46,164	(7.9)	%

Total Mountain net revenue				
Total Mountain operating expense	80,947	79,487	1.8	%
Mountain equity investment income, net	1,969	835	135.8	%
Total Mountain Reported EBITDA	\$(36,442)	\$(32,488)	(12.2)	%

Total Mountain Reported EBITDA includes \$1.1 million and \$1.0 million of stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended October 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The Company's first fiscal quarter historically results in negative Mountain Reported EBITDA, as the Company's ski resorts generally do not open for ski operations until the Company's second fiscal quarter. The first fiscal quarter consists primarily of fixed expenses plus summer business and retail/rental operations.

Total Mountain net revenue decreased primarily as a result of the disposition in April 2007 of the Company's investment in RTP, LLC ("RTP"). Prior year results included \$3.4 million of revenue (recorded in "Other") from the operations of RTP which were partially offset by increased dining revenues as a result of the acquisition of two licensed Starbucks stores and dining for on-mountain group business. Additionally, retail/rental revenues were negatively impacted by lower sales volumes primarily during current year fall sales events compared to the prior year.

Mountain operating expense in the three months ended October 31, 2007 was negatively impacted by \$2.3 million of legal costs associated with The Canyons litigation, while the three months ended October 31, 2006 included RTP expenses which no longer exist in the current fiscal year due the Company's disposal of its investment in RTP. Excluding these two items, expenses would have increased by 2.5% for the three months ended October 31, 2007, compared to the three months ended October 31, 2006, which was primarily due to variable costs associated with increases in dining revenue and higher costs associated with the operations of 18 Breeze Ski Rental locations acquired in June 2007.

Mountain equity investment income, net favorably impacted the three months ended October 31, 2007, compared to the three months ended October 31, 2006, due to strong results from the Company's real estate brokerage joint venture due to a significant amount of real estate closings proximate to the Company's Vail and Beaver Creek resorts.

Lodging Segment

Lodging segment operating results for the three months ended October 31, 2007 and 2006 are presented by category as follows (in thousands except average daily rates ("ADR") and revenue per available room ("RevPAR")):

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Percentage Increase (Decrease)	
	2007	2006		
Total Lodging net revenue	\$43,317	\$40,408	7.2	%
Total Lodging operating expense	41,236	36,349	13.4	%
Total Lodging Reported EBITDA	\$ 2,081	\$ 4,059	(48.7)	%

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ADR	\$ 157.91	\$ 149.94	5.3	%
RevPAR	\$ 63.97	\$ 55.25	15.8	%

Total Lodging Reported EBITDA includes \$0.3 million of stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended October 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Total Lodging net revenue for the three months ended October 31, 2006 included the recognition of \$2.4 million of revenue associated with the termination of the management agreement at The Lodge at Rancho Mirage (pursuant to the terms of the management agreement) with the closing of the hotel as part of a redevelopment plan by the current hotel owner. Excluding this termination fee, Lodging segment net revenue would have increased 14.0%, which was driven by a 12.7% increase in conference and group room nights, primarily at GTLC and Keystone lodging properties. Additionally, golf revenue increased \$1.2 million primarily resulting from improvements made at the Company's Jackson Hole Golf & Tennis Club ("JHG&TC") and Beaver Creek Golf Club.

Operating expense increased in the three months ended October 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended October 31, 2006 due to higher food and beverage cost of sales of \$1.2 million associated with the strong conference and group business, additional National Park Service fees of \$1.1 million incurred by GTLC resulting from a new concession contract which became effective January 2007, start-up expenses of \$0.7 million associated with The Arrabelle at Vail Square hotel which is expected to open in January 2008 and other variable operating cost associated with higher occupancy rates.

Real Estate Segment

Real Estate segment operating results for the three months ended October 31, 2007 and 2006 are presented by category as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Percentage Increase (Decrease)	
	2007	2006		
Total Real Estate net revenue	\$ 12,034	\$ 26,922	(55.3)	%
Total Real Estate operating expense	6,913	26,118	(73.5)	%
Total Real Estate Reported EBITDA	\$ 5,121	\$ 804	536.9	%

Real Estate Reported EBITDA includes \$0.6 million of stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended October 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The Company's Real Estate operating revenue is primarily determined by the timing of closings and the mix of real estate sold in any given period. Different types of projects have different revenue and expense volumes and margins; therefore, as the real estate inventory mix changes it can greatly impact Real Estate segment net revenue and operating expense, and, to a lesser degree, Real Estate Reported EBITDA.

The Company is currently in the development stage for several major real estate projects, including Arrabelle, The Lodge at Vail Chalets, Crystal Peak Lodge and The Ritz-Carlton Residences, Vail, among other projects. Real Estate segment net revenue for the three months ended October 31, 2007 was driven primarily by contingent gains on development parcel sales that closed in previous periods. Operating expense for the three months ended October 31, 2007 primarily consists of marketing expenses for the major real estate projects under development, increased overhead costs such as labor and benefits associated with the expanded real estate infrastructure to support the

increased vertical development and allocated corporate costs.

Real Estate segment net revenue in the three months ended October 31, 2006 was driven primarily by the closing of the Mountain Thunder Lodge and Gore Creek Place developments, the sale of land together with certain related infrastructure improvements in Red Sky Ranch and Breckenridge to third-party developers and contingent gains on development parcel sales that closed in previous periods. Operating expense included cost of sales commensurate with revenue recognized, as well as marketing expenses, overhead costs such as labor and benefits and professional services fees. In addition, the Company recorded \$1.4 million of incremental charges during the three months ended October 31, 2006 for construction costs (including estimates to complete) on the JHG&TC cabins that have design and construction issues.

Other Items

In addition to segment operating results, the following material items contributed to the Company's overall financial position.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended October 31, 2007 decreased primarily as a result of a decrease in accelerated depreciation and amortization of approximately \$0.9 million recorded in the three months ended October 31, 2006 for certain assets which were retired in advance of their previously estimated useful lives and accelerated amortization associated with certain intangible assets related to a terminated management agreement. The average annualized depreciation rate for the three months ended October 31, 2007 and 2006 was 7.1% and 7.5%, respectively.

Relocation and separation charges. In February 2006, the Company announced a plan to relocate its corporate headquarters, and the plan was approved by the Company's Board of Directors in April 2006. The relocation process (which also includes the consolidation of certain other operations of the Company) was completed as of July 31, 2007. The Company recorded \$0.7 million of relocation charges in the three months ended October 31, 2006.

Investment income. The Company invests excess cash in short-term investments, as permitted under the Company's Credit Agreement and Indenture. The increase in investment income for the three months ended October 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended October 31, 2006 is due to significant increases in average invested cash balances.

Interest expense, net. The Company's primary sources of interest expense are the 6.75% Notes, the Credit Facility, incorporating unused commitment fees and letter of credit fees related to the \$300 million revolving credit facility thereunder, the outstanding \$57.7 million of industrial development bonds and the series of bonds issued to finance the construction of employee housing facilities. Interest expense decreased \$1.3 million for the three months ended October 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended October 31, 2006, due primarily to an increase in capitalized interest associated with significant ongoing real estate and related resort development. The Company has incurred additional interest expense for borrowings under real estate project specific financing, of which all has been capitalized to the projects.

Contract dispute credit (charges), net. In March 2006, RockResorts was notified by the ownership of Cheeca Lodge & Spa, formerly a RockResorts managed property, that its management agreement was being terminated effective immediately. RockResorts believed that the termination was in violation of the management agreement and sought monetary damages, and recovery of attorney's fees and costs. Pursuant to the dispute resolution provisions of the management agreement, the disputed matter went before a single judge arbitrator at the JAMS Arbitration Tribunal in Chicago, Illinois. On February 28, 2007, the arbitrator rendered a decision, awarding \$8.5 million in damages in favor of RockResorts and against Cheeca Holdings and recovery of costs and attorney's fees to be determined in the last stage of the proceedings. Prior to the ruling by the arbitrator in the last stage of the proceeding, the Company reached a comprehensive settlement with Cheeca Holdings which included the damages, attorney's fees and expenses. On

October 19, 2007, RockResorts received payment of the final settlement from Cheeca Holdings in the amount of \$13.5 million, of which \$11.9 million (net of final attorney fees) is recorded in “contract dispute credit (charges), net” in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations.

Income taxes. The effective tax rate for the three months ended October 31, 2007 and 2006 was 39.5% and 39.0%, respectively. The interim period effective tax rate is primarily driven by the amount of anticipated pre-tax book income for the full fiscal year and an estimate of the amount of non-deductible items for tax purposes. Additionally, the income tax benefit recorded in the three months ended October 31, 2007 reflects the reversal of a previously recorded liability in the amount of \$0.7 million associated with unrecognized tax benefits that were determined to be realizable due to a settlement reached with state tax authorities (see Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, of the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements for more information regarding this settlement).

The Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) has completed its examination of the Company’s tax returns for tax years 2001 through 2003 and has issued a report of its findings. The examiner’s primary finding is the disallowance of the Company’s position to remove the restrictions under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of approximately \$73.8 million of net operating losses (“NOLs”). These restricted NOLs relate to fresh start accounting from the Company’s reorganization in 1992. The Company has appealed the examiner’s disallowance of these NOLs to the Office of Appeals. However, if the Company is unsuccessful in its appeals process, it will not negatively impact the Company’s financial position or results of operations.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP measures

The following table reconciles from segment Reported EBITDA to net loss (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended	
	October 31,	
	2007	2006
Mountain Reported EBITDA	\$(36,442)	\$(32,488)
Lodging Reported EBITDA	2,081	4,059
Resort Reported EBITDA	(34,361)	(28,429)
Real Estate Reported EBITDA	5,121	804
Total Reported EBITDA	(29,240)	(27,625)
Depreciation and amortization	(20,761)	(21,585)
Relocation and separation charges	--	(735)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(234)	(81)
Investment income	3,218	2,063
Interest expense, net	(7,644)	(8,936)
Contract dispute credit (charges), net	11,920	(3,605)
Minority interest in loss of consolidated subsidiaries, net	2,063	1,790
Loss before benefit from income taxes	(40,678)	(58,714)
Benefit from income taxes	16,068	22,899
Net loss	\$(24,610)	\$(35,815)

The following table reconciles Net Debt (defined as long-term debt plus long-term debt due within one year less cash and cash equivalents) (in thousands):

	October 31,	
	2007	2006
Long-term debt	\$534,527	\$542,990
	76,944	430

Long-term debt due within one year		
Total debt	611,471	543,420
Less: cash and cash equivalents	166,044	117,311
Net debt	\$445,427	\$426,109

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Significant Sources of Cash

Historically, the Company's first fiscal quarter is seasonally low for cash and cash equivalents on hand as the Company's ski resorts generally do not open for ski operations until mid-November and the Company is incurring fixed costs in the first quarter as well as incurring Resort capital expenditures and investments in real estate. In total, the Company used \$64.8 million and \$74.5 million of cash in the three months ended October 31, 2007 and October 31, 2006, respectively. Cash used in operating activities improved \$35.5 million for the three months ended October 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended October 31, 2006, and was primarily attributable to improved changes in assets and liabilities of \$37.6 million, due to a reduction in restricted cash balances of \$11.9 million which became available for general purpose use, increased deferred real estate deposits of \$20.9 million and the timing of payables and receivables, partially offset by an increase in investments in real estate of \$9.3 million. Additionally, the receipt of the Cheeca settlement resulted in a net increase of \$15.5 million in cash, which was offset by lower non-cash cost of real estate sales. The improvement noted in operating activities above was offset by an increase in resort capital expenditures of \$23.7 million (cash used in investing activities) for the three months ended October 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended October 31, 2006.

In addition to the Company's \$166.0 million of cash and cash equivalents at October 31, 2007, the Company has available \$226.2 million under its Credit Facility (which represents the total commitment of \$300 million less certain letters of credit outstanding of \$73.8 million). As of October 31, 2007 and 2006, total long-term debt (including long-term debt due within one year) was \$611.5 million and \$543.4 million, respectively, with the increase at October 31, 2007 being due to Non-Recourse Real Estate Financings related to the Company's vertical development projects. Net Debt (defined as long-term debt plus long-term debt due within one year less cash and cash equivalents) increased from \$426.1 million as of October 31, 2006 to \$445.4 million as of October 31, 2007 due to the increase in borrowings under the Company's Non-Recourse Real Estate Financings partially offset by the increase in cash and cash equivalents. The Company believes it is in a good position to take advantage of potential strategic options as further discussed below, as the Company has significant cash and cash equivalents on hand and no revolver borrowings under its Credit Facility.

The Company expects that its liquidity needs in the near term will be met by continued utilization of operating cash flows (including a significant amount of cash to be generated from anticipated real estate closing), through borrowings under construction loan agreements entered into by the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, and borrowings, if necessary, under the Credit Facility. The Company is also seeking to enter into non-recourse financings on certain other real estate projects, such as The Ritz-Carlton Residences, Vail.

The Company is currently evaluating how to use its excess cash, including a combination of the following strategic options: increase resort capital expenditures, increase real estate investment for further development, pursue strategic acquisitions, payoff outstanding debt and/or return value to stockholders, including the repurchase of additional common stock of the Company. The Company's debt generally has favorable fixed interest rates and is long-term in nature. The Company's Credit Facility and the Indenture limit the Company's ability to make investments or distributions, including the payment of dividends and/or the repurchase of the Company's common stock, and the pay off of certain of its debt, including its 6.75% Notes.

Significant Uses of Cash

The Company's cash needs typically include providing for operating expenditures, debt service requirements and capital expenditures for both assets to be used in operations as well as real estate development projects. In addition, the Company expects it will incur significant cash income tax payments (generally expected to approximate its statutory income tax rate) in the near future due to the improved operating results, the limitations on the usage of NOLs generated in prior periods (subject to the appeal of the IRS ruling described above) and a decline in tax benefits resulting from stock option exercises. Historically, the Company had not been a significant cash income tax payer.

The Company expects to spend approximately \$275 million to \$295 million in calendar year 2007 for real estate development projects, including the construction of associated resort-related depreciable assets, of which \$224 million was spent as of October 31, 2007, leaving approximately \$51 million to \$71 million to spend in the remainder of calendar year 2007. The Company has entered into contracts with third parties to provide construction-related services to the Company throughout the course of construction for these projects; commitments for future services to be performed over the next several years under such current contracts total approximately \$334 million. The primary projects are expected to include continued construction and development costs, as well as planning and infrastructure costs associated with planned development projects in and around each of the Company's resorts. The Company expects investments in real estate will be higher than historical levels for the foreseeable future as the Company continues its vertical development efforts. The Company has not finalized its real estate development plans for calendar year 2008. As noted above, the Company obtained non-recourse financing to fund construction of The Arrabelle at Vail Square and The Lodge at Vail Chalets projects. The Company is also seeking to utilize similar financing arrangements for certain other development projects, such as The Ritz-Carlton Residences, Vail. In addition to utilizing project-specific financing, the Company also pre-sells units requiring deposits in a proposed development prior to committing to the completion of the development.

The Company has historically invested significant cash in capital expenditures for its resort operations, and expects to continue to invest significant cash in the future. The Company evaluates additional capital improvements based on expected strategic impacts and/or expected return on investment. The Company currently anticipates it will spend approximately \$97 million to \$102 million of resort capital expenditures for calendar year 2007 excluding projects arising from real estate activities noted above, of which \$75 million was spent as of October 31, 2007, leaving approximately \$22 million to \$27 million to spend in the remainder of calendar year 2007. This overall resort capital investment will allow the Company to maintain its high quality standards and make incremental discretionary improvements at the Company's five ski resorts and throughout its hotels. Included in these capital expenditures are approximately \$38 million to \$40 million which are necessary to maintain appearance and level of service appropriate to the Company's resort operations, including routine replacement of snow grooming equipment and rental fleet equipment. Discretionary expenditures for calendar 2007 include a new Beaver Creek children's gondola; replacement and realignment of two chairlifts with high-speed chairlifts at Vail; a new high-speed chairlift at Heavenly; an expanded spa at The Keystone Lodge, room renovations at The Lodge at Vail; and upgrades to the Company's central reservations, marketing database and e-commerce booking systems, among other projects. The Company has not finalized its specific resort capital plan for calendar year 2008. The Company currently plans to utilize cash flow from operations and cash on hand to provide the cash necessary to execute its capital plan.

Principal payments on the vast majority of the Company's long-term debt (\$489.4 million of the total \$611.5 million debt outstanding as of October 31, 2007) are not due until fiscal 2013 and beyond. Excluding payments of amounts due under non-recourse real estate financing which will be made utilizing proceeds from the applicable real estate closings, the Company has \$17.6 million of principal payments due over the next five fiscal years.

The Company's debt service requirements can be impacted by changing interest rates as the Company had \$157.0 million of variable-rate debt outstanding as of October 31, 2007. A 100-basis point change in LIBOR would cause the Company's annual interest payments to change by approximately \$1.6 million. The fluctuation in the Company's debt

service requirements, in addition to interest rate changes, may be impacted by future borrowings under its Credit Facility or other alternative financing arrangements, including non-recourse real estate financings, it may enter into. The Company's long term liquidity needs are dependent upon operating results that impact the borrowing capacity under the Credit Facility, which can be mitigated by adjustments to capital expenditures, flexibility of investment activities and the ability to obtain favorable future financing. The Company manages changes in the business and economic environment by managing its capital expenditures and real estate development activities.

On March 9, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors approved the repurchase of up to 3,000,000 shares of common stock. During the three months ended October 31, 2007, the Company repurchased 232,504 shares of common stock at a cost of \$11.7 million. Since inception of this stock repurchase plan, the Company has repurchased 906,004 shares at a cost of approximately \$37.5 million, as of October 31, 2007. As of October 31, 2007, 2,093,996 shares remained available to repurchase under the existing repurchase authorization. Subsequent to October 31, 2007, the Company repurchased 273,879 additional shares at a cost of approximately \$13.9 million. Shares of common stock purchased pursuant to the repurchase program will be held as treasury shares and may be used for the issuance of shares under the Company's employee share award plans. Acquisitions under the share repurchase program will be made from time to time at prevailing prices as permitted by applicable laws, and subject to market conditions and other factors. The timing as well as the number of shares that may be repurchased under the program will depend on a number of factors including the Company's future financial performance, the Company's available cash resources and competing uses for cash that may arise in the future, the restrictions in the Credit Facility and in the Indenture, prevailing prices of the Company's common stock and the number of shares that become available for sale at prices that the Company believes are attractive. The stock repurchase program may be discontinued at any time and is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's capitalization.

Covenants and Limitations

The Company must abide by certain restrictive financial covenants under its Credit Facility and the Indenture. The most restrictive of those covenants include the following Credit Facility covenants: Net Funded Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio, Minimum Net Worth and the Interest Coverage ratio (each as defined in the Credit Agreement). In addition, the Company's financing arrangements, including the Indenture, limit its ability to incur certain indebtedness, make certain restricted payments, enter into certain investments, make certain affiliate transfers and may limit its ability to enter into certain mergers, consolidations or sales of assets. The Company's borrowing availability under the Credit Facility is primarily determined by the Net Funded Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio, which is based on the Company's segment operating performance, as defined in the Credit Agreement.

The Company was in compliance with all relevant covenants in its debt instruments as of October 31, 2007. The Company expects it will meet all applicable financial maintenance covenants in its Credit Agreement, including the Net Funded Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio throughout the year ending July 31, 2008. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will meet such financial covenants. If such covenants are not met, the Company would be required to seek a waiver or amendment from the banks participating in the Credit Facility. While the Company anticipates that it would obtain such waiver or amendment, if any were necessary, there can be no assurance that such waiver or amendment would be granted, which could have a material adverse impact on the liquidity of the Company.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have off balance sheet transactions that are expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial condition, revenues, expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Except for any historical information contained herein, the matters discussed in this Form 10-Q contain certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements relate to analyses and other information available as of the date hereof, which are based on forecasts of future results and estimates of amounts not yet determinable. These statements also relate to our contemplated future prospects, developments and business strategies.

These forward-looking statements are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "predict," "project," "will" and similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions. Although we believe that our plans, intentions and expectations reflected in or suggested by such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you that such plans, intentions or expectations will be achieved. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- *economic downturns;*
- *terrorist acts upon the United States;*
 - *threat of or actual war;*
 - *unfavorable weather conditions;*
- *our ability to obtain financing on terms acceptable to us to finance our real estate investments, capital expenditures and growth strategy;*
 - *our ability to continue to grow our resort and real estate operations;*
 - *competition in our mountain and lodging businesses;*
 - *our ability to hire and retain a sufficient seasonal workforce;*
- *our ability to successfully initiate and/or complete real estate development projects and achieve the anticipated financial benefits from such projects;*
- *implications arising from new Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB")/governmental legislation, rulings or interpretations;*
- *our reliance on government permits or approvals for our use of federal land or to make operational improvements;*
 - *our ability to integrate and successfully operate future acquisitions; and*
 - *adverse consequences of current or future legal claims.*

All forward-looking statements attributable to us or any persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements.

If one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or if underlying assumptions prove incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from those expected, estimated or projected. Given these uncertainties, users of the information included in this Form 10-Q, including investors and prospective investors, are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are made only as of the date hereof. Except as may be required by law, the Company does not intend to update these forward-looking statements, even if new information, future events or other circumstances have made them incorrect or misleading.

Readers are also referred to the risk factors identified in the Company's Form 10-K.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

Interest Rate Risk. The Company's exposure to market risk is limited primarily to the fluctuating interest rates associated with variable rate indebtedness. At October 31, 2007, the Company had \$157.0 million of variable rate indebtedness, representing 25.7% of the Company's total debt outstanding, at an average interest rate during the three months ended October 31, 2007 of 6.5%. Based on variable-rate borrowings outstanding as of October 31, 2007, a 100-basis point (or 1.0%) change in LIBOR would have caused the Company's annual interest payments to change by \$1.6 million. The Company's market risk exposure fluctuates based on changes in underlying interest rates.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management of the Company, under the supervision and with participation of the Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”), have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Act”) as of the end of the period covered by this report on Form 10-Q.

Based upon their evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, the CEO and the CFO concluded that the disclosure controls are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure and are effective to provide reasonable assurance that such information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC's rules and forms.

The Company, including its CEO and CFO, does not expect that the Company's internal controls and procedures will prevent or detect all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived or operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this Form 10-Q that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Canyons Ski Resort Litigation

On July 27, 2007, the Company filed a complaint and motion for a temporary restraining order in the matter *Vail Resorts, Inc. v. Peninsula Advisors, LLC et al.*, Case No. 07CV7264, District Court, City and County of Denver, Colorado, seeking damages, specific performance and injunctive relief. On October 19, 2007, the Company's request for a preliminary injunction to prevent the closing of the acquisition by Talisker Corporation and Talisker Finance Co, LLC (together “Talisker”) of ASC Utah, Inc. the owner of The Canyons Ski Resort in Utah, from American Skiing Company pursuant to a purchase agreement was denied. On November 8, 2007, Talisker filed an answer to the Company's complaint along with three counterclaims. On November 12, 2007, Peninsula Advisors, LLC filed a motion to dismiss and for partial summary judgment. The Company believes that these claims and motions are without merit.

On September 4, 2007, the Company filed a Motion to Intervene in *Peninsula Advisors, LLC v. Wolf Mountain Resorts, L.C. et al*, Civil No. 070500397 Third District Court, Summit County, Utah, in which Peninsula Advisors, LLC is seeking to enforce the transfer by Wolf Mountain Resorts, L.C. of the land underlying The Canyons. The Company's motion was heard on November 26, 2007.

The Company is unable to predict the ultimate outcome of the above described actions.

Refer to Note 9, Commitments and Contingencies, of the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements regarding the Cheeca contract dispute.

Explanation of Responses:

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

There have been no material changes from risk factors previously disclosed in Item 1A to Part I of the Company's Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.*Repurchase of equity securities*

The following table summarizes the purchase of the Company's equity securities during the first quarter of the year ending July 31, 2008:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (1)
August 1, 2007 – August 31, 2007	232,504	\$ 50.31	232,504	2,093,996
September 1, 2007 - September 30, 2007	--	--	--	2,093,996
October 1, 2007 - October 31, 2007	--	--	--	2,093,996
Total	232,504	\$ 50.31	232,504	

(1) On March 9, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors approved the repurchase of up to 3,000,000 shares of common stock. Acquisitions under the share repurchase program will be made from time to time at prevailing prices as permitted by applicable laws, and subject to market conditions and other factors. The stock repurchase program may be discontinued at any time.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

The following exhibits are either filed herewith or, if so indicated, incorporated by reference to the documents indicated in parentheses, which have previously been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Exhibit Number	Description	Sequentially Numbered Page
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Vail Resorts, Inc., dated January 5, 2005 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 on Form 10-Q of Vail Resorts, Inc. for the quarter ended January 31, 2005).	
3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 on Form 8-K of Vail Resorts, Inc. filed on September 28, 2007).	
4.1(a)	Indenture, dated as of January 29, 2004, among Vail Resorts, Inc., the guarantors therein and the Bank of New York as Trustee (Including Exhibit A, Form of Global Note). (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 on Form 8-K of Vail Resorts, Inc. filed on February 2, 2004.)	
4.1(b)	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 10, 2006 to Indenture dated as of January 29, 2004 among Vail Resorts, Inc., as Issuer, the Guarantors named therein, as Guarantors, and The Bank of New York, as Trustee. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.34 on Form 10-Q of Vail Resorts, Inc. for the quarter ended January 31, 2006.)	
4.1(c)	Form of Global Note. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 on Form 8-K of Vail Resorts, Inc. filed February 2, 2004.)	
10.1	Form of Stock Option Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 on Form 10-K of Vail Resorts, Inc. for the year ended July 31, 2007).	
10.2	Form of Restricted Share [Unit] Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 on Form 10-K of Vail Resorts, Inc. for the year ended July 31, 2007).	
10.3	Form of Share Appreciation Rights Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 on Form 10-K of Vail Resorts, Inc. for the year ended July 31, 2007).	
10.4	Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2007, by and between Vail Resorts Development Company and Keith Fernandez (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 on Form 8-K of Vail Resorts, Inc. filed on August 8, 2007).	
10.5	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of September 26, 2007, by and between Vail Resorts, Inc. and Jeffrey W. Jones.	15
10.6	Vail Resorts, Inc. Management Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Schedule 14A of Vail Resorts, Inc. as filed on October 26, 2007).	
10.7	Summary of Vail Resorts, Inc. Director Compensation, effective October 15, 2007.	19
31.1	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	20
31.2	Certifications of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	21
32	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	22

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: December 10, 2007

Vail Resorts, Inc.

By:

/s/ Jeffrey W. Jones
Jeffrey W. Jones
Senior Executive Vice
President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Chief Accounting Officer and
Duly Authorized Officer)