

LHC Group, Inc  
Form 10-Q  
May 03, 2018  
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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 001-33989

LHC GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 71-0918189  
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer  
incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

901 Hugh Wallis Road South

Lafayette, LA 70508

(Address of principal executive offices including zip code)

(337) 233-1307

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company   
Emerging growth company

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If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Number of shares of common stock, par value \$0.01, outstanding as of April 30, 2018: 32,833,591 shares.

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## PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

## LHC GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Amounts in thousands, except share data)

|   | March 31,<br>2018 | December<br>31,<br>2017 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|
|   | (Unaudited)       |                         |
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                   |                         |
| Current assets:   |                   |                         |
| Cash  | \$ 9,345          | \$ 2,849                |
| Receivables:  |                   |                         |
| Patient accounts receivable   | 168,079           | 161,898                 |
| Other receivables   | 4,377             | 3,163                   |
| Amounts due from governmental entities  | 830               | 830                     |
| Total receivables   | 173,286           | 165,891                 |
| Prepaid income taxes  | 4,548             | 7,006                   |
| Prepaid expenses  | 12,868            | 13,042                  |
| Other current assets  | 8,302             | 12,177                  |
| Total current assets  | 208,349           | 200,965                 |
| Property, building and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$46,195 and \$43,565, respectively                              | 46,249            | 46,453                  |
| Goodwill  | 396,642           | 392,601                 |
| Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$13,482 and \$13,041, respectively   | 134,842           | 134,610                 |
| Other assets  | 19,241            | 19,073                  |
| Total assets  | \$ 805,323        | \$ 793,702              |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>   |                   |                         |
| Current liabilities:  |                   |                         |
| Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities  | \$ 51,803         | \$ 39,750               |
| Salaries, wages, and benefits payable   | 56,497            | 44,747                  |
| Self-insurance reserve  | 13,598            | 12,450                  |
| Current portion of long-term debt   | 222               | 286                     |
| Amounts due to governmental entities  | 4,008             | 5,019                   |
| Total current liabilities   | 126,128           | 102,252                 |
| Deferred income taxes   | 25,540            | 27,466                  |
| Revolving credit facility   | 125,000           | 144,000                 |
| Total liabilities   | 276,668           | 273,718                 |
| Noncontrolling interest — redeemable  | 13,888            | 13,393                  |
| Stockholders' equity:   |                   |                         |
| LHC Group, Inc. stockholders' equity:   |                   |                         |
| Preferred stock — \$0.01 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued or outstanding   | —                 | —                       |
| Common stock — \$0.01 par value; 40,000,000 shares authorized; 22,811,147 and 22,640,046 shares issued in 2018 and 2017, respectively | 228               | 226                     |
| Treasury stock — 4,947,276 and 4,890,504 shares at cost, respectively   | (45,716 )         | (42,249 )               |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 126,348           | 126,490                 |
| Retained earnings   | 369,396           | 364,401                 |
| Total LHC Group, Inc. stockholders' equity  | 450,256           | 448,868                 |
| Noncontrolling interest — non-redeemable  | 64,511            | 57,723                  |

|                              |            |            |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Total equity                 | 514,767    | 506,591    |
| Total liabilities and equity | \$ 805,323 | \$ 793,702 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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LHC GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
 (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)  
 (Unaudited)

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |            |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|
|   | 2018                            | 2017       |
| Net service revenue   | \$291,054                       | \$244,249  |
| Cost of service revenue   | 188,618                         | 154,370    |
| Gross margin  | 102,436                         | 89,879     |
| General and administrative expenses                                       | 92,031                          | 72,011     |
| Operating income  | 10,405                          | 17,868     |
| Interest expense  | (1,450 )                        | (780 )     |
| Income before income taxes and noncontrolling interest                    | 8,955                           | 17,088     |
| Income tax expense  | 977                             | 5,173      |
| Net income  | 7,978                           | 11,915     |
| Less net income attributable to noncontrolling interests                  | 2,983                           | 2,448      |
| Net income attributable to LHC Group, Inc.'s common stockholders          | \$4,995                         | \$9,467    |
| Earnings per share attributable to LHC Group, Inc.'s common stockholders: |                                 |            |
| Basic   | \$0.28                          | \$0.54     |
| Diluted   | \$0.28                          | \$0.53     |
| Weighted average shares outstanding:                                      |                                 |            |
| Basic   | 17,789,863                      | 17,643,463 |
| Diluted   | 18,039,345                      | 17,817,880 |

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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LHC GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
 (Amounts in thousands, except share data)  
 (Unaudited)

|   | Common Stock |            | Treasury   |           | Additional | Retained  | Noncontrolling | Total     |
|---|--------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
|   | Issued       | Shares     | Amount     | Shares    | Paid-In    | Earnings  | Interest Non   | Equity    |
|   | Amount       |            |            |           | Capital    |           | Redeemable     |           |
| Balance as of December 31, 2017                             | \$226        | 22,640,046 | \$(42,249) | 4,890,504 | \$126,490  | \$364,401 | \$ 57,723      | \$506,591 |
| Net income (1)  | —            | —          | —          | —         | —          | 4,995     | 597            | 5,592     |
| Acquired noncontrolling interest                            | —            | —          | —          | —         | —          | —         | 1,235          | 1,235     |
| Noncontrolling interest distributions                       | —            | —          | —          | —         | —          | —         | (615 )         | (615 )    |
| Sale of noncontrolling interest                             | —            | —          | —          | —         | (2,029 )   | —         | 5,583          | 3,554     |
| Purchase of additional controlling interest                 | —            | —          | —          | —         | (44 )      | —         | (12 )          | (56 )     |
| Nonvested stock compensation                                | —            | —          | —          | —         | 1,601      | —         | —              | 1,601     |
| Issuance of vested stock                                    | 2            | 165,567    | —          | —         | (2 )       | —         | —              | —         |
| Treasury shares redeemed to pay income tax                  | —            | —          | (3,467 )   | 56,772    | —          | —         | —              | (3,467 )  |
| Issuance of common stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan | —            | 5,534      | —          | —         | 332        | —         | —              | 332       |
| Balance as of March 31, 2018                                | \$228        | 22,811,147 | \$(45,716) | 4,947,276 | \$126,348  | \$369,396 | \$ 64,511      | \$514,767 |

Net income excludes net income attributable to noncontrolling interest-redeemable of \$2.4 million during the three (1) months ending March 31, 2018. Noncontrolling interest-redeemable is reflected outside of permanent equity on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. See Note 9 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.



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LHC GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
 (Amounts in thousands)  
 (Unaudited)

|   | Three Months<br>Ended<br>March 31, |           |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------|
|   | 2018                               | 2017      |
| Operating activities:   |                                    |           |
| Net income  | \$7,978                            | \$11,915  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                                    |           |
| Depreciation and amortization expense   | 3,293                              | 3,190     |
| Stock-based compensation expense  | 1,601                              | 1,581     |
| Deferred income taxes   | (1,926 )                           | 475       |
| (Loss) gain on disposal of assets   | (187 )                             | 152       |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:                 |                                    |           |
| Receivables   | (7,111 )                           | 2,028     |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets   | 3,881                              | (2,413 )  |
| Prepaid income taxes  | 2,458                              | —         |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses   | 24,859                             | 18,524    |
| Income taxes payable  | —                                  | 164       |
| Net amounts due to/from governmental entities                                     | (1,011 )                           | (985 )    |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   | 33,835                             | 34,631    |
| Investing activities:   |                                    |           |
| Purchases of property, building and equipment                                     | (2,551 )                           | (2,523 )  |
| Cash paid for acquisitions, primarily goodwill and intangible assets              | (2,770 )                           | (449 )    |
| Advanced payments on acquisitions   | —                                  | (4,487 )  |
| Net cash used in investing activities   | (5,321 )                           | (7,459 )  |
| Financing activities:   |                                    |           |
| Proceeds from line of credit  | 13,000                             | 5,000     |
| Payments on line of credit  | (32,000)                           | (14,000 ) |
| Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan  | 332                                | 256       |
| Payments on debt  | (64 )                              | (65 )     |
| Noncontrolling interest distributions   | (3,086 )                           | (2,391 )  |
| Withholding taxes paid on stock-based compensation                                | (3,467 )                           | (2,569 )  |
| Purchase of additional controlling interest                                       | (55 )                              | —         |
| Sale of noncontrolling interest   | 3,322                              | 114       |
| Net cash (used in) financing activities   | (22,018)                           | (13,655 ) |
| Change in cash  | 6,496                              | 13,517    |
| Cash at beginning of period   | 2,849                              | 3,264     |
| Cash at end of period   | \$9,345                            | \$16,781  |
| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:                                |                                    |           |
| Interest paid   | \$1,397                            | \$721     |
| Income taxes paid   | \$792                              | \$4,580   |
| See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.            |                                    |           |



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LHC GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Organization

LHC Group, Inc. (the “Company”) is a health care provider specializing in the post-acute continuum of care. The Company provides home health services, hospice services, community-based services, and facility-based services, the latter primarily through long-term acute care hospitals (“LTACHs”). As of March 31, 2018, the Company, through its wholly- and majority-owned subsidiaries, equity joint ventures, controlled affiliates, and management agreements, operated 446 service providers in 27 states within the continental United States.

Unaudited Interim Financial Information

The condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the three months ended March 31, 2018, condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, and related notes (collectively, these financial statements are referred to as the “interim financial statements” and together with the related notes are referred to herein as the “interim financial information”) have been prepared by the Company. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”) have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted from the interim financial information presented. This report should be read in conjunction with the Company’s consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017. The report was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) on March 1, 2018, and includes information and disclosures not included herein.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Critical Accounting Policies

The Company’s most critical accounting policies relate to the principles of consolidation and revenue recognition.

Principles of Consolidation

The interim financial information includes all subsidiaries and entities controlled by the Company through direct ownership of majority interest or controlling member ownership of such entities. Third party equity interests in the consolidated joint ventures are reflected as noncontrolling interests in the Company’s interim financial information. See Note 9 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following table summarizes the percentage of net service revenue earned by type of ownership or relationship the Company had with the operating entity:

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| Ownership type            | Three Months<br>Ended<br>March 31, |        |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|
|                           | 2018                               | 2017   |
| Wholly-owned subsidiaries | 48.7 %                             | 54.2 % |
| Equity joint ventures     | 48.7                               | 44.1   |
| Other                     | 2.6                                | 1.7    |
|                           | 100.0%                             | 100.0% |

All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the Company's accompanying interim financial information. Business combinations accounted for under the acquisition method have been included in the interim financial information from the respective dates of acquisition.

The Company consolidates equity joint venture entities as the Company has controlling interests in the entities, has voting control over these entities, or has ability to exercise significant influence in the entities. The members of the Company's equity joint ventures participate in profits and losses in proportion to their equity interests. The Company also consolidates entities which have license leasing arrangements as the Company owns 100% of the equity of these subsidiaries.

The Company has various management services agreements under which the Company manages certain operations of agencies. The Company does not consolidate these agencies because the Company does not have an ownership interest in, nor does it have an obligation to absorb losses of, or right to receive benefits from the entities that own the agencies.

**Revenue Recognition****Basis of Presentation**

The Company adopted ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, ("ASU 2014-09") on January 1, 2018 on a full retrospective basis, which required the Company to present the prior comparable period as adjusted. The adoption of the standard did not have a material impact on the Company's interim financial statements. The Company did not adjust the opening balance of retained earnings to account for the implementation of the requirements of this standard as there are no timing differences related to the recognition of implicit price concessions as part of net service revenue. All amounts previously classified as provision for bad debts are now classified as implicit price concessions in determining the transaction price of the Company's net service revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company recorded \$4.9 million of implicit price concessions as a direct reduction of net service revenue that would have been recorded as provision for bad debts prior to the adoption of ASU 2014-09. Additionally, as of March 31, 2018, the Company recorded \$26.0 million as a direct reduction of accounts receivable that would have been reflected as allowance for doubtful accounts prior to the adoption of ASU 2014-09.

Adoption of the standard impacted the Company's previously reported results as follows (amounts in thousands):

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|   | As<br>previously<br>reported<br>As of December 31, 2017 | Adjustment<br>for ASU<br>2014-09 | As<br>adjusted |
|---|---|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets                               |   |                                  |                |
| Patient accounts receivable   | \$ 161,898  | \$ —                             | \$ 161,898     |
| Allowance for uncollectible accounts                                | 23,556  | (23,556)                         | —              |
| Three Months Ended March 31,<br>2017                                |   |                                  |                |
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income:                        |   |                                  |                |
| Net service revenue   | 246,618   | (2,369 )                         | 244,249        |
| Provision for bad debts   | 2,369   | (2,369 )                         | —              |
| Net income attributable to LHC Group, Inc.'s common<br>stockholders | 9,467   | —                                | 9,467          |
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:                    |   |                                  |                |
| Provision for bad debts   | 2,369   | (2,369 )                         | —              |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:   |   |                                  |                |
| Receivables   | (341 )  | 2,369                            | 2,028          |

Net service revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for providing services. These amounts are due from Medicare, Medicaid, Managed Care, Commercial, and others for services rendered, and they include implicit price concessions for retroactive revenue adjustments due to actual receipts from third-party payors, settlement of audits, and reviews. The estimated uncollectible amounts due from these payors are considered implicit price concessions that are a direct reduction to net service revenue. The Company assesses the patient's ability to pay for their healthcare services at the time of patient admission based on the Company's verification of the patient's insurance coverage under the Medicare, Medicaid, and other commercial or managed care insurance programs. Medicare contributes to the net service revenue of the Company's home health services, hospice services, and facility-based services. Medicaid and other payors contribute to the net service revenue of all of the Company's services.

Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the services provided by the Company. The Company's performance obligation is to provide services to each patient based on medical necessity and identifies the bundle of services to be provided to achieve the goals established in the contract. Revenue for performance obligations is satisfied over time and recognized based on actual charges incurred in relation to total expected charges over the measurement period of the performance obligation, which depicts the transfer of services and related benefits received by the patient over the term of the contract to satisfy the obligations. The Company measures the satisfaction of the performance obligation as services are provided from admission to discharge or recertification, which creates a new performance obligation.

The Company's performance obligations relate to contracts with a duration of less than one year; therefore, the Company has elected to apply the optional exemption provided by ASC 606 - Revenue Recognition, and is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period. The unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations are generally completed when the patients are discharged.

The Company determines the transaction price based on gross charges for services provided, reduced by contractual adjustments provided to third-party payors, and implicit price concessions. The Company determines estimates of contractual adjustments and implicit price concessions based on historical collection experience. Estimates of contractual allowance and implicit price concessions are periodically reviewed to ensure they encompass the Company's current contract terms, are reflective of the Company's current patient mix, and are indicative of the Company's historic collections to ensure net service revenue is recognized at its net realizable value.

The following table sets forth the percentage of net service revenue earned by category of payor for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017:



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|                                     | Three Months<br>Ended<br>March 31, |        |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| Payor:                              | 2018                               | 2017   |
| Home health:                        |                                    |        |
| Medicare                            | 71.2 %                             | 73.6 % |
| Medicaid                            | 0.9                                | 1.0    |
| Managed Care, Commercial, and Other | 27.9                               | 25.4   |
|                                     | 100.0%                             | 100.0% |
| Hospice:                            |                                    |        |
| Medicare                            | 92.3 %                             | 94.1 % |
| Medicaid                            | 0.6                                | 0.3    |
| Managed Care, Commercial, and Other | 7.1                                | 5.6    |
|                                     | 100.0%                             | 100.0% |
| Community based services:           |                                    |        |
| Medicaid                            | 17.3 %                             | 16.5 % |
| Managed Care, Commercial, and Other | 82.7                               | 83.5   |
|                                     | 100.0%                             | 100.0% |
| Facility-based services:            |                                    |        |
| Medicare                            | 64.0 %                             | 63.9 % |
| Medicaid                            | —                                  | —      |
| Managed Care, Commercial, and Other | 36.0                               | 36.1   |
|                                     | 100.0%                             | 100.0% |

## Medicare

## Home Health Services

The Company's home nursing Medicare patients are classified into one of 153 home health resource groups prior to receiving services. Based on the patient's home health resource group, the Company is entitled to receive a standard prospective Medicare payment for delivering care over a 60-day period referred to as an episode. The Company elects to use the same 60-day length of episode that Medicare recognizes as standard but accelerates revenue upon discharge to align with a patient's episode length if less than the expected 60 days, which depicts the transfer of services and related benefits received by the patient over the term of the contract necessary to satisfy the obligations. The Company recognizes revenue based on the number of days elapsed during an episode of care within the reporting period.

Final payments from Medicare will reflect base payment adjustments for case-mix and geographic wage differences and 2% sequestration reduction for episodes beginning after March 31, 2013. In addition, final payments may reflect one of four retroactive adjustments to the total reimbursement: (a) an outlier payment if the patient's care was unusually costly; (b) a low utilization adjustment if the number of visits was fewer than five; (c) a partial payment if the patient transferred to another provider before completing the episode; or (d) a payment adjustment based upon the level of therapy services required. The retroactive adjustments outlined above are recognized in net service revenue when the event causing the adjustment occurs and during the period in which the services are provided to the patient. The Company reviews these adjustments to ensure that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the retroactive adjustments is subsequently resolved. Net service revenue and related patient accounts receivable are recorded at amounts estimated to be realized from Medicare for services rendered.

## Hospice Services

Hospice services provided by the Company are paid by Medicare under a per diem payment system based on the determined need for the patient on a daily basis. The Company receives one of four predetermined daily rates based upon the level of care the Company furnishes. Each level of care is contingent upon the patient's medical necessity and is distinct under contracted performance obligation, which depicts the transfer of services and related benefits received by the patient over the term of the contract to satisfy the obligations. The Company records net service

revenue for hospice services based on the contracted per diem rate over time as services are provided, satisfying the performance obligation.



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Hospice payments are subject to variable consideration through an inpatient cap and an overall Medicare payment cap. The inpatient cap relates to individual programs receiving more than 20% of their total Medicare reimbursement from inpatient care services, and the overall Medicare payment cap relates to individual providers receiving reimbursements in excess of a “cap amount,” determined by Medicare to be payment equal to six months of hospice care for the aggregate base of hospice patients, indexed for inflation. The determination for each cap is made annually based on the 12-month period ending on October 31 of each year. The Company monitors its limits on a provider-by-provider basis and records an estimate of its liability for reimbursements received in excess of the cap amount in the reporting period. The Company reviews these estimates to ensure that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the retroactive adjustments is subsequently resolved.

### Facility-Based Services

The Company is reimbursed by Medicare for services provided under the LTACH prospective payment system. Each patient is assigned a long-term care diagnosis-related group. The Company is paid a predetermined fixed amount intended to reflect the average cost of treating a Medicare patient classified in that particular long-term care diagnosis-related group. For selected patients, the amount may be further adjusted based on length of stay and facility-specific costs, as well as in instances where a patient is discharged and subsequently re-admitted, among other factors. The Company calculates the adjustment based on a historical average of these types of adjustments for claims paid. Similar to other Medicare prospective payment systems, the rate is also adjusted for geographic wage differences. Net service revenue adjustments resulting from reviews and audits of Medicare cost report settlements are considered implicit price concessions for LTACHs and are measured at expected value. The Company reviews these estimates to ensure that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the retroactive adjustments is subsequently resolved. Revenue for the Company’s LTACH services are satisfied over time and recognized based on actual charges incurred in relation to total expected charges, which depicts the transfer of services and related benefits received by the customer over the term of the contract to satisfy the obligations.

### Medicaid, managed care, and other payors

The Company’s Medicaid reimbursement is based on a predetermined fee schedule applied to each service provided, and revenue is recognized as services are provided based on this contracted fee schedule. The Company’s managed care and other payors reimburse the Company based upon a predetermined fee schedule, per diem rate, or an episodic basis, depending on the terms of the applicable contract. Accordingly, the Company recognizes revenue from managed care and other payors in the same manner as the Company recognizes revenue from Medicare or Medicaid.

### Accounts Receivable

The Company reports accounts receivable based on the estimated uncollectible amounts due from payors, which are considered implicit price concessions. Accounts receivable are uncollateralized and consist of amounts due from Medicare, Medicaid, other third-party payors, and patients. The credit risk for other concentrations of receivables is limited due to the significance of Medicare as the primary payor. The Company believes the credit risk associated with its Medicare accounts, which have historically exceeded 50% of its patient accounts receivable, is limited due to (i) the historical collection rate from Medicare and (ii) the fact that Medicare is a U.S. government payor. The Company does not believe that there are any other concentrations of receivables from any particular payor that would subject it to any significant credit risk in the collection of accounts receivable.

A portion of the estimated Medicare prospective payment system reimbursement from each submitted home nursing episode is received in the form of a request for anticipated payment (“RAP”). The Company submits a RAP for 60% of the estimated reimbursement for the initial episode at the start of care. The full amount of the episode is billed after the episode has been completed. The RAP is recouped and the payment for the entire episode is paid. If a final bill is not submitted within the greater of 120 days from the start of the episode, or 60 days from the date the RAP was paid, any RAP received for that episode will be recouped by Medicare from any other Medicare claims in process for that particular provider. The RAP and final claim must then be resubmitted. For subsequent episodes of care contiguous

with the first episode for a particular patient, the Company submits a RAP for 50% instead of 60% of the estimated reimbursement.

The Company's Medicare population is paid at prospectively set amounts that can be determined at the time services are rendered. The Company's Medicaid reimbursement is based on a predetermined fee schedule applied to each individual service it provides. The Company's managed care contracts are structured similarly to either the Medicare or Medicaid payment

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methodologies. The Company is able to calculate its actual amount due at the patient level and adjust the gross charges down to the actual amount at the time of billing. This negates the need to record an estimated contractual allowance when reporting net service revenue for each reporting period.

## Other Significant Accounting Policies

## Earnings Per Share

Basic per share information is computed by dividing the relevant amounts from the condensed consolidated statements of income by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period, under the treasury stock method. Diluted per share information is also computed using the treasury stock method, by dividing the relevant amounts from the condensed consolidated statements of income by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding plus potentially dilutive shares.

The following table sets forth shares used in the computation of basic and diluted per share information:

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |            |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|
|   | 2018                            | 2017       |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding for basic per share calculation | 17,789,863                      | 17,643,463 |
| Effect of dilutive potential shares:  |                                 |            |
| Nonvested stock   | 249,482                         | 174,417    |
| Adjusted weighted average shares for diluted per share calculation            | 18,039,345                      | 17,817,880 |
| Anti-dilutive shares  | 169,945                         | 151,010    |

## Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

On May 28, 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, ("ASU 2014-09") which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU 2014-09 replaced most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP. The Company adopted the new standard on January 1, 2018, and elected to adopt it using the full retrospective method.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows: Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, which addresses eight classification issues related to the statement of cash flows. This ASU is effective for annual and interim periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. Entities should apply this ASU using a retrospective transition method to each period presented. There is no material impact to the Company's interim financial statements upon adoption of ASU 2016-15.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other: Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment, which requires an entity to no longer perform a hypothetical purchase price allocation to measure goodwill impairment. Instead, impairment will be measured using the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of the reporting unit. This ASU is effective for annual and interim periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for goodwill impairment tests with measurement dates on or after January 1, 2017.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, Business Combinations: Clarifying the Definition of a Business, which assist entities with evaluating whether a set of transferred assets and activities is a business. This ASU is effective for annual and interim period in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases, ("ASU 2016-02") which requires lessees to recognize qualifying leases on the statement of financial position. Qualifying leases will be classified as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. The new standard is effective on January 1, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. ASU 2016-02 mandates a modified retrospective transition method for all entities. The Company anticipates that the adoption of ASU 2016-02 will result in a material increase in total assets and total liabilities. The Company continues to evaluate the effect that ASU 2016-02 will have on its related disclosures.



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## 3. Almost Family Merger

On April 1, 2018, the Company completed its previously announced merger of equals business combination with Almost Family, Inc. (“Almost Family”) as contemplated by that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 15, 2017 (the “Merger Agreement”), by and among the Company, Almost Family and Hammer Merger Sub, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (“Merger Sub”), with the merger of Merger Sub with and into Almost Family (the “Merger”), with Almost Family continuing as the surviving entity in the Merger and as a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. At the effective time of the Merger on April 1, 2018 (the “Effective Time”), each outstanding share of common stock of Almost Family, other than certain canceled shares, was converted into the right to receive 0.9150 shares of the Company’s common stock and cash in lieu of any fractional shares of any Company common stock that Almost Family shareholders would otherwise have been entitled to receive.

Since the Merger was not completed until April 1, 2018, the interim financial statements set forth in this report do not include or reflect the results of Almost Family for any of the periods set forth therein or the impact of the closing of the Merger.

The following table summarizes the consideration transferred in connection with the Merger (amounts in thousands):

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| Outstanding shares of Almost Family common stock as of April 1, 2018                        | 13,951   |
| Exchange ratio  | 0.9150   |
| Shares of the Company issued  | 12,765   |
| Price per share as of April 1, 2018   | \$ 61.56 |
| Fair value of the Company common stock issued   | 785,837  |
| Fair value of vested Almost Family equity awards exchanged for equity awards in the Company | 4,664    |
| Preliminary merger consideration  | 790,501  |

The Company is conducting preliminary valuation analysis of identifiable assets and liabilities assumed for the business combination in accordance with the requirements of ASC Topic 805. The final determination of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed will be completed in accordance with the applicable accounting guidance. Due to the significance of the Merger, the Company may use all of the measurement period to adequately analyze and assess the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

Transaction costs associated with the Merger that were incurred by the Company during the three months ended March 31, 2018 are being expensed as incurred and are presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income as general and administrative expenses. These expenses include investment banking, legal, accounting, and other related third party costs associated with the Merger, including preparation for regulatory filings and shareholder approvals. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company incurred \$7.9 million of transaction costs related with the Merger.

## 4. Other Acquisitions and Joint Ventures

The Company acquired the majority-ownership of two home health agencies Nason Home Health in Roaring Springs, Pennsylvania and 1st Choice Home Health Care in Denton, Texas, during the three months ended March 31, 2018. The total aggregate purchase price for these transactions was \$2.9 million, of which \$2.8 million was primarily paid in cash. The purchase prices were determined based on the Company’s analysis of comparable acquisitions and the target market’s potential future cash flows.

Goodwill generated from the acquisitions was recognized based on the expected contributions of each acquisition to the overall corporate strategy. The Company expects its portion of goodwill to be fully tax deductible. The acquisitions were accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying interim financial information includes the results of operations of the acquired entities from the date of acquisition.

The following table summarizes the aggregate consideration paid for the acquisitions and the amounts of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition dates, as well as their fair value at the acquisition dates and the

noncontrolling interest acquired during the three months ended March 31, 2018 (amounts in thousands):

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|   |         |
|---|---------|
| Consideration   |         |
| Cash  | \$2,770 |
| Fair value of total consideration transferred                               |         |
| Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed: |         |
| Patient accounts receivable   | 133     |
| Trade name  | 376     |
| Certificates of need/licenses   | 378     |
| Other identifiable intangible assets  | 91      |
| Other assets and (liabilities), net   | (23 )   |
| Total identifiable assets   | 955     |
| Noncontrolling interest   | 1,815   |
| Goodwill, including noncontrolling interest of \$1,396                      | \$3,630 |

The Company conducted preliminary assessments and recognized provisional amounts in its initial accounting for the acquisitions of majority ownership of three joint venture partnerships for all identified assets in accordance with the requirements of ASC Topic 805. The Company is continuing its review of these matters during the measurement period. If new information about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date is obtained and indicates adjustments are necessary, the acquisition accounting will be revised to adjust to the provisional amounts initially recognized.

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company sold ownership interests in four of its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The total purchase prices for the sale of such ownership interests were \$3.3 million, all of which were accounted for as equity transactions, resulting in the Company reducing additional paid in capital by \$2.0 million.

#### 5. Goodwill and Intangibles

The changes in recorded goodwill by reporting unit for the three months ended March 31, 2018 were as follows (amounts in thousands):

|  | Home<br>health<br>reporting<br>unit | Hospice<br>reporting<br>unit | -<br>Community<br>based<br>reporting<br>unit | Facility-based<br>reporting<br>unit | Total     |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2017                      | \$261,456                           | \$ 88,814                    | \$ 28,541                                    | \$ 13,790                           | \$392,601 |
| Goodwill from acquisitions                           | 2,234                               | —                            | —  | —                                   | 2,234     |
| Goodwill related to noncontrolling interests         | 1,396                               | —                            | —  | —                                   | 1,396     |
| Goodwill related to prior period<br>adjustments..... | —                                   | —                            | —  | 411                                 | 411       |
| Balance as of March 31, 2018                         | \$265,086                           | \$ 88,814                    | \$ 28,541                                    | \$ 14,201                           | \$396,642 |

Intangible assets consisted of the following as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (amounts in thousands):

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| March 31, 2018                  |                       |                       |                          |                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
|                                 | Remaining useful life | Gross carrying amount | Accumulated amortization | Net carrying amount |
| Indefinite-lived assets:        |                       |                       |                          |                     |
| Trade names                     | Indefinite            | \$78,795              | \$ —                     | \$78,795            |
| Certificates of need/licenses   | Indefinite            | 53,579                | —                        | 53,579              |
| Total                           |                       | \$132,374             | \$ —                     | \$132,374           |
| Definite-lived assets:          |                       |                       |                          |                     |
| Trade names                     | 1 month — 9 years     | \$10,127              | \$ (7,917 )              | \$2,210             |
| Non-compete agreements          | 4 month — 3 years     | 5,823                 | (5,565 )                 | 258                 |
| Total                           |                       | \$15,950              | \$ (13,482 )             | \$2,468             |
| Balance as of March 31, 2018    |                       | \$148,324             | \$ (13,482 )             | \$134,842           |
| December 31, 2017               |                       |                       |                          |                     |
|                                 | Remaining useful life | Gross carrying amount | Accumulated amortization | Net carrying amount |
| Indefinite-lived assets:        |                       |                       |                          |                     |
| Trade names                     | Indefinite            | \$78,299              | \$ —                     | \$78,299            |
| Certificates of need/licenses   | Indefinite            | 53,493                | —                        | \$53,493            |
| Total                           |                       | \$131,792             | \$ —                     | \$131,792           |
| Definite-lived assets:          |                       |                       |                          |                     |
| Trade names                     | 4 months — 10 years   | \$10,127              | \$ (7,547 )              | \$2,580             |
| Non-compete agreements          | 2 months — 2 years    | 5,732                 | (5,494 )                 | 238                 |
| Total                           |                       | \$15,859              | \$ (13,041 )             | \$2,818             |
| Balance as of December 31, 2017 |                       | \$147,651             | \$ (13,041 )             | \$134,610           |

Intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization) in the amount of \$88.7 million were related to the home health services segment, \$31.9 million were related to the hospice services segment, \$9.5 million were related to the community-based services segment, and \$4.7 million were related to the facility-based services segment as of March 31, 2018. The Company recorded \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million of amortization expense during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. This was recorded in general and administrative expenses.

## 6. Debt

## Credit Facility

As of March 31, 2018, the Company had \$125.0 million drawn and letters of credit in the amount of \$10.7 million. At December 31, 2017, the Company had \$144.0 million drawn and letters of credit in the amount of \$9.6 million. The amounts drawn and letters of credit outstanding were under its credit facility agreement with Capital One, National Association (the "Prior Credit Facility"). The interest rate for borrowing under the Prior Credit Facility is a variable rate which is a function of the prime rate (base rate) or London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") as elected by the Company, plus the applicable margin based on the Leverage Ratio. The Base Rate as March 31, 2018 was 5.75% and the LIBOR rate was 3.88%. As of March 31, 2018, the interest rate on outstanding borrowings was 3.85%.

On March 30, 2018, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., which was effective on April 2, 2018 (the "New Credit Agreement"). The New Credit Agreement provides a senior, secured revolving line of credit commitment with a maximum principal borrowing limit of \$500.0 million, which includes an additional \$200.0 million accordion expansion feature, and a letter of credit sub-limit equal to \$50.0 million. The expiration date of the New Credit Agreement is March 30, 2023. The New Credit Agreement replaced the Prior Credit Facility, which was set to mature on June 18, 2019.

Revolving loans under the New Credit Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. bear interest at, as selected by the Company, either a (a) Base Rate, which is defined as a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the highest of (1) the



Federal Funds

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Rate in effect on such day plus 0.5% (2) the Prime Rate in effect on such day and (3) the Eurodollar Rate for a one month interest period on such day plus 1.5%, plus a margin ranging from 0.50% to 1.25% per annum or (b) Eurodollar rate plus a margin ranging from 1.50% to 2.25% per annum. Swing line loans bear interest at the Base Rate. The Company is limited to 15 Eurodollar borrowings outstanding at the same time. The Company is required to pay a commitment fee for the unused commitments at rates ranging from 0.20% to 0.35% per annum depending upon the Company's consolidated Leverage Ratio, as defined in the New Credit Agreement.

On April 2, 2018, the Company borrowed approximately \$247.4 million under the New Credit Agreement to (i) repay the approximately \$107.3 million of outstanding borrowings under Almost Family's \$350 million credit facility, which had a scheduled maturity of December 2021, (ii) repay the approximately \$125.1 million of outstanding borrowings under the Prior Credit Facility and (iii) pay certain debt issuance and repayment costs and Merger related fees and expenses. Following these borrowings, the Company had approximately \$252.6 million of remaining borrowing capacity available under the New Credit Agreement.

## 7. Stockholder's Equity

## Equity Based Awards

The 2010 Long Term Incentive Plan (the "2010 Incentive Plan") is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors. A total of 1,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock were reserved and 278,564 shares are currently available for issuance pursuant to awards granted under the 2010 Incentive Plan. A variety of discretionary awards for employees, officers, directors, and consultants are authorized under the 2010 Incentive Plan, including incentive or non-qualified statutory stock options and nonvested stock. All awards must be evidenced by a written award certificate which will include the provisions specified by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The Compensation Committee determines the exercise price for non-statutory stock options. The exercise price for any option cannot be less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock as of the date of grant.

## Share Based Compensation

## Nonvested Stock

During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company's independent directors were granted 13,600 nonvested shares of common stock under the Second Amended and Restated 2005 Non-Employee Directors Compensation Plan. The shares were drawn from the 1,500,000 shares of common stock reserved for issuance under the 2010 Incentive Plan. The shares vest 100% on the one year anniversary date. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, employees were granted 156,345 nonvested shares of common stock pursuant to the 2010 Incentive Plan. The shares vest over a period of five years, conditioned on continued employment. The fair value of nonvested shares of common stock is determined based on the closing trading price of the Company's common stock on the grant date. The weighted average grant date fair value of nonvested shares of common stock granted during the three months ended March 31, 2018 was \$61.07.

The following table represents the nonvested stock activity for the three months ended March 31, 2018:

|  | Number of<br>shares | Weighted<br>average grant<br>date fair value |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Nonvested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2017 | 529,465             | \$ 37.34                                     |
| Granted  | 169,945             | \$ 61.07                                     |
| Vested   | (165,567 )          | \$ 33.91                                     |
| Nonvested shares outstanding as of March 31, 2018    | 533,843             | \$ 45.96                                     |

As of March 31, 2018, there was \$21.4 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested shares of common stock granted. That cost is expected to be recognized over the weighted average period of 3.43 years. The total fair value of shares of common stock vested during the three months ended March 31, 2018 was \$5.6 million. The Company records compensation expense related to nonvested stock awards at the grant date for shares of common stock that are awarded fully vested, and over the vesting term on a straight line basis for shares of common

stock that vest over time. The Company recorded \$1.6 million of compensation expense related to nonvested stock grants for each of the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017.

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## Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In 2006, the Company adopted the Employee Stock Purchase Plan whereby eligible employees may purchase the Company's common stock at 95% of the market price on the last day of the calendar quarter. There were 250,000 shares of common stock initially reserved for the plan. In 2013, the Company adopted the Amended and Restated Employee Stock Purchase Plan, which reserved an additional 250,000 shares of common stock to the plan.

The table below details the shares of common stock issued during 2018:

|  | Number of<br>shares | Per share<br>price |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| Shares available as of December 31, 2017                   | 171,069             |                    |
| Shares issued during the three months ended March 31, 2018 | 5,534               | \$ 58.19           |
| Shares available as of March 31, 2018                      | 165,535             |                    |

## Treasury Stock

In conjunction with the vesting of the nonvested shares of common stock, recipients incur personal income tax obligations. The Company allows the recipients to turn in shares of common stock to satisfy minimum tax obligations. During the three months ended March 31, 2018, the Company redeemed 56,772 shares of common stock valued at \$3.5 million, related to these tax obligations.

## 8. Commitments and Contingencies

## Contingencies

The Company provides services in a highly regulated industry and is a party to various proceedings and regulatory and other governmental and internal audits and investigations in the ordinary course of business (including audits by Zone Program Integrity Contractors ("ZPICs") and Recovery Audit Contractors ("RACs") and investigations resulting from the Company's obligation to self-report suspected violations of law). Management cannot predict the ultimate outcome of any regulatory and other governmental and internal audits and investigations. While such audits and investigations are the subject of administrative appeals, the appeals process, even if successful, may take several years to resolve. The Department of Justice, CMS, or other federal and state enforcement and regulatory agencies may conduct additional investigations related to the Company's businesses in the future. These audits and investigations have caused and could potentially continue to cause delays in collections, recoupments from governmental payors. Currently, the Company has recorded \$16.9 million in other assets, which are from government payors related to the disputed finding of pending ZPIC audits. Additionally, these audits may subject the Company to sanctions, damages, extrapolation of damage findings, additional recoupments, fines, and other penalties (some of which may not be covered by insurance), which may, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and financial condition.

On January 18, 2018, Jordan Rosenblatt, a purported shareholder of Almost Family, Inc. ("Almost Family") filed a complaint for Violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in the United States District Court for the Western District of Kentucky, styled Rosenblatt v. Almost Family, Inc., et al., Case No. 3:18-cv-40-TBR (the "Rosenblatt Action"). The Rosenblatt Action was filed against the Company, Almost Family, Almost Family's board of directors, and Hammer Merger Sub. The complaint in the Rosenblatt Action ("Complaint") asserts that the Form S-4 Registration Statement ("Registration Statement") filed on December 21, 2017 contains false and misleading statements with respect to the Merger. The Complaint asserts claims against Almost Family and its board of directors for violations of Section 14(a) of the 1934 Act in connection with the dissemination of the Registration Statement, and asserts claims against the Almost Family board of directors and the Company for violations of Section 20(a) of the 1934 Act as controlling persons of Almost Family. The Rosenblatt Action sought, among other things, an injunction enjoining the Merger from closing and an award of attorneys' fees and costs.

In addition to the Rosenblatt Action, two additional complaints were filed against Almost Family in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware (the "Delaware Actions") alleging similar violations as the Rosenblatt Action. While the Company is not named as a party in either of these additional complaints, these additional complaints also sought, among other things, an injunction enjoining both the vote of the Almost Family stockholders with respect to the Merger and the closing of the Merger, monetary damages and an award of attorneys' fees and costs.

from Almost Family.

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On February 22, 2018, plaintiffs in the Delaware Actions moved for a preliminary injunction to enjoin the merger of Almost Family and Merger Sub. Then, on March 2, 2018, the Delaware Actions were transferred to the United States District Court for the Western District of Kentucky. Shortly thereafter, on March 12, 2018, Almost Family, LHC and Merger Sub opposed the plaintiffs' motion for a preliminary injunction, and the court heard oral argument on the plaintiffs' motion for a preliminary injunction on March 19, 2018. On March 22, 2018, the court denied plaintiffs' motion for preliminary injunction. The next day, on March 23, 2018, one of the plaintiffs in the Delaware Actions moved to consolidate the Delaware Actions with the Rosenblatt action and for the appointment of a lead plaintiff, and that motion is pending before the court.

We believe that the claims asserted in these lawsuits are entirely without merit and intend to defend these lawsuits vigorously.

We are involved in various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Although the results of litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, we believe the outcome of pending litigation will not have a material adverse affect, after considering the effect of our insurance coverage, on our consolidated financial information.

### Joint Venture Buy/Sell Provisions

Most of the Company's joint ventures include a buy/sell option that grants to the Company and its joint venture partners the right to require the other joint venture party to either purchase all of the exercising member's membership interests or sell to the exercising member all of the non-exercising member's membership interest, at the non-exercising member's option, within 30 days of the receipt of notice of the exercise of the buy/sell option. In some instances, the purchase price is based on a multiple of the historical or future earnings before income taxes and depreciation and amortization of the equity joint venture at the time the buy/sell option is exercised. In other instances, the buy/sell purchase price will be negotiated by the partners and subject to a fair market valuation process. The Company has not received notice from any joint venture partners of their intent to exercise the terms of the buy/sell agreement nor has the Company notified any joint venture partners of its intent to exercise the terms of the buy/sell agreement.

### Compliance

The laws and regulations governing the Company's operations, along with the terms of participation in various government programs, regulate how the Company does business, the services offered and its interactions with patients and the public. These laws and regulations, and their interpretations, are subject to frequent change. Changes in existing laws or regulations, or their interpretations, or the enactment of new laws or regulations could materially and adversely affect the Company's operations and financial condition.

The Company is subject to various routine and non-routine governmental reviews, audits and investigations. In recent years, federal and state civil and criminal enforcement agencies have heightened and coordinated their oversight efforts related to the health care industry, including referral practices, cost reporting, billing practices, joint ventures and other financial relationships among health care providers. Violation of the laws governing the Company's operations, or changes in the interpretation of those laws, could result in the imposition of fines, civil or criminal penalties and/or termination of the Company's rights to participate in federal and state-sponsored programs and suspension or revocation of the Company's licenses. The Company believes that it is in material compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

### 9. Noncontrolling interest

The Company classifies noncontrolling interests of its joint venture parties based upon a review of the legal provisions governing the redemption of such interests. In each of the Company's joint ventures, those provisions are embodied within the joint venture's operating agreement. For joint ventures with operating agreement provisions that establish an obligation for the Company to purchase the third party partners' noncontrolling interests other than as a result of events that lead to a liquidation of the joint venture, such noncontrolling interests are classified as redeemable noncontrolling interests in temporary equity. For joint ventures with operating agreement provisions that establish an obligation that the Company purchase the third party partners' noncontrolling interests, but which obligation is triggered by events that lead to a liquidation of the joint venture, such noncontrolling interests are classified as nonredeemable noncontrolling interests in permanent equity. Additionally, for joint ventures with operating agreement provisions that

do not establish an obligation for the Company to purchase the third party partners' noncontrolling interests (e.g., where the Company has the option, but not the obligation, to purchase the third party partners' noncontrolling interests), such noncontrolling interests are classified as nonredeemable noncontrolling interests in permanent equity. The Company's equity joint ventures that are classified as redeemable noncontrolling interests are subject to operating agreement provisions that require the Company to purchase the noncontrolling partner's interest upon the occurrence of certain

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triggering events, which are defined as the bankruptcy of the partner or the partner's exclusion from the Medicare or Medicaid programs. These triggering events and the related repurchase provisions are specific to each redeemable equity joint venture, since the triggering of a repurchase obligation for any one redeemable noncontrolling interest in an equity joint venture does not necessarily impact any of the other redeemable noncontrolling interests in other equity joint ventures. Upon the occurrence of a triggering event requiring the purchase of a redeemable noncontrolling interest, the Company would be required to purchase the noncontrolling partner's interest based upon a valuation methodology set forth in the applicable joint venture agreement.

Redeemable noncontrolling interests and nonredeemable noncontrolling interests are initially recorded at their fair value as of the closing date of the transaction establishing the joint venture. Such fair values are determined using various accepted valuation methods, including the income approach, the market approach, the cost approach, and a combination of one or more of these approaches. A number of facts and circumstances concerning the operation of the joint venture are evaluated for each transaction, including (but not limited to) the ability to choose management, control over acquiring or liquidating assets, and controlling the joint venture's strategy and direction, in order to determine the fair value of the noncontrolling interest.

Based upon the Company's evaluation of the redemption provisions concerning redeemable noncontrolling interests as of March 31, 2018, the Company determined in accordance with authoritative accounting guidance that it was not probable that an event otherwise requiring redemption of any redeemable noncontrolling interest would occur (i.e., the date for such event was not set or such event is not certain to occur). Therefore, none of the redeemable noncontrolling interests were identified as mandatorily redeemable interests at such times, and the Company did not record any values in respect of any mandatorily redeemable interests.

Subsequent to the closing date of the transaction establishing the joint venture, the Company records adjustments to the carrying amounts of noncontrolling interests during each reporting period to reflect (a) comprehensive income (loss) attributed to each noncontrolling interest, which is calculated by multiplying the noncontrolling interest percentage by the comprehensive income (loss) of the joint venture's operations, (b) dividends paid to the noncontrolling interest partner, and (c) any other transactions that increase or decrease the Company's ownership interest in each joint venture, as a result of which the Company retains its controlling interest. If the Company determines that, based upon its analysis as of the end of each reporting period in accordance with authoritative accounting guidance, that it is not probable that an event would occur to otherwise require the redemption of a redeemable noncontrolling interest (i.e., the date for such event is not set or such event is not certain to occur), then the Company does not adjust the recorded amount of such redeemable noncontrolling interest.

The carrying amount of each redeemable equity instrument presented in temporary equity for the three months ended March 31, 2018 is not less than the initial amount reported for each instrument. The following table summarizes the activity of noncontrolling interest-redeemable for the three months ended March 31, 2018 (amounts in thousands):

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2017                               | \$ 13,393 |
| Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest-redeemable | 2,386     |
| Noncontrolling interest-redeemable distributions              | (2,471 )  |
| Acquired noncontrolling interest-redeemable                   | 580       |
| Balance as of March 31, 2018                                  | \$ 13,888 |

#### 10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of the Company's cash, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values because of their short maturity. The estimated fair value of intangible assets acquired was calculated using level 3 inputs based on the present value of anticipated future benefits. For the three months ended March 31, 2018, the carrying value of the Company's long-term debt approximates fair value as the interest rates approximate current rates.

#### 11. Segment Information

The Company's reportable segments consist of home health services, hospice services, community-based services, and facility-based services. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies, as described in Note 2 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements,



including the adoption of ASU 2014-09.

The following tables summarize the Company's segment information for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands):

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|   | Three Months Ended March 31, 2018                  |                  |                          |                         |           |
|---|--|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
|   | Home health services                               | Hospice services | Community-based services | Facility-based services | Total     |
| Net service revenue   | \$204,187  | \$42,626         | 14,091                   | \$ 30,150               | \$291,054 |
| Cost of service revenue   | 130,161  | 28,018           | 10,790                   | 19,649                  | 188,618   |
| General and administrative expenses                                     | 66,289   | 13,298           | 3,298                    | 9,146                   | 92,031    |
| Operating income  | 7,737  | 1,310            | 3                        | 1,355                   | 10,405    |
| Interest expense  | (1,088 )   | (218 )           | (72 )                    | (72 )                   | (1,450 )  |
| Income (loss) before income taxes and noncontrolling interest           | 6,649  | 1,092            | (69 )                    | 1,283                   | 8,955     |
| Income tax expense  | 722  | 111              | (15 )                    | 159                     | 977       |
| Net income (loss)   | 5,927  | 981              | (54 )                    | 1,124                   | 7,978     |
| Less net income attributable to noncontrolling interests                | 2,236  | 417              | 21                       | 309                     | 2,983     |
| Net income (loss) attributable to LHC Group, Inc.'s common stockholders | \$3,691  | \$564            | \$ (75 )                 | \$ 815                  | \$4,995   |
| Total assets  | \$530,197  | \$157,338        | \$ 47,819                | \$ 69,969               | \$805,323 |
|   | Three Months Ended March 31, 2017<br>(as adjusted) |                  |                          |                         |           |
|   | Home health services                               | Hospice services | Community-based services | Facility-based services | Total     |
| Net service revenue   | \$180,658  | \$35,948         | \$ 10,541                | \$ 17,102               | \$244,249 |
| Cost of service revenue   | 112,086  | 23,273           | 7,948                    | 11,063                  | 154,370   |
| General and administrative expenses                                     | 53,922   | 10,406           | 2,311                    | 5,372                   | 72,011    |
| Operating income  | 14,650   | 2,269            | 282                      | 667                     | 17,868    |
| Interest expense  | (585 )   | (117 )           | (39 )                    | (39 )                   | (780 )    |
| Income before income taxes and noncontrolling interest                  | 14,065   | 2,152            | 243                      | 628                     | 17,088    |
| Income tax expense  | 4,253  | 659              | 83                       | 178                     | 5,173     |
| Net income  | 9,812  | 1,493            | 160                      | 450                     | 11,915    |
| Less net income attributable to noncontrolling interests                | 2,028  | 286              | 8                        | 126                     | 2,448     |
| Net income attributable to LHC Group, Inc.'s common stockholders        | \$7,784  | \$1,207          | \$ 152                   | \$ 324                  | \$9,467   |
| Total assets  | \$447,807  | \$126,068        | \$ 32,961                | \$ 35,889               | \$642,725 |

## 12. Income Taxes

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. enacted significant changes to U.S. tax law following the passage and signing of “Tax Cuts and Jobs Act” or the “TCJA”. The TCJA is complex and significantly changes the U.S. corporate income tax system by, among other things, reducing the Federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21%. The lower effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 benefited from \$0.7 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, of excess tax benefits associated with stock-based compensation arrangements.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

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CAUTIONARY NOTICE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains certain statements and information that may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Forward-looking statements relate to future plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends, future financial performance, and expectations and beliefs concerning matters that are not historical facts or that necessarily depend upon future events. The words "may," "should," "could," "would," "expect," "plan," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "project," "predict," "potential," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Specifically, this report contains, among others, forward-looking statements about:

- our expectations regarding financial condition or results of operations for periods after March 31, 2018;
- our critical accounting policies;
- our business strategies and our ability to grow our business;
- our participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs;
- the reimbursement levels of Medicare and other third-party payors;
- the prompt receipt of payments from Medicare and other third-party payors;
- our future sources of and needs for liquidity and capital resources;
- the effect of any regulatory changes under the new presidential administration;
- the effect of any changes in market rates on our operations and cash flows;
- our ability to obtain financing;
- our ability to make payments as they become due;
- the outcomes of various routine and non-routine governmental reviews, audits and investigations;
- our expansion strategy, the successful integration of recent acquisitions and, if necessary, the ability to relocate or restructure our current facilities;
- the value of our proprietary technology;
- the impact of legal proceedings;
- our insurance coverage;
- our competitors and our competitive advantages;
- our ability to attract and retain valuable employees;
- the price of our stock;
- our compliance with environmental, health and safety laws and regulations;
- our compliance with health care laws and regulations;
- our compliance with Securities and Exchange Commission laws and regulations and Sarbanes-Oxley requirements;
- the impact of federal and state government regulation on our business
- the impact of changes in future interpretations of fraud, anti-kickback, or other laws;
- that the businesses of the Company and Almost Family will not be integrated successfully;
- that the cost savings, synergies, growth and other benefits from the transaction with Almost Family may not be fully realized or may take longer to realize than expected;
- the diversion of management time on issues associated with the transaction with Almost Family;

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that costs associated with the integration of the businesses of the Company and Almost Family are higher than anticipated; and

litigation risks related to the transaction with Almost Family.

The forward-looking statements included in this report reflect our current views about future events, are based on assumptions, and are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties. Many important factors could cause actual results or achievements to differ materially from any future results or achievements expressed in or implied by our forward-looking statements. Many of the factors that will determine future events or achievements are beyond our ability to control or predict. Important factors that could cause actual results or achievements to differ materially from the results or achievements reflected in our forward-looking statements include, among other things, the factors discussed in the Part II, Item 1A. "Risk Factors," included in this report and in our other filings with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (the "2017 Form 10-K"), as updated by our subsequent filings with the SEC. This report should be read in conjunction with the 2017 Form 10-K, and all of our other filings made with the SEC through the date of this report, including quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

The forward-looking statements contained in this report reflect our views and assumptions only as of the date this report is filed with the SEC. Except as required by law, we assume no responsibility for updating any forward-looking statements.

We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements. In addition, with respect to all of our forward-looking statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

You should read this report, the information incorporated by reference into this report, and the documents filed as exhibits to this report completely and with the understanding that our actual future results or achievements may differ materially from what we expect or anticipate.

Unless the context otherwise requires, "we," "us," "our," and the "Company" refer to LHC Group, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

OVERVIEW

We provide quality, cost-effective post-acute health care services to our patients. As of March 31, 2018, we have 446 service providers in 27 states within the continental United States. Our services are classified into four segments: (1) home health services, (2) hospice services, (3) community-based services, and (4) facility-based services offered through our long-term acute care hospitals ("LTACHs"). We intend to increase the number of service providers within each of our four segments that we operate through continued acquisitions, joint ventures, and organic development.

Our home health service locations offer a wide range of services, including skilled nursing, medically-oriented social services, and physical, occupational, and speech therapy. As of March 31, 2018, we operated 319 home health services locations, of which 155 are wholly-owned, 159 are majority-owned through equity joint ventures, three are under license lease arrangements, and the operations of the remaining two locations are only managed by us.

Our hospices provide end-of-life care to patients with terminal illnesses through interdisciplinary teams of physicians, nurses, home health aides, counselors, and volunteers. We offer a wide range of services, including pain and symptom management, emotional and spiritual support, inpatient and respite care, homemaker services, and counseling. As of March 31, 2018, we operated 91 hospice locations, of which 45 are wholly-owned, 44 are majority-owned through equity joint ventures, and two are under license lease arrangements.

Through our community-based services segment, services are performed by skilled nursing and paraprofessional personnel, and include assistance with activities of daily living to the elderly, chronically ill, and disabled patients. As of March 31, 2018, we operated 16 community-based services locations: 14 are wholly-owned and two are majority-owned through an equity joint venture.

We provide facility-based services principally through our LTACHs. As of March 31, 2018, we operated 11 LTACHs with 14 locations, of which all but one are located within host hospitals. Of these facility-based services locations, three are wholly-owned, 10 are majority-owned through equity joint ventures, and one location is managed by us. We also wholly-own and operate a family health center, two pharmacies, a rural health clinic, and two physical therapy clinics.



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The Joint Commission is a nationwide commission that establishes standards relating to the physical plant, administration, quality of patient care, and operation of medical staffs of health care organizations. Currently, Joint Commission accreditation of home nursing and hospice agencies is voluntary. However, some managed care organizations use Joint Commission accreditation as a credentialing standard for regional and state contracts. As of March 31, 2018, the Joint Commission had accredited 188 of our 319 home health services locations and 64 of our 91 hospice agencies. Those not yet accredited are working towards achieving this accreditation. As we acquire companies, we apply for accreditation 12 to 18 months after completing the acquisition.

The percentage of net service revenue contributed from each reporting segment for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

| Reporting segment        | Three Months Ended |        |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------|
|                          | March 31,          |        |
|                          | 2018               | 2017   |
| Home health services     | 70.2 %             | 73.8 % |
| Hospice services         | 14.6               | 14.8   |
| Community-based services | 4.8                | 4.4    |
| Facility-based services  | 10.4               | 7.0    |
|                          | 100.0%             | 100.0% |

**Recent Developments****Merger with Almost Family**

On November 15, 2017, we entered into a definitive merger agreement with Almost Family, Inc. ("Almost Family"), providing for a "merger of equals" business combination between us and Almost Family, which we completed on April 1, 2018. The merger creates the second largest in-home healthcare provider in the country with an expanded geographic service territory of 36 states covering over 60 percent of the U.S. population aged 65 and over and more than 780 locations, including those related to the 76 joint venture partnerships with health systems that consist of 336 hospitals.

Since the Merger was not completed until April 1, 2018, the interim financial statements set forth in this report do not include or reflect the results of Almost Family for any of the periods set forth therein or the impact of the closing of the Merger.

**Home Health Services**

On October 30, 2016, CMS released a Final Rule (effective January 1, 2017) regarding payment rates for home health services provided during calendar year 2017. The Final Rule also contained minor adjustments to the Home Health Value-Based Purchasing ("HHVBP") program and to the home health quality reporting program. The HHVBP program is intended to incentivize the delivery of high-quality patient care. The HHVBP program would withhold 3% to 8% of Medicare payments, which would be redistributed to participating home health agencies depending on their performance relative to specified measures. The HHVBP would apply to all home health agencies in Arizona, Florida, Iowa, Massachusetts, Maryland, Nebraska, North Carolina, Tennessee, and Washington effective January 1, 2016, with the first value based payments being made during calendar year 2018.

On November 1, 2017, CMS released the Final Rule (effective January 1, 2018) regarding payment rates for home health services provided during calendar year 2018. The national, standardized 60-day episode payment rate will increase to \$3,039.64 in 2018. The Final Rule estimates an impact of 0.5% reduction in payments due to the expiration of the rural add-on provision, a 1% home health payment update percentage, and 0.97% adjustment for case mix (the third year of a three year adjustment). CMS also estimates a reduction in regulatory reporting due to the removal of a number of quality measures and OASIS items. CMS estimates the overall economic impact of the Final Rule's changes and payment rate update is an estimated decrease of 0.4% in payments to home health agencies. In addition, CMS decided not to finalize its rule on the Home Health Groupings Model ("HHGM") as was proposed, but instead will take additional time to further engage with stakeholders to move towards a system that shifts the focus from volume of services to a more patient-centered model.

On February 9, 2018, President Trump signed into law the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 (the "BBA 2018"). The BBA 2018 included the following provisions impacting our home health business:

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• **A new case mix model**

Mandates the development of a new case mix model in a transparent process involving CMS, the home health industry, and the Congressional committees of jurisdiction.

The new model will use a 30-day payment period (leaving intact the 60-day assessment and order process), and must be implemented in a budget-neutral manner beginning in 2020 and will not include the use of therapy visits as a determinant. Congressional Budget Office ("CBO") scored this at zero savings and zero cost due to the budget-neutrality requirement.

CMS is specifically instructed to consider the use of alternative payment reform recommendations like the "Risk Based Grouper Model" proposed in lieu of the Home Health Groupings Model ("HHGM") proposed in the preliminary rule. The new model must be developed on a budget-neutral basis as opposed to the HHGM, which was proposed on a non-budget-neutral basis in the preliminary rule. Further, any behavioral adjustments must now be transparent and subject to public notice, comment, and the rule-making process. The HHGM, as proposed, footnoted a reference to behavioral adjustments that were not defined and not transparent in its underlying assumptions period in 2017.

• **Restoration of the 3% rural add-on**

Restores the 3% home health rate add-on for home health patients who reside in rural geographies, effective January 1, 2018. The add-on rate will be phased downward over a five-year period following a formula specified in the legislation.

Restores an important protection of access to Medicare home health care for rural America, and provides sufficient time for the industry to produce additional compelling evidence to demonstrate the positive impact of the rural add-on payment to rural Medicare beneficiaries.

Since its inception, the rural rate has been repeatedly renewed by Congress in recognition of the continued need.

• **Face-to-face documentation improvements** allowing the home health medical record in its entirety to be used in support of the physician's attestation of medical necessity.

A study is to be conducted by the GAO (Government Accounting Office) on Medicare improvements to address the needs of the chronically ill through healthcare services provided at home, including interdisciplinary care management, tele-health, and tele-monitoring for Medicare Advantage plans, requiring states to better integrate Medicare and Medicaid services for the dually-eligible, and the extension and expansion of the Independence at Home Demonstration Program.

• **A specific market basket update** percentage of 1.5% for fiscal year 2020, leaving intact the full market basket update (generally expected to be between 2-3%) for fiscal year 2019. Suspends the productivity adjustment in 2020.

• **Repeal of the Independent Payment Advisory Board**, effective upon passage.

• **Payment rate feasibility study** to be conducted concerning the feasibility of a higher payment rate for providers, including home health providers that engage in the management of patients' chronic conditions.

• **Hospice Services**

On August 1, 2017, CMS issued a Final Rule updating Medicare payment rates and the wage index for hospices for fiscal year 2018. The result will be a 1.0% increase in payment rates due to the provisions of Section 411 (d) of the Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015 (Pub. L. 114-10) ("MACRA"). The hospice cap will be \$28,689.04, which is a 1% increase. The Final Rule finalizes eight measures from Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems ("CAHPS") Hospice Survey data already submitted by hospices. The rule also finalizes the extension of the exception for quality reporting purposes from 30 calendar days to 90 calendar days after the date that an extraordinary circumstance occurred. CMS began public reporting Hospice Quality Reporting Program ("HQR") data via a Hospice Compare Site in August 2017 to help customers make informed choices. Hospices that fail to meet quality reporting requirements will receive a two percentage point reduction to their payments. The following table shows the hospice Medicare payment rates for fiscal year 2018, which began on October 1, 2017 and will end September 30, 2018:

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| Description                  | Rate per patient day |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Routine Home Care days 1-60  | \$192.78             |
| Routine Home Care days 61+   | \$151.41             |
| Continuous Home Care         | \$976.42             |
| Full Rate = 24 hours of care |                      |
| \$40.19 = hourly rate        |                      |
| Inpatient Respite Care       | \$172.78             |
| General Inpatient Care       | \$743.55             |

Per BBA 2018, hospice will be included in Hospital Post-Acute Transfer Policy for early discharges to hospice care. Hospice will be included as a post-acute service subject to the transfer DRG policy, in which acute-care hospitals receive a reduction in payments if they transfer a patient to post-acute care prior to achieving the mean length of stay for the DRG. Currently, home health, skilled nursing facilities, and LTACHs are included within the policy, and the BBA 2018 adds hospice as a post-acute provider subject to the policy.

On April 27, 2018, CMS posted a proposed rule updating the Medicare hospice wage index, payment rates, and cap amount for fiscal year 2019. Under the proposed rule, the hospice cap amount for fiscal year 2019 will be \$29,205.44 (1.8% increase of the 2018 cap amount of \$28,689.04). Additionally, the proposal sets out confirming changes to regulations as a result of section 51006 of the BBA 2018, which provided that effective January 1, 2019, physician assistants will be recognized as designated hospice attending physicians, in addition to physicians and nurse practitioners. This proposal also changes the Hospice Quality Reporting Program. The following table shows the hospice Medicare payment rates for fiscal year 2019, which will begin on October 1, 2018 and will end September 30, 2019:

| Description                  | Rate per patient day |
|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Routine Home Care days 1-60  | \$196.25             |
| Routine Home Care days 61+   | \$154.21             |
| Continuous Home Care         | \$998.77             |
| Full Rate = 24 hours of care |                      |
| \$41.62 = hourly rate        |                      |
| Inpatient Respite Care       | \$176.01             |
| General Inpatient Care       | \$758.07             |

**Community-Based Services**

Community-based services are in-home care services, which are primarily performed by skilled nursing and paraprofessional personnel, and include assistance with activities of daily living to the elderly, chronically ill, and disabled patients. Revenue is generated on an hourly basis and our current primary payors are TennCare Managed Care Organization and Medicaid. Approximately 60% of our net service revenue in this segment was generated in Tennessee for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

**Facility-Based Services**

On December 26, 2013, President Obama signed into law the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2013 (Public Law 113-67). This law prevents a scheduled payment reduction for physicians and other practitioners who treat Medicare patients from taking effect on January 1, 2014. Included in the legislation are the following changes to LTACH reimbursement:

- Medicare discharges from LTACHs will continue to be paid at full LTACH PPS rates if:
  - the patient spent at least three days in a short-term care hospital (“STCH”) intensive care unit (“ICU”) during a STCH stay that immediately preceded the LTACH stay, or

the patient was on a ventilator for more than 96 hours in the LTACH (based on the MS-LTACH DRG assigned) and had a STCH stay immediately preceding the LTACH stay.

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Also, the LTACH discharge cannot have a principal diagnosis that is psychiatric or rehabilitation.

All other Medicare discharges from LTACHs will be paid at a new “site neutral” rate, which is the lesser of the (“IPPS”) comparable per diem amount determined using the formula in the short-stay outlier regulation at 42 C.F.R. § 412.529(d)(4) plus applicable outlier payments, or 100% of the estimated cost of the services involved.

The above new payment policy will be effective for LTACH cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2015, and the site neutral payment rate will be phased-in over two years.

For cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2015, discharges paid at the site neutral payment rate or by a Medicare Advantage plan (Part C) will be excluded from the LTACH average length-of-stay (“ALOS”) calculation. For cost reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 2016 and later, CMS will notify LTACHs of their “LTACH discharge payment percentage” (i.e., the number of discharges not paid at the site neutral payment rate divided by the total number of discharges).

For cost reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 2020 and later, LTACHs with less than 50% of their discharges paid at the full LTACH PPS rates will be switched to payment under the IPPS for all discharges in subsequent cost reporting periods. However, CMS will set up a process for LTACHs to seek reinstatement of LTACH PPS rates for applicable discharges.

MedPAC will study the impact of the above changes on quality of care, use of hospice and other post-acute care settings, different types of LTACHs and growth in Medicare spending on LTACHs. MedPAC is to submit a report to Congress with any recommendations by June 30, 2019. The report is to also include MedPAC’s assessment of whether the 25 Percent rule should continue to be applied.

On August 2, 2017, CMS posted a display copy of its final rule for the annual update to Medicare payment rates and policies for the Fiscal Year 2018 inpatient hospitals prospective payment system and the LTACH PPS. CMS estimates the impact of the proposed rule will result in a 2.4% overall reduction in LTACH spending. The LTACH standard federal rate is reduced to \$41,430.56 from \$42,476.41. CMS is also proposing a 12 month administrative moratorium on application of the 25 Percent Rule beginning with the expiration of the statutory moratorium after September 30, 2017. The 25 Percent Rule will not be applied to LTACHs for discharges occurring on or before September 30, 2018. CMS also adopted certain adjustments to high cost outlier and short stay outlier policies. CMS finalized its proposal for a new severe wound exception to be paid at standard Federal LTACH rates instead of site neutral payments for grandfathered LTACHs. CMS changed the separateness and control restrictions for certain co-located IPPS-exempt hospitals. The Final Rule also adds three new quality measures and discontinues two quality measures. CMS also finalized its proposal to implement collection of standardized patient assessment data under the IMPACT Act on functional status, cognitive function, cancer treatments, respiratory treatments, transfusions and other special services effective for admissions on/after April 1, 2019.

On April 24, 2018, CMS posted a display copy of the proposed rule for the annual update to Medicare payment rates and policies for the Fiscal Year 2019 inpatient hospitals prospective payment system and the LTACH PPS. CMS estimates the impact of the proposed rule will result in a negative 0.1% overall reduction in LTACH spending. The LTACH standard federal rate is increased by 1.15% to \$41,482.98 from \$41,430.56. CMS is also proposing to eliminate the 25 Percent Rule and proposes to implement a one-time budget neutrality adjustment of approximately 0.9% for Fiscal Year 2019. CMS is also proposing policy changes relating to co-located satellite LTACH facilities. It also proposes that for cost reporting periods beginning on or after October 1, 2019, IPPS-excluded hospitals may establish excluded psychiatric and/or rehabilitation units. The proposed rule also makes some changes to the LTACH quality reporting program.

The impact of BBA 2018 on our LTACH business includes a two-year extension of site-neutral blended payments rates for certain long-term care hospital discharges, paid for by a 4.6% reduction in site-neutral payments over 7 years. None of the aforementioned estimated changes to Medicare payments for home health, hospice, and LTACHs include the deficit reduction sequester cuts to Medicare that began on April 1, 2013, which reduced Medicare payments by 2% for patients whose service dates ended on or after April 1, 2013.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three months ended March 31, 2018 compared to three months ended March 31, 2017



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## Consolidated financial statements

The following table summarizes our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 (amounts in thousands, except percentages which are percentages of consolidated net service revenue, unless indicated otherwise):

|  | 2018      |       | 2017      |       | Increase<br>(Decrease) |
|--|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|------------------------|
| Net service revenue  | \$291,054 |       | \$244,249 |       | \$46,805               |
| Cost of service revenue  | 188,618   | 64.8% | 154,370   | 63.2% | 34,248                 |
| General and administrative expenses                              | 92,031    | 31.6  | 72,011    | 29.5  | 20,020                 |
| Interest expense   | (1,450 )  |       | (780 )    |       | 670                    |
| Income tax expense   | 977       | 28.3  | (1)5,173  | 40.6  | (1)(4,196 )            |
| Noncontrolling interest  | 2,983     |       | 2,448     |       | 535                    |
| Net income attributable to LHC Group, Inc.'s common stockholders | \$4,995   |       | \$9,467   |       | \$(4,472 )             |

Effective tax rate as a percentage of income from continuing operations attributable to LHC Group, Inc.'s common (1)stockholders, excluding the excess tax benefits realized during the three months ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, of \$0.7 million and \$0.8 million, respectively.

## Net service revenue

The following table sets forth each of our segment's revenue growth or loss, admissions, census, episodes, patient days, and billable hours for the three months ended March 31, 2018 and the related change from the same period in 2017 (amounts in thousands, except admissions, census, episode data, patient days and billable hours, and revenue excludes implicit price concessions):

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|                          | Same<br>Store(1) | De<br>Novo(2) | Organic(3) | Organic<br>Growth<br>(Loss) % | Acquired(4) | Total     | Total<br>Growth<br>(Loss) % |
|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| Home health services     |                  |               |            |                               |             |           |                             |
| Revenue                  | \$193,686        | \$1,648       | \$195,334  | 9.0 %                         | \$12,196    | \$207,530 | 13.9 %                      |
| Revenue Medicare         | \$135,317        | \$1,531       | \$136,848  | 4.8                           | \$9,402     | \$146,250 | 10.2                        |
| Admissions               | 49,228           | 345           | 49,573     | 6.7                           | 3,550       | 53,123    | 12.3                        |
| Medicare Admissions      | 30,302           | 289           | 30,591     | 4.3                           | 2,437       | 33,028    | 10.8                        |
| Average Census           | 42,109           | 312           | 42,421     | 3.4                           | 2,735       | 45,156    | 8.4                         |
| Average Medicare Census  | 28,205           | 273           | 28,478     | (0.6 )                        | 1,884       | 30,362    | 4.5                         |
| Home Health Episodes     | 50,518           | 417           | 50,935     | (0.2 )                        | 3,385       | 54,320    | 4.9                         |
| Hospice services         |                  |               |            |                               |             |           |                             |
| Revenue                  | \$35,926         | \$176         | \$36,102   | (0.9 )                        | \$7,266     | \$43,368  | 19.0                        |
| Revenue Medicare         | \$33,583         | \$152         | \$33,735   | (1.3 )                        | \$5,893     | \$39,628  | 16.0                        |
| Admissions               | 3,178            | 14            | 3,192      | 4.6                           | 862         | 4,054     | 32.8                        |
| Medicare Admissions      | 2,789            | 11            | 2,800      | 7.6                           | 749         | 3,549     | 36.4                        |
| Average Census           | 2,673            | 20            | 2,693      | (4.6 )                        | 443         | 3,136     | 11.1                        |
| Average Medicare Census  | 2,490            | 17            | 2,507      | (4.1 )                        | 403         | 2,910     | 11.3                        |
| Patient days             | 241,169          | 1,172         | 242,341    | (4.6 )                        | 39,879      | 282,220   | 11.1                        |
| Community-based services |                  |               |            |                               |             |           |                             |
| Revenue                  | \$10,673         | \$1,084       | \$11,757   | 8.7                           | \$2,550     | \$14,307  | 32.3                        |
| Billable hours           | 332,797          | 58,370        | 391,167    | 5.2                           | 87,785      | 478,952   | 28.9                        |
| Facility-based services  |                  |               |            |                               |             |           |                             |
| LTACHs                   |                  |               |            |                               |             |           |                             |
| Revenue                  | \$17,940         | \$—           | \$17,940   | 20.1                          | 10,213      | \$28,153  | 88.5                        |
| Patient days             | 14,776           | —             | 14,776     | 7.6                           | 7,784       | 22,560    | 64.3                        |

(1) Same store — location that has been in service with us for greater than 12 months.

(2) De Novo — internally developed location that has been in service with us for 12 months or less.

(3) Organic — combination of same store and de novo.

(4) Acquired — purchased location that has been in service with us for 12 months or less.

Total organic revenue and patient metrics increased in our home health services segment due to the successful execution of same store growth strategies. Total organic revenue and patient metrics decreased in our hospice services segment due to a lower average census during the first quarter of 2018. Total organic revenue increased in the facility-based services segment due to an increase in patient days.

Organic growth is primarily generated by population growth in areas covered by mature agencies, agencies five years old or older, and by increased market share in acquired and developing agencies. Historically, acquired agencies have the highest growth in admissions and average census in the first 24 months after acquisition, and have the highest contribution to organic growth, measured as a percentage of growth, in the second full year of operation after the acquisition.

#### Cost of service revenue

The following table summarizes cost of service revenue (amounts in thousands, except percentages, which are percentages of the segment's respective net service revenue):

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|                              | Three Months Ended |        |            |        |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--------|------------|--------|
|                              | March 31,          |        | 2017       |        |
|                              | 2018               |        | 2017       |        |
| Home health services         |                    |        |            |        |
| Salaries, wages and benefits | \$ 118,667         | 58.1 % | \$ 101,772 | 56.3 % |
| Transportation               | 6,506              | 3.2    | 5,819      | 3.2    |
| Supplies and services        | 4,988              | 2.4    | 4,495      | 2.5    |
| Total                        | \$ 130,161         | 63.7 % | \$ 112,086 | 62.0 % |
| Hospice services             |                    |        |            |        |
| Salaries, wages and benefits | \$ 20,489          | 48.1 % | \$ 16,088  | 44.7 % |
| Transportation               | 1,624              | 3.8    | 1,433      | 4.0    |
| Supplies and services        | 5,905              | 13.9   | 5,752      | 16.0   |
| Total                        | \$ 28,018          | 65.8 % | \$ 23,273  | 64.7 % |
| Community-based services     |                    |        |            |        |
| Salaries, wages and benefits | \$ 10,647          | 75.6 % | \$ 7,833   | 74.3 % |
| Transportation               | 90                 | 0.6    | 67         | 0.6    |
| Supplies and services        | 53                 | 0.4    | 48         | 0.5    |
| Total                        | \$ 10,790          | 76.6 % | \$ 7,948   | 75.4 % |
| Facility-based services      |                    |        |            |        |
| Salaries, wages and benefits | \$ 13,656          | 45.3 % | \$ 7,618   | 44.5 % |
| Transportation               | 79                 | 0.3    | 68         | 0.4    |
| Supplies and services        | 5,914              | 19.6   | 3,377      | 19.7   |
| Total                        | \$ 19,649          | 65.2 % | \$ 11,063  | 64.6 % |

Consolidated cost of service revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2018 was \$188.6 million, or 64.8% of net service revenue, compared to \$154.4 million, or 63.2% of net service revenue, for the same period in 2017.

Consolidated cost of service revenue variances were as follows:

- Home Health Segment -- Cost of service revenue increased as a percentage of net service revenue due in part to 1.0% Medicare reimbursement cuts recognized in 2018. Additionally, acquisitions accounted for \$6.7 million of the \$18.1 million increase, with the remaining difference caused by the growth in our same store agencies.
- Hospice Segment -- Acquisitions accounted for \$4.7 million of the \$4.8 million increase, with the remaining difference caused by the growth in our same store agencies. Cost of service increased as a percentage of net service revenue due to the decline in average census associated with our same store agencies.
- Community-Based Services Segment: Acquisitions accounted for \$2.7 million of the \$2.8 million increase, with the remaining difference caused by the growth in our same store agencies.
- Facility-Based Segment -- Acquisitions accounted for \$8.4 million of the \$8.6 million increase, with the remaining difference caused by the growth in our same store agencies.

#### General and administrative expenses

The following table summarizes general and administrative expenses (amounts in thousands, except percentages, which are percentages of the segment's respective net service revenue):



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|                               | Three Months Ended March 31, |       |          |       |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|----------|-------|
|                               | 2018                         |       | 2017     |       |
| Home health services          |                              |       |          |       |
| General and administrative    | \$64,142                     | 31.4% | \$51,840 | 28.7% |
| Depreciation and amortization | 2,147                        | 1.1   | 2,082    | 1.2   |
| Total                         | \$66,289                     | 32.5% | \$53,922 | 29.9% |
| Hospice services              |                              |       |          |       |
| General and administrative    | \$12,800                     | 30.0% | \$9,786  | 27.2% |
| Depreciation and amortization | 498                          | 1.2   | 620      | 1.7   |
| Total                         | \$13,298                     | 31.2% | \$10,406 | 28.9% |
| Community-based services      |                              |       |          |       |
| General and administrative    | \$3,187                      | 22.6% | \$2,199  | 20.9% |
| Depreciation and amortization | 111                          | 0.8   | 112      | 1.1   |
| Total                         | \$3,298                      | 23.4% | \$2,311  | 22.0% |
| Facility-based services       |                              |       |          |       |
| General and administrative    | \$8,609                      | 28.6% | \$4,996  | 29.2% |
| Depreciation and amortization | 537                          | 1.8   | 376      | 2.2   |
| Total                         | \$9,146                      | 30.4% | \$5,372  | 31.4% |

Consolidated general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2018 were \$92.0 million, or 31.6% of net service revenue, compared to \$72.0 million, or 29.5% of net service revenue, for the same period in 2017. The increase of \$20.0 million was primarily due to \$7.9 million of incurred acquisition expenses related to the Merger and \$9.7 million related to 2017 acquisitions.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES****Liquidity**

Our principal source of liquidity for operating activities is the collection of patient accounts receivable, most of which are collected from governmental and third party commercial payors. We also have the ability to obtain additional liquidity, if necessary, through our credit facility, which provides for aggregate borrowings, including outstanding letters of credit.

The following table summarizes changes in cash (amounts in thousands):

|                                 | Three Months    |           |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|
|                                 | Ended March 31, |           |
|                                 | 2018            | 2017      |
| Net cash provided by (used in): |                 |           |
| Operating activities            | \$33,835        | \$34,631  |
| Investing activities            | (5,321 )        | (7,459 )  |
| Financing activities            | (22,018 )       | (13,655 ) |

Cash used in financing activities changed primarily due to the \$10.0 million increase in line of credit payments, offset by \$3.3 million of proceeds due to the sale of noncontrolling interests.

**Indebtedness**

As of March 31, 2018, the Company had \$125.0 million drawn and letters of credit in the amount of \$10.7 million outstanding under our credit facility with Capital One, National Association (the "Prior Credit Facility"). At December 31, 2017, the Company had \$144.0 million drawn and letters of credit in the amount of \$9.6 million outstanding under the Prior Credit Facility.

In connection with the closing of the Merger with Almost Family, on March 30, 2018, we entered into a Credit Agreement with JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., which was effective on April 2, 2018 (the "New Credit Agreement"). The New Credit Agreement provides a senior, secured revolving line of credit commitment with a maximum principal borrowing limit of



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\$500.0 million, which includes an additional \$200.0 million accordion expansion feature, and a letter of credit sub-limit equal to \$50.0 million. The expiration date of the New Credit Agreement is March 30, 2023. The New Credit Agreement replaced the Prior Credit Facility, which was set to mature on June 18, 2019.

Revolving loans under the New Credit Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. bear interest at, as selected by the Company, either a (a) Base Rate, which is defined as a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the highest of (1) the Federal Funds Rate in effect on such day plus 0.5%, (2) the Prime Rate in effect on such day, and (3) the Eurodollar Rate for a one month interest period on such day plus 1.5%, plus a margin ranging from 0.50% to 1.25% per annum, or (b) Eurodollar rate plus a margin ranging from 1.50% to 2.25% per annum. Swing line loans bear interest at the Base Rate. The Company is limited to 15 Eurodollar borrowings outstanding at the same time. The Company is required to pay a commitment fee for the unused commitments at rates ranging from 0.200% to 0.350% per annum depending upon the Company's consolidated Leverage Ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement.

On April 2, 2018, the Company borrowed approximately \$247.4 million under the New Credit Agreement to (i) repay the approximately \$107.3 million of outstanding borrowings under Almost Family's \$350 million credit facility, which had a scheduled maturity of December 2021, (ii) repay the approximately \$125.1 million of outstanding borrowings under the Prior Credit Facility, and (iii) pay certain debt issuance and repayment costs and Merger related fees and expenses. Following these borrowings, the Company had approximately \$252.6 million of remaining borrowing capacity available under the New Credit Agreement.

Under the New Credit Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., a letter of credit fee shall be equal to the applicable Eurodollar rate on the average daily amount of the letter of credit exposure. The agent's standard up-front fee and other customary administrative charges will also be due upon issuance of the letter of credit along with a renewal fee on each anniversary date of such issuance while the letter of credit is outstanding. Borrowings accrue interest under the Credit Agreement at either the Base Rate or the Eurodollar rate, and are subject to the applicable margins set forth below:

| Leverage Ratio         | Eurodollar Margin | Base Rate Margin | Commitment Fee Rate |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| ≤1.00:1.00             | 1.50 %            | 0.50 %           | 0.200 %             |
| >1.00:1.00 ≤ 2.00:1.00 | 1.75 %            | 0.75 %           | 0.250 %             |
| >2.00:1.00 ≤ 3.00:1.00 | 2.00 %            | 1.00 %           | 0.300 %             |
| >3.00:1.00             | 2.25 %            | 1.25 %           | 0.350 %             |

Our New Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative, negative and financial covenants. The Credit Facility allows us to make certain restricted payments within certain parameters provided we maintain compliance with those financial ratios and covenants after giving effect to such restricted payments or, in the case of repurchasing shares of its stock, so long as such repurchases are within certain specified baskets.

Our New Credit Agreement also contains customary events of default. These include bankruptcy and other insolvency events, cross-defaults to other debt agreements, a change in control involving us or any subsidiary guarantor, and the failure to comply with certain covenants.

At March 31, 2018, we were in compliance with all covenants contained in the New Credit Agreement.

**Contingencies**

For a discussion of contingencies, see Note 8 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, which is incorporated herein by reference.

**Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not currently have any off-balance sheet arrangements with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. In addition, we do not engage in trading activities involving non-exchange traded contracts. As such, we are not materially exposed to any financing, liquidity, market, or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in these relationships.



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### Critical Accounting Policies

For a discussion of critical accounting policies, see Note 2 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, which is incorporated herein by reference.

### Insurance

We retain coverage for our employee health insurance, workers compensation, employment practices, and professional liability insurance programs. Our insurance programs require us to estimate potential payments on filed claims and/or claims incurred but not reported. Our estimates are based on information provided by the third-party plan administrators, historical claim experience, expected costs of claims incurred but not paid and expected costs associated with settling claims. Each month, we review the insurance-related recoveries and liabilities to determine if any adjustments are required.

Our employee health insurance program is self-funded, with stop-loss coverage on claims that exceed \$0.2 million for any individually covered employee or employee family member. We are responsible for workers' compensation claims up to \$0.5 million per individual incident.

Malpractice, employment practices, and general liability claims for incidents which may give rise to litigation have been asserted against us by various claimants. The claims are in various stages of processing and some may ultimately be brought to trial. We are aware of incidents that have occurred through March 31, 2018 that may result in the assertion of additional claims. We currently carry professional, general liability and employment practices insurance coverage (on a claims made basis) for this exposure. We also carry D&O coverage (also on a claims made basis) for potential claims against our directors and officers, including securities actions, with a deductible of \$1.0 million per security claim and \$0.5 million on other claims.

We estimate our liabilities related to these programs using the most current information available. As claims develop, we may need to change the recorded liabilities and change our estimates. These changes and adjustments could be material to our financial statements, results of operations and financial condition.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

Our exposure to market risk relates to changes in interest rates for borrowings under our credit facility. Our letter of credit fees and interest accrued on our debt borrowings are subject to the applicable Eurodollar or Base Rate. A hypothetical basis point increase in interest rates on the average daily amounts outstanding under the credit facility would have increased interest expense by \$1.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2018.

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act) that are designed to ensure that information that we are required to disclose in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act) were effective as of March 31, 2018.

#### Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act, during the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

For a discussion of legal proceedings, see Note 8 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, which is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

As of March 31, 2018, there are no material changes from the information included in Part I, Item 1A. “Risk Factors” of the Company’s 2017 Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

None.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

- 2.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 15, 2017, by and among LHC Group, Inc., Hammer Merger Sub, Inc., and Almost Family, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit 2.1 to LHC Group's Form 8-K filed on November 16, 2017).
- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation of LHC Group, Inc. (previously filed as an Exhibit 3.1 to the Form S-1/A (File No. 333-120792) on February 14, 2005).
- 3.2 Bylaws of LHC Group, Inc. as amended on December 31, 2007 (previously filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Form 10-Q on May 9, 2008).
- 4.1 Specimen Stock Certificate of LHC Group's Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Form S-1/A (File No. 333-120792) on February 14, 2005).
- 10.1 Senior Secured Credit Facility, dated March 30, 2018, between LHC Group, Inc., the Lenders Party Thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., and Capital One, National Association (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to LHC Group's Form 8-K filed April 2, 2018).
- 31.1 Certification of Keith G. Myers, Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Joshua L. Proffitt, Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of LHC Group, Inc. pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH XBRL Schema Document
- 101.CAL XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF XBRL Definition Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB XBRL Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document

\* This exhibit is furnished to the SEC as an accompanying document and is not deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, and the document will not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

LHC GROUP, INC.

Date: May 3, 2018 /s/ Joshua L. Proffitt  
Joshua L. Proffitt  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal financial officer)