

COMPUTER PROGRAMS & SYSTEMS INC

Form 10-Q

August 06, 2008

[Table of Contents](#)

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008.

.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number: 000-49796

COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND SYSTEMS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

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Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of

74-3032373
(I.R.S. Employer

Incorporation or Organization)

Identification No.)

6600 Wall Street, Mobile, Alabama
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

36695
(Zip Code)

(251) 639-8100

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

N/A

(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐

Accelerated filer ☒

Non-accelerated filer ☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of August 4, 2008, there were 10,838,037 shares of the issuer's common stock outstanding.

Table of Contents

COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND SYSTEMS, INC.

Form 10-Q

(For the period ended June 30, 2008)

INDEX

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1.	<u>Financial Statements</u>	3
	<u>Condensed Balance Sheets June 30, 2008 (unaudited) and December 31, 2007</u>	3
	<u>Condensed Statements of Income (unaudited) Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007</u>	4
	<u>Condensed Statement of Stockholders' Equity (unaudited) Six Months Ended June 30, 2008</u>	5
	<u>Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007</u>	6
	<u>Notes to Condensed Financial Statements (unaudited)</u>	7
Item 2.	<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	14
Item 3.	<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	19
Item 4.	<u>Controls and Procedures</u>	20

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	20
Item 1A.	<u>Risk Factors</u>	20
Item 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	20
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	20
Item 4.	<u>Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders</u>	20
Item 5.	<u>Other Information</u>	21
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	21

Table of Contents**PART I****FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements.****COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND SYSTEMS, INC.****CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS**

	June 30, 2008 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2007
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,851,081	\$ 11,806,017
Investments	11,594,791	11,352,457
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$796,622 and \$948,712, respectively	13,178,796	14,333,934
Financing receivables, current portion	1,878,898	1,734,954
Inventories	1,623,913	1,450,164
Deferred tax assets	1,429,023	1,393,602
Prepaid expenses	419,469	505,565
Total current assets	42,975,971	42,576,693
Property and equipment		
Land	936,026	936,026
Maintenance equipment	4,017,401	3,821,013
Computer equipment	5,875,971	5,663,741
Office furniture and equipment	1,745,442	1,576,728
Automobiles	132,926	132,926
	12,707,766	12,130,434
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,586,212)	(6,621,407)
Net property and equipment	5,121,554	5,509,027
Financing receivables, net of current portion	1,280,467	2,322,471
Total assets	\$ 49,377,992	\$ 50,408,191
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,624,672	\$ 1,716,882
Deferred revenue	3,971,205	3,580,709
Accrued vacation	2,263,666	2,112,256
Income taxes payable	75,736	541,987
Other accrued liabilities	3,363,158	3,506,845
Total current liabilities	11,298,437	11,458,679
Deferred tax liabilities	367,120	571,142

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Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 10,833,142 and 10,807,444 shares issued and outstanding	10,833	10,807
Additional paid-in capital	25,298,646	24,658,818
Accumulated other comprehensive income	36,743	44,825
Retained earnings	12,366,213	13,663,920
 Total stockholders' equity	 37,712,435	 38,378,370
 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	 \$ 49,377,992	 \$ 50,408,191

See accompanying notes.

Table of Contents

COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND SYSTEMS, INC.
CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Sales revenues:				
System sales	\$ 8,458,384	\$ 10,265,862	\$ 19,113,744	\$ 18,582,469
Support and maintenance	13,132,851	12,367,782	26,218,620	24,908,123
Business management services	6,160,287	5,329,436	11,936,426	10,418,915
Total sales revenues	27,751,522	27,963,080	57,268,790	53,909,507
Costs of sales:				
System sales	7,214,583	7,765,596	15,117,166	14,945,403
Support and maintenance	4,772,077	5,006,426	9,569,421	10,062,925
Business management services	3,639,456	3,295,311	7,224,874	6,352,608
Total costs of sales	15,626,116	16,067,333	31,911,461	31,360,936
Gross profit	12,125,406	11,895,747	25,357,329	22,548,571
Operating expenses:				
Sales and marketing	2,129,736	2,306,268	4,389,494	4,382,331
General and administrative	5,286,870	4,764,994	10,761,221	9,657,047
Total operating expenses	7,416,606	7,071,262	15,150,715	14,039,378
Operating income	4,708,800	4,824,485	10,206,614	8,509,193
Other income:				
Interest income	230,708	272,473	495,956	549,108
Total other income	230,708	272,473	495,956	549,108
Income before taxes	4,939,508	5,096,958	10,702,570	9,058,301
Income taxes	1,948,321	1,795,058	4,205,377	3,196,884
Net income	\$ 2,991,187	\$ 3,301,900	\$ 6,497,193	\$ 5,861,417
Net income per share - basic	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.55
Net income per share - diluted	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.55
Weighted average shares outstanding				
Basic	10,752,951	10,682,876	10,749,464	10,673,495
Diluted	10,766,996	10,732,503	10,767,348	10,725,519
Dividends declared per share	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.72

See accompanying notes.

Table of Contents**COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND SYSTEMS, INC.****CONDENSED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (Unaudited)**

	Common Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholders Equity
Balance at December 31, 2007	10,807,444	\$ 10,807	\$ 24,658,818	\$ 44,825	\$ 13,663,920	\$ 38,378,370
Net income					6,497,193	6,497,193
Issuance of common stock	25,698	26	152,219			152,245
Unrealized loss on available for sale investments, net of tax of \$(5,277)				(8,082)		(8,082)
Share-based compensation			454,157			454,157
Dividends					(7,794,900)	(7,794,900)
Income tax benefit from dividends on restricted stock			21,639			21,639
Income tax benefit from stock option exercise			11,813			11,813
Balance at June 30, 2008	10,833,142	\$ 10,833	\$ 25,298,646	\$ 36,743	\$ 12,366,213	\$ 37,712,435

See accompanying notes.

Table of Contents**COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND SYSTEMS, INC.****CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)**

	Six months ended June 30, 2008	2007
Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 6,497,193	\$ 5,861,417
Adjustments to net income:		
Provision for bad debt	1,237,271	14,111
Deferred taxes	(206,960)	65,866
Share-based compensation	454,157	641,648
Excess tax benefit from share-based compensation	(11,813)	(247,770)
Tax benefit from restricted stock dividends	(21,639)	
Depreciation	964,805	1,045,980
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(82,133)	(168,669)
Financing receivables	898,060	(66,467)
Inventories	(173,749)	152,276
Prepaid expenses	86,095	25,019
Accounts payable	(92,210)	(1,502)
Deferred revenue	390,496	1,136,769
Other liabilities	7,723	(173,311)
Income taxes payable	(432,799)	324,579
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,514,497	8,609,946
Investing Activities		
Purchases of property and equipment	(577,332)	(656,185)
Purchases of investments	(282,898)	(244,777)
Net cash used in investing activities	(860,230)	(900,962)
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	152,245	685,370
Income tax benefit from restricted stock dividends	21,639	
Income tax benefit from stock option exercises	11,813	247,770
Dividends paid	(7,794,900)	(7,745,066)
Net cash used in financing activities	(7,609,203)	(6,811,926)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,045,064	897,058
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	11,806,017	8,760,122
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 12,851,081	\$ 9,657,180
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refund	\$ 4,845,136	\$ 2,806,438

See accompanying notes.

Table of Contents

COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND SYSTEMS, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and include all adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the periods presented. All such adjustments are considered of a normal recurring nature. Quarterly results of operations are not necessarily indicative of annual results.

Certain financial information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted. These unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007 and the notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

2. REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, principally:

Statement of Position (SOP) No. 97-2, *Software Revenue Recognition*, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

AICPA SOP No. 98-9, *Modification of SOP 97-2, Software Revenue Recognition, With Respect to Certain Transactions*.

Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 101, *Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements*, issued by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, as amended by SAB No. 104.

The Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue 00-3, *Application of AICPA Statement of Position 97-2 to Arrangements That Include the Right to Use Software Stored on Another Entity's Hardware*.

EITF Issue 03-5, *Applicability of AICPA Statement of Position 97-2 to Non-Software Deliverables in an Arrangement Containing More Than Incidental Software*.

The Company's revenue is generated from three sources:

the sale of information systems, which includes software, conversion and installation services, hardware, peripherals, forms and supplies.

the provision of system support services, which includes software application support, hardware maintenance, continuing education, application service provider (ASP) products, and internet service provider (ISP) products.

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the provision of business management services, which includes electronic billing, statement processing, payroll processing and accounts receivable management.

The Company enters into contractual obligations to sell hardware, perpetual software licenses, installation and training services, and maintenance services. Revenue from hardware sales is recognized upon shipment, when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable and collection is probable. Revenue from the perpetual software licenses and installation and training services are recognized using the residual method. The residual method allocates an amount of the arrangement to the elements for which fair value can be determined and any remaining arrangement consideration (the residual revenue) is then allocated to the delivered elements. The fair value of maintenance services is determined based on vendor specific objective evidence (VSOE) of fair value and is deferred and recognized as revenue ratably over the maintenance term. VSOE of fair value of maintenance services is determined by reference to the price the Company's customers are required to pay for the services when sold separately via renewals. The residual revenue is allocated to the perpetual license and installation and training services and is recognized over the term that the installation and training services are performed for the entire arrangement. The method of recognizing revenue for the perpetual license for the associated modules included in the arrangement and related installation and training services over the term the services are performed is on a module by module basis as the respective installation and training for each specific module is completed as this is representative of the pattern of provision of these services. The installation and training services are normally completed in three to four weeks.

Revenue derived from maintenance contracts primarily includes revenue from software application support, hardware maintenance, continuing education and related services. Maintenance contracts are typically sold for a separate fee with initial contract periods ranging from one to seven years, with renewal for additional periods thereafter. Maintenance revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance agreement.

Table of Contents

The Company accounts for ASP contracts in accordance with the EITF 00-3, *Application of AICPA Statement of Position 97-2 to Arrangements That Include the Right to Use Software Stored on Another Entity's Hardware*. EITF 00-3 states that the software element of ASP services is covered by SOP 97-2 only if the customer has the contractual right to take possession of the software at any time during the hosting period without significant penalty and it is feasible for the customer to either run the software on its own hardware or contract with another party related to the vendor to host the software. Each ASP contract includes a system purchase and buyout clause, and this clause specifies the total amount of the system buyout.

In addition, a clause is included which states that should the system be bought out by the customer, the customer would be required to enter into a general support agreement (for post-contract support services) for the remainder of the original ASP term. Accordingly, the Company has concluded that ASP customers do not have the right to take possession of the system without significant penalty (i.e. the purchase price of the system), and thus ASP revenue of the Company does not fall within the scope of SOP 97-2. In accordance with SAB No. 104, revenue is recognized when the services are performed.

Revenue for ISP and business management services are recognized in the period in which the services are performed.

3. DETAILS ON BALANCE SHEET AMOUNTS

Other accrued liabilities are comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Accrued salaries and benefits	\$ 2,125,022	\$ 2,560,116
Accrued commissions	367,033	392,033
Accrued self-insurance reserves	418,400	388,400
Fair value of lease guaranty	244,038	
Other	208,665	166,296
	\$ 3,363,158	\$ 3,506,845

4. INVESTMENTS

The Company accounts for investments in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards SFAS No. 115, *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities*. Accordingly, investments are classified as available-for-sale securities and are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported in a separate component of stockholders' equity. The Company's management determines the appropriate classifications of investments in fixed maturity securities at the time of acquisition and re-evaluates the classifications at each balance sheet date. The Company's investments in fixed maturity securities are classified as available-for-sale.

Investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2008:

	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Short term investments	\$ 711,767	\$ 200	\$ 783	\$ 711,184
Obligations of U.S. Treasury, U.S. government corporation and agencies	4,890,903	57,192	5,226	4,942,869
Mortgaged backed securities	237,055		2,658	234,397
Corporate bonds	5,696,838	31,890	22,387	5,706,341
	\$ 11,536,563	\$ 89,282	\$ 31,054	\$ 11,594,791

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Shown below are the amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities with fixed maturities at June 30, 2008, by contract maturity date. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers of certain securities retain early call or prepayment rights.

Table of Contents

	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Due in 2008	\$ 2,410,531	\$ 2,415,877
Due in 2009	6,548,019	6,609,326
Due in 2010	1,932,257	1,925,379
Due in 2011	408,701	409,812
Due thereafter	237,055	234,397
	\$ 11,536,563	\$ 11,594,791

Investments are comprised of the following at December 31, 2007:

	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Short term investments	\$ 377,360	\$	\$	\$ 377,360
Obligations of U.S. Treasury, U.S. government corporation and agencies	5,571,662	55,860	804	5,626,718
Mortgaged backed securities	298,097		436	297,661
Municipal obligations	800,000			800,000
Corporate bonds	4,219,731	36,840	5,853	4,250,718
	\$ 11,266,850	\$ 92,700	\$ 7,093	\$ 11,352,457

5. NET INCOME PER SHARE

The Company presents both basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) amounts. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period presented. Diluted EPS amounts are based upon the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during the period presented. The Company uses the treasury stock method to calculate the impact of outstanding stock options and unvested restricted stock grants. Potentially dilutive shares are derived from outstanding stock options that have an exercise price less than the weighted average market price of our common stock and unvested restricted stock grants. Any options with an exercise price greater than the weighted average market price of our common stock or unvested restricted stock grants that are considered antidilutive are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share. The difference between basic and diluted EPS is attributable to stock options. For the three month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, these dilutive shares were 14,045 and 49,627, respectively. For the six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, these dilutive shares were 17,884 and 52,024, respectively. The number of unvested restricted stock grants considered antidilutive and thus excluded from the year to date dilutive earnings per share computation at June 30, 2008 were 76,086.

6. INCOME TAXES

The Company accounts for income taxes using the liability method in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. Deferred income taxes arise from the temporary differences in the recognition of income and expenses for tax purposes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are comprised of the following:

Table of Contents

	June 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Deferred tax assets:		
Accounts receivable	\$ 310,683	\$ 369,998
Accrued vacation	882,830	823,780
Stock-based compensation	528,033	519,571
Other comprehensive income	5,276	
Other accrued liabilities	230,234	227,031
Total deferred tax assets	\$ 1,957,056	\$ 1,940,380
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Other comprehensive income	\$	\$ 33,449
Depreciation	895,153	1,090,713
Total deferred tax liabilities	\$ 895,153	\$ 1,124,162

Significant components of the Company's income tax provision for the six months ended June 30 are as follows:

	2008	2007
Current provision:		
Federal	\$ 3,629,364	\$ 2,546,263
State	782,973	584,755
Deferred (benefit) provision:		
Federal	(185,733)	59,110
State	(21,227)	6,756
Total income tax provision	\$ 4,205,377	\$ 3,196,884

The difference between income taxes at the U. S. federal statutory income tax rate of 35% and those reported in the condensed statements of income for the six months ended June 30 are as follows:

	2008	2007
Income taxes at U. S. Federal statutory rate	\$ 3,745,900	\$ 3,170,405
State income tax, net of federal tax effect	487,706	421,697
Other	(28,229)	(395,218)
Total income tax provision	\$ 4,205,377	\$ 3,196,884

We had no unrecognized tax benefits or accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions as of June 30, 2008 under the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FIN 48). The tax year 2006 and 2007 federal returns remain open to examination and the tax years 2003 – 2007 remain open to other taxing jurisdictions to which we are subject.

7. STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004), *Share Based Payment* (SFAS No. 123R). SFAS No. 123R establishes accounting for stock-based awards exchanged for employee services. Accordingly, stock-based compensation cost is measured at grant date based on the fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense over the employee's requisite service period. The Company previously applied Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and related Interpretations and provided pro forma disclosures of SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock Based*

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Compensation. The Company elected to adopt the modified prospective application method as provided by SFAS No. 123R, and, accordingly, prior periods are not restated for the effects of SFAS No. 123R. The Company recorded compensation costs as the requisite service rendered for the unvested portion of previously issued awards that remain outstanding at the initial date of adoption and any awards issued, modified, repurchased, or cancelled after the effective date of SFAS 123R.

Table of Contents

The following table shows total stock-based compensation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, included in the Condensed Statements of Income:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007
Costs of sales	\$ 74,998	\$ 116,793	\$ 149,996	\$ 269,529
Operating expenses	154,998	179,288	304,161	372,119
Pre-tax stock-based compensation expense	229,996	296,081	454,157	641,648
Less: income tax effect	91,078	117,248	179,846	254,093
Net stock-based compensation expense	\$ 138,918	\$ 178,833	\$ 274,311	\$ 387,555

2002 Stock Option Plan

Under the 2002 Stock Option Plan, as amended, the Company has authorized the issuance of equity-based awards for up to 865,333 shares of common stock to provide additional incentive to employees and officers. Pursuant to the plan, the Company can grant either incentive or non-qualified stock options. Options to purchase common stock under the 2002 Stock Option Plan have been granted to Company employees with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the underlying shares on the date of grant.

Stock options granted under the 2002 Stock Option Plan to executive officers of the Company become vested as to all of the shares covered by such grant on the fifth anniversary of the grant date and expire on the seventh anniversary of the grant date. Stock options granted under the 2002 Stock Option Plan to employees other than executive officers become vested as to 50% of the shares covered by the option grant on the third anniversary of the grant date and as to 100% of such shares on the fifth anniversary of the grant date. In addition, options become vested upon termination of employment resulting from death, disability or retirement. Such options expire on the seventh anniversary of the grant date.

Under the methodology of SFAS No. 123, the fair value of the Company's stock options was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The multiple option approach was used, with assumptions for expected option life of 5 years and 44% expected volatility for the market price of the Company's stock in 2002. An estimated dividend yield of 3% was used. The risk-free rate of return was determined to be 2.79% in 2002. No options were granted during 2007 or the first six months of 2008.

Table of Contents

A summary of stock option activity under the plan during the six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 is as follows:

	June 30, 2008		June 30, 2007	
	Shares	Exercise Price	Shares	Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of year	152,444	\$ 16.50	222,597	\$ 16.50
Granted				
Exercised	(9,227)	16.50	(41,523)	16.50
Forfeited			(9,991)	16.50
Outstanding at end of period	143,217	\$ 16.50	171,083	\$ 16.50
Exercisable at end of period	143,217	\$ 16.50	171,083	\$ 16.50
Shares available for future grants under the plan at end of period		495,134		495,355
Weighted-average grant date fair value		\$		\$
Weighted-average remaining contractual life		1.0		2.0
Aggregate intrinsic value outstanding options		\$ 118,870		
Aggregate intrinsic value exercisable options		\$ 118,870		

The aggregate intrinsic value in the above table represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between the Company's closing stock price on the last trading date of the second quarter of 2008 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of options.) The amount of aggregate intrinsic value will change based on the fair market value of the Company's stock.

The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised during the quarters ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007 was \$15,513 and \$621,213, respectively.

As of June 30, 2008, there was no unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under 2002 Stock Option Plan.

2005 Restricted Stock Plan

On January 27, 2006, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved the grant of 116,498 shares of restricted stock, effective January 30, 2006, to certain executive officers of the Company under the 2005 Restricted Stock Plan. The grant date fair value was \$42.91 per share. The restricted stock vests in five equal annual installments commencing on the first anniversary of the date of grant. On May 17, 2006, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved the grant of 17,810 shares of restricted stock to Michael Jones, the newly named Chief Operating Officer of the Company. The grant date fair value was \$42.11 per share. The restricted stock vests in five equal annual installments commencing January 30, 2007, and each January 30 thereafter. On January 23, 2008, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved the grant of 16,471 shares of restricted stock to Darrell G. West, the Company's Vice President Finance and Chief Financial Officer. The grant date fair value was \$21.25 per share. The restricted stock vests in five equal annual installments commencing January 30, 2009, and each January 30 thereafter.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2008		Six Months Ended June 30, 2007	
	Weighted-Average		Weighted-Average
Shares	Grant-Date Fair Value	Shares	Grant-Date Fair Value

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Nonvested stock outstanding at beginning of year	79,487	\$	42.77	111,009	\$	42.79
Granted	16,471		21.25			
Vested	(19,872)		42.77	(22,202)		42.81
Nonvested stock outstanding at end of period	76,086	\$	38.11	88,807	\$	42.79

As of June 30, 2008, there was \$2,361,809 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under the 2005 Restricted Stock Plan. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.7 years.

Table of Contents**8. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, *Reporting Comprehensive Income*, requires the disclosure of certain revenue, expenses, gains and losses that are excluded from net income in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Total comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2006
Net income as reported	\$ 2,991,187	\$ 3,301,900	\$ 6,497,193	\$ 5,861,417
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized loss on investments, net of taxes	(46,780)	(10,948)	(8,082)	7,606
Total comprehensive income	\$ 2,944,407	\$ 3,290,952	\$ 6,489,111	\$ 5,869,023

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2008, the Company is contingently liable as guarantor on a lease obligation between Solis Healthcare, LP (Solis Healthcare) and Winthrop Resources Corporation (Winthrop). Winthrop purchased a software system from us and leased it to Solis Healthcare in the first quarter of 2008. We provided this guarantee in order to facilitate Solis Healthcare in leasing the new system.

The lease has an initial term of five years and continues from year to year thereafter until terminated. We are contingently liable as guarantor under the lease such that, if at any time prior to the termination of the lease, Solis Healthcare (i) enters into bankruptcy or (ii) defaults for more than 60 days in its payments or performance under the lease, we will be obligated to perform under the guaranty by making the required lease payments, including late fees and penalties. The guaranty runs for the entire term of the lease; however, the maximum potential amount of future payments that CPSI would be required to make to Winthrop under the guaranty is \$2,145,000, plus any fees and costs that Winthrop incurs in collecting amounts due under the lease (including attorney's fees and costs). We recorded \$2,171,112, the amount billed for the new system installation, as revenue during the first quarter of 2008. Due to the contingent nature of the guaranty, the maximum amount of the guaranty is not recorded on our balance sheet; however, when necessary we record reserves to cover potential losses. A liability in the amount of \$244,038, the estimated fair value of the guaranty, is recorded on our balance sheet as an other accrued liability at June 30, 2008.

10. FAIR VALUE

We adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS 157) on January 1, 2008. SFAS 157 establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands financial statement disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements, but rather applies to all other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. In February 2008, the FASB issued a final Staff Position to allow a one-year deferral of adoption of SFAS 157 for nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis. The Company has elected this one-year deferral and thus will not apply the provisions of SFAS 157 to nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities that are recognized at fair value in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis until its fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of applying SFAS 157 to nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities measured on a nonrecurring basis. The FASB also amended SFAS 157 to exclude FASB Statement No. 13 and its related interpretive accounting pronouncements that address leasing transactions. SFAS 157 requires that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The fair values of the Company's available-for-sale securities are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. We generally apply fair value techniques on a non-recurring basis associated with (1) valuing potential impairment loss related to financing receivables

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accounted for pursuant to SFAS No. 13, and (2) valuing potential impairment loss related to long-lived assets accounted for pursuant to SFAS No. 144.

Table of Contents

The following table summarizes the carrying amounts and fair values of certain assets at June 30, 2008:

	Carrying Amount	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Available-for-sale securities	\$ 11,594,791	\$ 11,594,791	\$	\$
Lease Guaranty	\$ 244,038	\$	\$	\$ 244,038

There was no cumulative effect of adoption related to SFAS 157, and the adoption did not have an impact on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

11. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

We adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* (SFAS 159), on January 1, 2008. SFAS 159 permits entities to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value (the fair value option). Under this pronouncement, a business entity must report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting period. We did not elect the fair value option for any items on our Condensed Balance Sheets and we have not determined whether or not we will elect this option for any financial instruments that we may acquire in the future.

We adopted the provisions of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 07-3, *Accounting for Nonrefundable Advance Payments for Goods or Services Received for Use in Future Research and Development Activities* (EITF No. 07-3), on January 1, 2008. EITF No. 07-3 requires that nonrefundable advance payments for goods or services that will be used or rendered for future research and development activities be deferred and capitalized and recognized as an expense as the goods are delivered or the related services are performed. The adoption of EITF No. 07-3 did not have an impact on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

We adopted the provisions of the FASB EITF Issue No. 06-11, *Accounting for Income Tax Benefits of Dividends on Share-Based Payment Awards* (EITF No. 06-11), on January 1, 2008. EITF No. 06-11 requires that the income tax benefits from dividends on equity-classified employee share-based payment awards be reflected as an increase in paid-in-capital. The effects of the adoption are disclosed in the Condensed Statement of Stockholders' Equity and Condensed Statements of Cash Flows in the financial statements.

In May 2008, FASB issued SFAS No. 162, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* (SFAS 162). SFAS 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. This Statement is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, *The meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

In June 2008, the FASB issued FSP Emerging Issues Task Force 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities* (FSP EITF 03-6-1). This FSP would require unvested share-based payment awards containing non-forfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) to be included in the computation of basic EPS according to the two-class method. The effective date of FSP EITF 03-6-1 is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 and requires all prior-period EPS data presented to be adjusted retrospectively (including interim financial statements, summaries of earnings, and selected financial data) to conform with the provisions of this FSP. FSP EITF 03-6-1 does not permit early application. This FSP changes our calculation of basic and diluted EPS and may lower previously reported basic and diluted EPS as weighted-average shares outstanding used in the EPS calculation will increase. We are currently evaluating the impact of this statement on our financial statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with the unaudited condensed financial statements and related notes appearing elsewhere herein.

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This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements can be identified generally by the use of forward-looking terminology and words such as expects, anticipates, estimates, believes, predicts, intends, plans, potential, may, continue, should, will and other similar words. Without limiting the generality of the preceding statement, all statements in this report relating to estimated and projected earnings, margins, costs, expenditures, cash flows, growth rates and future financial results are forward-looking statements. We caution investors that any such forward-looking statements are only predictions and are not guarantees of future performance. Certain risks, uncertainties and other factors may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Such factors may include:

overall business and economic conditions affecting the healthcare industry;

Table of Contents

saturation of our target market and hospital consolidations;

changes in customer purchasing priorities and demand for information technology systems;

competition with companies that have greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we have;

failure to develop new technology and products in response to market demands;

fluctuations in quarterly financial performance due to, among other factors, timing of customer installations;

failure of our products to function properly resulting in claims for medical losses;

government regulation of our products and customers, including changes in healthcare policy affecting Medicare reimbursement rates; and

interruptions in our power supply and/or telecommunications capabilities.

Additional information concerning these and other factors which could cause differences between forward-looking statements and future actual results is discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Overview

We are a healthcare information technology company that designs, develops, markets, installs, maintains and supports computerized information technology systems to meet the unique demands of small and midsize hospitals. Our target market includes acute care community hospitals with 300 or fewer beds and small specialty hospitals. We are a single-source vendor providing comprehensive software and hardware products, complemented by data conversion, complete installation and extensive support. Our fully integrated, enterprise-wide system automates the management of clinical and financial data across the primary functional areas of a hospital. In addition, we provide business management services that enable our customers to outsource certain data-related business processes which we can perform more efficiently. We believe our products and services enhance hospital performance in the critical areas of clinical care, revenue cycle management, cost control and regulatory compliance. From our initial hospital installation in 1981, we have grown to serve more than 600 hospital customers across 46 states and the District of Columbia. In the three months ended June 30, 2008, we generated revenues of \$27.8 million from the sale of our products and services.

Table of Contents**Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth certain items included in our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, expressed as a percentage of our total revenues for these periods (dollar amounts in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2008		2007		2008		2007	
	Amount	% Sales	Amount	% Sales	Amount	% Sales	Amount	% Sales
INCOME DATA:								
Sales revenues:								
System sales	\$ 8,458	30.5%	\$ 10,266	36.7%	\$ 19,114	33.4%	\$ 18,582	34.5%
Support and maintenance	13,133	47.3%	12,368	44.2%	26,219	45.8%	24,908	46.2%
Business management services	6,160	22.2%	5,329	19.1%	11,936	20.8%	10,419	19.3%
Total sales revenues	27,751	100.0%	27,963	100.0%	57,269	100.0%	53,909	100.0%
Costs of sales:								
System sales	7,215	26.0%	7,766	27.8%	15,117	26.4%	14,945	27.7%
Support and maintenance	4,772	17.2%	5,006	17.9%	9,570	16.7%	10,063	18.7%
Business management services	3,639	13.1%	3,295	11.8%	7,225	12.6%	6,353	11.8%
Total costs of sales	15,626	56.3%	16,067	57.5%	31,912	55.7%	31,361	58.2%
Gross profit	12,125	43.7%	11,896	42.5%	25,357	44.3%	22,548	41.8%
Operating expenses:								
Sales and marketing	2,130	7.7%	2,306	8.2%	4,390	7.7%	4,382	8.1%
General and administrative	5,287	19.1%	4,765	17.0%	10,761	18.8%	9,657	17.9%
Total operating expenses	7,417	26.7%	7,071	25.2%	15,151	26.5%	14,039	26.0%
Operating income	4,708	17.0%	4,825	17.3%	10,206	17.8%	8,509	15.8%
Other income:								
Interest income	231	0.8%	272	1.0%	496	0.9%	549	1.0%
Total other income	231	0.8%	272	1.0%	496	0.9%	549	1.0%
Income before taxes	4,939	17.8%	5,097	18.2%	10,702	18.7%	9,058	16.8%
Income taxes	1,948	7.0%	1,795	6.4%	4,205	7.3%	3,197	5.9%
Net Income	\$ 2,991	10.8%	\$ 3,302	11.8%	\$ 6,497	11.3%	\$ 5,861	10.9%

Three Months Ended June 30, 2008 Compared with Three Months Ended June 30, 2007

Revenues. Total revenues decreased by 0.7%, or \$0.2 million, to \$27.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$28.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

System sales revenues decreased by 17.6%, or \$1.8 million, to \$8.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$10.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. This decrease was primarily due to fewer system installations compared to the second quarter of the prior year. We completed software system installations at 11 new hospital clients in the second quarter of 2008 compared to 28 new hospital clients in the second quarter of 2007.

Support and maintenance revenues increased by 6.2%, or \$0.7 million, to \$13.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$12.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. This increase was attributable to an increase in recurring revenues as a result of a larger

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customer base and increased sales of add-on business to existing customers.

Business management services revenues increased by 15.6%, or \$0.9 million, to \$6.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$5.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. We experienced an increase in business management services revenues as a result of continued growth in existing customer demand for electronic billing and accounts receivable management services. We were providing full business office management services to 19 customers at June 30, 2008 compared to 17 customers at June 30, 2007.

Costs of Sales. Total costs of sales decreased by 2.7%, or \$0.4 million, to \$15.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$16.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. As a percentage of total revenues, costs of sales decreased to 56.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2008 from 57.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The gross margin on sales increased to 43.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2008 from 42.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

Table of Contents

Cost of system sales decreased by 7.1%, or \$0.6 million, to \$7.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$7.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. Cost of equipment and software decreased \$0.6 million as a result of a decrease in equipment sales from fewer installations. The gross margin on system sales decreased to 14.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from 24.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The gross margin decrease is generally due to a high percentage of fixed expenses included in cost of sales which results in a lower gross margin percentage.

Cost of support and maintenance decreased by 4.7%, or \$0.2 million, to \$4.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$5.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The gross margin on support and maintenance revenues increased to 63.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2008, compared to 59.5% for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The increase in gross margin was primarily due to the addition of new customers and increased sales of add-on business to our existing customer base without a proportional increase in support personnel.

Our costs associated with business management services increased by 10.4%, or \$0.3 million, to \$3.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$3.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. This increase was caused primarily by an increase of \$0.3 million in payroll related expenses as a result of an increase in the number of employees needed to support our growing business management services operations, including our electronic billing operations.

Sales and Marketing Expenses. Sales and marketing expenses decreased by 7.7%, or \$0.2 million, to \$2.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$2.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The decrease is attributable to a decrease in sales commission expense.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses increased 11.0%, or \$0.5 million, to \$5.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2008, from \$4.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. This increase was attributable to a \$0.7 million charge to bad debt expense during the second quarter of 2008 in anticipation of potential collection problems with certain customers in the future due to deteriorating economic conditions. This charge was partially offset by a \$0.2 million decrease in office and printing expenses.

As a percentage of total revenues, sales and marketing expenses, and general and administrative expenses increased to 26.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2008 from 25.2% for three months ended June 30, 2007.

Net Income. Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2008 decreased by 9.4%, or \$0.3 million, to \$3.0 million, or \$0.28 per diluted share, as compared with net income of \$3.3 million, or \$0.31 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 30, 2007. Net income represented 10.8% of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to 11.8% of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 Compared with Six Months Ended June 30, 2007

Revenues. Total revenues increased by 6.2%, or \$3.4 million, to \$57.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$53.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

System sales revenues increased by 2.9%, or \$0.5 million, to \$19.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$18.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. This increase was primarily due to larger system installations compared to the prior year. We completed software system installations at 17 new hospital clients during the first six months of 2008 compared to 35 new hospital clients during the first six months of 2007.

Support and maintenance revenues increased by 5.3%, or \$1.3 million, to \$26.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$24.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. This increase was attributable to an increase in recurring revenues as a result of a larger customer base and increased sales of add-on business to existing customers.

Business management services revenues increased by 14.6%, or \$1.5 million, to \$11.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$10.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. We experienced an increase in business management services revenues as a result of continued growth in existing customer demand for electronic billing and accounts receivable management services.

Costs of Sales. Total costs of sales increased by 1.8%, or \$0.5 million, to \$31.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$31.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. As a percentage of total revenues, costs of sales decreased to 55.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2008 from 58.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The gross margin on sales increased to 44.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2008 from 41.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

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Cost of system sales increased by 1.2%, or \$0.2 million, to \$15.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$14.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. Travel expenses increased \$0.4 million as a result of an increase in air travel and fuel costs. Payroll and related costs decreased by \$0.1 million due to decreased personnel. Cost of software also decreased by \$0.1 million. The gross margin on system sales increased to 20.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from 19.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The gross margin on larger system installations is generally higher due to a high percentage of fixed expenses included in cost of sales which results in a higher gross margin percentage as revenue increases.

Table of Contents

Cost of support and maintenance decreased by 4.9%, or \$0.5 million, to \$9.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$10.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The gross margin on support and maintenance revenues increased to 63.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to 59.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The increase in gross margin was primarily due to the addition of new customers and increased sales of add-on business to our existing customer base without a proportional increase in support personnel.

Our costs associated with business management services increased by 13.7%, or \$0.8 million, to \$7.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$6.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. This increase was caused primarily by an increase of \$0.8 million in payroll related expenses as a result of an increase in the number of employees needed to support our growing business management services operations, including our electronic billing operations. Postage expense also increased during the year due to small postage rate increases in May of 2007 and 2008.

Sales and Marketing Expenses. Sales and marketing expenses remained flat at \$4.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, and June 30, 2007.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses increased 11.4%, or \$1.1 million, to \$10.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, from \$9.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. This increase was attributable to a \$1.2 million charge to bad debt expense during the year in anticipation of potential collection problems with certain customers in the future due to deteriorating economic conditions. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in payroll and related expenses of \$0.1 million.

As a percentage of total revenues, sales and marketing expenses, and general and administrative expenses increased to 26.5% for the six months ended June 30, 2008 from 26.0% for six months ended June 30, 2007.

Net Income. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2008 increased by 10.9%, or \$0.6 million, to \$6.5 million, or \$0.60 per diluted share, as compared with net income of \$5.9 million, or \$0.55 per diluted share, for the six months ended June 30, 2007. Net income represented 11.3% of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2008, as compared to 10.9% of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We had cash and cash equivalents of \$12.9 million at June 30, 2008, compared to \$9.7 million at June 30, 2007. Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2008 was \$9.5 million, compared to \$8.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The increase was primarily due to an increase in net income and a decrease in accounts receivable offset partially by an increase in deferred revenue.

Net cash used in investing activities totaled \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$0.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. We used cash for the purchase of \$0.6 million of property and equipment and investments of \$0.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2008.

Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$7.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2008, compared to \$6.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007. We declared and paid dividends of \$7.8 million during the first six months of 2008. We received proceeds from the exercise of stock options, including the related tax benefit, of \$0.2 million.

We currently do not have a bank line of credit or other credit facility in place. Our future capital requirements will depend upon a number of factors, including the rate of growth of our sales, cash collections from our customers and our future investments in fixed assets. We believe that our available cash and cash equivalents and anticipated cash generated from operations will be sufficient to meet our operating requirements for at least the next 12 months.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Our only off-balance sheet arrangement, as defined by Item 303(a)(4) of SEC Regulation S-K, consists of our guarantee of certain lease obligations of Solis Healthcare, LP (Solis Healthcare) to Winthrop Resources Corporation (Winthrop) under a lease agreement. Winthrop purchased a software system from us and leased it to Solis Healthcare in the first quarter of 2008. We provided this guarantee in order to facilitate Solis Healthcare in leasing the new system.

The lease has an initial term of five years and continues from year to year thereafter until terminated. We are contingently liable as guarantor under the lease such that, if at any time prior to the termination of the lease, Solis Healthcare (i) enters into bankruptcy or (ii) defaults for more than 60 days in its payments or performance under the lease, we will be obligated to perform under the guaranty by making the required lease payments, including late fees and penalties. The guaranty runs for the entire term of the lease; however, the maximum potential amount of future

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payments that we would be required to make to Winthrop under the guaranty is \$2,145,000, plus any fees and costs that Winthrop incurs in collecting amounts due under the lease (including attorney's fees and costs). We recorded \$2,171,112, the amount billed for the new system installation, as revenue during the first quarter of 2008. Due to the contingent nature of the guaranty, the maximum amount of the guaranty is not recorded on our balance sheet; however, when necessary, we record reserves to cover potential losses. A liability in the amount of \$244,038, the estimated fair value of the guaranty, is recorded on our balance sheet as an other accrued liability at June 30, 2008. See Note 9 to the financial statements for additional information.

Table of Contents**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.**

Our exposure to market risk relates primarily to the potential change in the value of our investment portfolio as a result of fluctuations in interest rates. The primary purpose of our investment activities is to preserve principal while maximizing the income we receive from our investments without significantly increasing risk of loss. As of June 30, 2008, our investment portfolio consisted of a variety of financial instruments, including, but not limited to, money market securities and high quality government, municipal and corporate obligations. It is our intent to ensure the safety and preservation of our invested principal funds by limiting default risk, market risk and reinvestment risk. We do not hold financial instruments for trading or other speculative purposes. The securities in our investment portfolio are classified as available-for-sale and, consequently, are recorded on our balance sheet at fair market value with their related unrealized gain or loss reflected as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity.

Investments in both fixed rate and floating rate interest earning instruments carry a degree of interest rate risk. Fixed rate securities may have their fair market value adversely impacted due to a rise in interest rates, while floating rate securities may produce less income than expected if interest rates fall. Due in part to these factors, our future investment income may fall short of expectation due to changes in interest rates or we may suffer losses in principal if forced to sell securities which have declined in market value due to changes in interest rates.

We believe that the market risk arising from our holdings of these financial instruments is minimal. Due to the conservative allocation of our investment portfolio, we do not believe that an immediate 10% increase in interest rates would have a material effect on the fair market value of our portfolio. Additionally, since we believe we have the ability to liquidate this portfolio, we do not expect our operating results or cash flows to be materially affected to any significant degree by a sudden change in market interest rates on our investment portfolio. We do not utilize derivative financial instruments to manage our interest rate risks.

The table that follows presents fair values of principal amounts and weighted average interest rates for our investment portfolio as of June 30, 2008.

	Aggregate Fair Value	Weighted Average Interest Rate
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Cash	\$ 7,104,856	
Money market funds	59,147	2.32%
Certificates of deposit	5,687,078	1.49%
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,851,081	
Short-Term Investments:(1)		
Accrued Income	\$ 176,738	
Money market funds	135,373	2.58%
Commercial Paper	399,073	2.14%
Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S government corporations and agencies	2,290,874	3.79%
Corporate Bonds	2,406,415	4.43%
Total short-term investments	\$ 5,408,473	
Long-Term Investments:(2)		
Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S government corporations and agencies	\$ 2,651,995	4.99%
Mortgage backed securities	234,397	5.00%
Corporate debt securities	3,299,926	5.09%
Total long-term investments	\$ 6,186,318	

(1) Reflects instruments with a contractual maturity of less than one year.

- (2) Reflects instruments with a contractual maturity of one year or more.

Table of Contents

As of June 30, 2008, the Company had no borrowings and, therefore, is not subject to interest rate risks related to debt instruments.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Company that is required to be included in our periodic SEC filings. There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we are involved in routine litigation that arises in the ordinary course of business. We are not currently involved in any litigation that we believe could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Not applicable.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

The Company held its Annual Meeting of Stockholders on May 8, 2008. At the meeting, the Company's stockholders voted to elect two Class III directors to serve a three-year term on the Company's Board of Directors and to ratify the appointment of Grant Thornton LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for 2008. The results of the stockholder voting on these matters are summarized as follows:

Proposal 1 Election of Two Class III Directors:

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Name of Nominee	For	Withheld
Ernest F. Ladd, III	9,972,613	192,265
David A. Dye	6,669,847	3,495,031

Proposal 2 Ratification of Appointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm:

For	Against	Abstentions
10,125,468	4,102	35,128

Following the 2008 Annual Meeting, William R. Seifert, II, W. Austin Mulherin, III and John C. Johnson continue to serve as Class I Directors with terms expiring at the 2009 Annual Meeting, and M. Kenny Muscat, J. Boyd Douglas and Charles P. Huffman continue to serve as Class II Directors with terms expiring at the 2010 Annual Meeting. On January 28, 2008, John

Table of Contents

Morrissey and Hal L. Daugherty, each of whom was a Class III Director, notified the Company that they would not stand for re-election to the Company's Board of Directors when their terms expired at the 2008 Annual Meeting. In connection with Mr. Morrissey's and Mr. Daugherty's decision not to stand for re-election, on January 28, 2008, the Board of Directors approved a reduction in the size of the Board of Directors from ten persons to eight persons effective as of the conclusion of the 2008 annual meeting.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation (filed as Exhibit 3.4 to CPSI's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-84726) and incorporated herein by reference)
- 3.2 Bylaws (filed as Exhibit 3.6 to CPSI's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-84726) and incorporated herein by reference)
- 31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 Certifications of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND SYSTEMS, INC.

Date: August 6, 2008

By: /s/ J. Boyd Douglas
J. Boyd Douglas
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 6, 2008

By: /s/ Darrell G. West
Darrell G. West
Vice President - Finance and Chief Financial Officer