MEMBERWORKS INC Form 10-K September 15, 2003

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

X	Annual report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of t Exchange Act of 1934 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003	the Securities
	or Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or15 Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from to	5(d) of the
	Commission File No. $0-21527$	
	MEMBERWORKS INCORPORATED (Exact name of registrant as specified in its o	charter)
DELAWARE		06-1276882
(State o	f Incorporation)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	ington Boulevard , Connecticut	06901
(Address	of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
	(203) 324-7635	
	(Registrant's telephone number, including area	a code)
	ES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(B) OF THE ACT: None ES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(G) OF THE ACT: Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value	
required 1934 dur registra filing r	by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities ing the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter pent was required to file such reports), and (2) has because the past 90 days. X] No []	es Exchange Act of riod that the
of Regul best of	by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers puation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be oregistrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or inforated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or a K. []	contained, to the rmation statements
	by check mark whether the registrant is an acceleration Rule 12b-2 of the Act). [] No	ated filer (as
	egate market value of the voting stock held by non-and the december 31, 2002 was \$147,737,111. The aggree	

computed by reference to the closing price of the Registrant's Common Stock as of that date. For purposes of calculating this amount only, all directors, executive officers and shareholders reporting beneficial ownership of more than

10% of the Registrant's Common Stock are considered to be affiliates.

The number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of August 15, 2003 was 11,658,284.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

Portions of the Proxy Statement for the 2003 Annual Meeting of Stockholders of MemberWorks Incorporated are incorporated by reference in Part II and III of this report.

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Part I

Item 1. Business

OVERVIEW

MemberWorks Incorporated ("MemberWorks" or the "Company"), a Delaware Corporation, was organized in 1996 and did business as CardMember Publishing Corporation from 1989 to 1996.

MemberWorks is a leader in bringing value to consumers by designing innovative membership programs that offer members easy access to significant savings at national brand name service providers and merchants. MemberWorks combines marketing innovation, entrepreneurial energy and consumer insight to create industry leading membership programs that provide substantial benefits to the Company's members, clients and vendors. The Company's members benefit by receiving significant discounts and insightful information on everyday items in the areas of healthcare, personal finance, insurance, travel, entertainment, fashion, personal security and more. In addition, members save time by purchasing goods and services and obtaining useful information over the telephone or the Internet. The Company's clients (organizations who offer the membership programs to their customers) benefit by receiving royalty payments in exchange for providing MemberWorks with members. Clients also benefit because the membership programs are designed to strengthen the client's relationship with its customers. For the participating vendors, the membership programs provide the opportunity for the vendor to reach a large number of demographically attractive members at a minimal incremental marketing cost.

The Company's programs are primarily marketed under the name of the membership program to customers through arrangements with its clients which include banks and other financial institutions, e-commerce companies, direct response television companies, catalog companies, retailers, major oil companies and other organizations with large numbers of individual customers. In many cases, these businesses lack the core competency to successfully design, market and manage membership programs. As a result, these businesses seek to outsource to companies that are able to apply advanced database systems to capture, process and store consumer and market information, are able to use their experience to provide effective programs and are able to realize economies of scale. In addition, businesses seeking to implement membership service programs demand that the provider of those programs has the expertise to continue to introduce innovative new programs and has resources such as extensive vendor networks and experienced management teams in order to market programs quickly and successfully. MemberWorks solicits members for its programs primarily by direct marketing methods and has been able to effectively diversify its distribution channels since its initial public offering in 1996 at which time the Company's primary method of solicitation was outbound telemarketing. Outbound telemarketing is currently the source for only 20% of the Company's new member enrollments. MemberWorks believes that it is the leading designer and provider of innovative membership programs due to its senior management's extensive knowledge of the industry, its extensive vendor network and its relationships with leading consumer-driven organizations with large numbers of individual account holders and customers.

MemberWorks possesses the in-house operational capabilities and expertise to

perform most aspects of its business with minimal reliance upon third party outsourcing. For instance, MemberWorks generally creates most of its marketing, creative and fulfillment materials. MemberWorks also maintains in-house call center facilities in order to answer its members' phone calls. MemberWorks believes this in-house approach enables the Company to provide better customer service and market its products more efficiently.

Most of the membership programs are for one-year renewable terms and members are generally entitled to unlimited use of the service during the membership period. MemberWorks has traditionally marketed its membership programs which have an up-front annual membership fee. However, during fiscal 2003, the Company expanded its marketing of membership programs in which the membership fee is payable in monthly installments. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003, approximately half of the Company's new member enrollments were in a monthly payment program and it is the Company's intention to further increase the mix of monthly payment programs in fiscal 2004. In general, membership fees vary depending upon the particular membership program. During fiscal 2003, annual membership fees averaged approximately \$112 per year and monthly membership fees averaged \$10.22 per month. The Company's membership programs had approximately 6.3 million retail members as of June 30, 2003.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

MemberWorks believes that it was the first membership program company to introduce aggregated discount services in the areas of healthcare, travel and entertainment, shopping, home improvement, financial and personal security.

MemberWorks also believes that all of its programs are innovative with respect to the variety and quality of particular services, discounts and other features offered. By bundling and reconfiguring various features of its standard programs, MemberWorks can customize a program to the particular needs and demands of its clients. MemberWorks employs a consultative process to understand

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and define client needs and to determine how those needs can be addressed by the membership service programs offered by MemberWorks. MemberWorks seeks to build upon its existing customer relationships by integrating and cross-selling its different membership service programs. MemberWorks continues to enhance its existing membership programs to add more member value which, in turn, enables the Company to increase the membership fee year over year. The Company's money-saving programs fall into the following four key categories:

Health and Insurance

The Health and Fitness membership programs offer significant savings on a comprehensive array of products including prescription drugs, vitamins and supplements, eye glasses and contact lenses, hearing aides, durable medical equipment and select consumer health products. Also offered are discounts on professional services including medical, dental, chiropractic, alternative medicine, elder care and personal health services.

The Insurance membership programs offer competitively priced, guaranteed issue, insurance products including life, accidental death, short-term and catastrophic disability, supplemental medical, warranty and identity theft insurance coverage.

Travel, Entertainment and Shopping

These membership programs offer exclusive members-only savings with leading brand name partners. Members have multiple opportunities to save on airfare, hotel rates, car rental and cruise packages, theme and amusement parks, restaurants and movie theaters. Members also have access to savings on a wide range of merchandise, apparel and personal services.

Privacy, Protection and Home Improvement

These membership programs offer discounts on products and services that enhance and improve the member's sense of security and well being. Members have access to bundles of services that enable them to better manage their privacy and protection such as identity theft insurance, card registration, credit reporting, scoring and monitoring, and personal information monitoring services, as well as, savings on security systems, 24-hour protection services, roadside assistance, financial, tax and retirement planning and extended warranty protection. Members also have access to discounts on home improvement, consumer electronics and family entertainment.

Specialty Markets and Custom Programs

MemberWorks offers a full line of membership programs in Canada, as well as, Hispanic versions of most membership programs. Membership materials and customer service are offered in English, Spanish and French.

MemberWorks also partners with large clients to offer custom, private label or co-branded membership programs to meet the specific needs of a defined customer base.

In general, members subscribe for renewable one-year memberships in the Company's programs. When consumers agree to enroll in a program, they generally receive a trial membership. During this time, the member may use the program's services without obligation, as outlined in the marketing solicitation. Membership materials, which includes a membership brochure and a membership card with a membership identification number, is mailed to the consumer during the trial period. The brochure outlines in detail the benefits offered and contains a toll-free number and a website address, which may be used to access membership benefits and information. In the event that a consumer elects not to participate in the membership program, he or she can call a toll-free number during the trial period to cancel the service without incurring any additional charges. Trial memberships are generally for a period of 30 days and there are no conditions with respect to the ability of the consumer to terminate a trial membership.

If the membership is not canceled during the trial period, the consumer is charged the annual or monthly membership fee, depending upon the applicable billing method. For annual members, in the event that the member does not cancel the membership after the initial one year membership term, he or she generally receives a renewal notice in the mail in advance of each membership year and is charged for the succeeding year's membership fee. During the course of an initial annual membership term or renewal term, a member may cancel his or her membership in the program generally for a pro-rata refund of the membership fee based on the remaining portion of the membership period. Monthly members are billed each month after the trial period ends and continue to be billed each month until the member cancels.

MEMBERSHIP BENEFITS

In most cases, the products and services offered to members through the Company's programs are provided directly to members by independent benefit providers or vendors. MemberWorks evaluates and engages only those vendors who

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can cost-effectively deliver high quality products and services. Vendors generally benefit by gaining significant volume with minimal marketing expense. Accordingly, vendors gain access and marketing exposure to the Company's membership base and in almost all cases, pursuant to contractual arrangements

with MemberWorks, provide a members-only discount on products or services. MemberWorks generally does not receive payments from these vendors for rendering services to the Company's members and, in certain cases, MemberWorks pays its vendors a fee based on the volume of members in the Company's program or based on other agreed upon factors.

The Company's contracts with its vendors are generally for one year or more, with subsequent one-year renewal terms at the option of MemberWorks. Vendors may cancel contracts with MemberWorks, but in most cases, only for cause and subject to notice provisions to provide MemberWorks time to locate a substitute vendor. Most vendor contracts are non-exclusive, but have requirements that the vendors maintain the confidentiality of the terms of the contract.

MARKETING AND DISTRIBUTION

MemberWorks solicits members for its programs primarily by direct marketing methods, including inbound call marketing, referred to as MemberLinkSM, online marketing, outbound telemarketing, which it outsources to third party contractors, and direct mail, which is mailed either at MemberWorks' own expense or at its client's expense. MemberWorks has been able to effectively diversify its distribution channels since its initial public offering in 1996 at which time the Company's primary method of solicitation was outbound telemarketing. Outbound telemarketing is currently the source for approximately 20% of the Company's new member enrollments.

MemberLinkSM inbound call marketing occurs when inbound callers to a client meeting certain criteria are offered the Company's membership service programs by the client's service representative or by a MemberWorks membership service representative through a call transfer. This type of marketing method essentially turns the client call center into a profit center. MemberWorks pays the client either a royalty for initial and renewal membership fees or a fee per marketing pitch or per sale. Generally, MemberLinkSM arrangements serve as a more efficient and cost effective way to acquire members than the Company's traditional outbound telemarketing marketing model.

Online marketing is executed through arrangements with Internet service providers ("ISP's"), online retailers and online marketers. The marketing methods primarily include banner adds, pop-up boxes and e-commerce cross-sells. MemberWorks pays the client either a royalty for membership fees or a fee per impression or per sale.

All outbound telemarketing is outsourced to third party contractors. Under outbound telemarketing arrangements, participating marketing partners, such as banks and other financial institutions and other organizations with large numbers of individual account holders and customers, provide lists of consumers which MemberWorks inputs into its database management system to model, analyze and identify likely members. MemberWorks only collects and maintains customer data that is required to administer its business activities, such as a customer's name, address and encrypted billing information. MemberWorks pays its participating marketing partners an annual royalty for initial and renewal membership fees received from consumers who were provided to MemberWorks by the marketing partner.

Substantially all of the information necessary for the Company's marketing efforts are supplied by its clients in accordance with strict consumer privacy safeguards. As a result, the Company's ability to market a new program to an existing customer base or an existing program to a new customer base is generally dependent upon first obtaining client approval.

The Company's contracts with its clients typically grant MemberWorks the right to continue providing membership services directly to such clients' individual account holders even if the client terminates the contract. Many client relationships are pursuant to contracts that may be terminated by the client

upon 30 to 90 days notice without cause and without penalty. Upon such termination, MemberWorks generally has the right to continue its relationship with the client's customers that have become program members either indefinitely or for a specified period of time, but may not re-solicit those members upon such member's cancellation or non-renewal of the membership.

In addition to marketing its programs directly to consumers through MemberLinkSM marketing, online marketing, outbound telemarketing and direct mail marketing, MemberWorks also delivers its membership service programs through its wholesale arrangements. MemberWorks works with a wholesale client to incorporate elements from one or more of its standard service programs and designs a custom program for the client. The client will then either provide the customized membership program to its customers as a value-added feature or resell the customized membership program. In some cases, the client may provide wholesale memberships to its customers free of charge and pay the periodic membership fee to MemberWorks for each customer's membership. In other cases, the client may charge a reduced fee to its customer. The client pays MemberWorks the membership fees for the customers who receive the customized membership program. Under the

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Company's wholesale programs, MemberWorks does not pay for the marketing costs to solicit memberships. Instead, the client offering the memberships is responsible for marketing, usually with the assistance of MemberWorks. Since MemberWorks does not pay for the marketing costs, wholesale programs have substantially lower acquisition costs, which result in higher profit margins for MemberWorks. Notwithstanding that, MemberWorks provides membership in the service program for a reduced fee.

MemberWorks also provides its membership programs internationally through its subsidiary MemberWorks Canada. MemberWorks Canada provides retail membership programs similar to those offered in the U.S. as well as credit card enhancement services to Canadian financial institutions through wholesale arrangements. The Company's revenues from international operations represented 3%, 3% and 2% of total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Membership programs sponsored by the Company's two largest clients, Citibank and its affiliates and West Corporation, accounted for 21% and 16% of revenue, respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. A loss of either of these clients would have a material effect on the Company's results of operations.

MEMBERSHIP SERVICE

MemberWorks believes that providing high quality service to its members is extremely important in order to retain members and to strengthen the affinity of the clients' members that were offered the membership program. Currently, MemberWorks maintains four call centers located in Montreal, Canada; Houston, Texas; Omaha, Nebraska and Chicago, Illinois with a total of almost 900 membership service representatives. All new membership service representatives are required to attend on-the-job training. Through its training programs, systems and software, MemberWorks seeks to provide members with friendly, rapid and effective answers to questions. Members can access their benefits 24 hours a day via the program's web site or automated telephone response technology. MemberWorks also works closely with its clients' customer service staff to ensure that their representatives are knowledgeable in matters relating to membership service programs offered by MemberWorks.

TECHNOLOGY

MemberWorks has invested substantially in new technology, including a state-of-the-art fulfillment center, a sophisticated customer service CRM

platform, data warehousing and mining capabilities, and various Internet applications which work together to allow MemberWorks to effectively and efficiently service its members. MemberWorks receives new member information from its marketing partners daily, and that information is maintained on core infrastructure systems that drive information constantly to call center, fulfillment, billing and financial systems. This allows for rapid fulfillment of member information kits as well as other benefits. All membership information is maintained on a state-of-the-art CRM system, which allows extremely responsive targeted call center interactions. MemberWorks receives confirmation of billing data from the Company's merchant processors on a regular basis, permitting MemberWorks to update the status of each member, including member profile information.

In providing quality service to its members, the Company's management information systems interact with the Company's advanced call routing system in order to display member profile information prior to answering the call, allowing the Company's membership service representatives to have the best possible information prior to serving the members. The Company's telecommunications systems also monitor the performance quality of its membership service representatives and other aspects of its business through sophisticated reporting capabilities. In addition, the Company's marketing experts use proprietary systems in combination with advanced systems from outside vendors to review, analyze and model the demographics of lists of prospective members supplied by clients in order to determine which customers are most likely to respond to an offer and retain their membership.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION

MemberWorks markets its membership programs through various distribution channels including MemberLinkSM, online marketing, outbound telemarketing and direct mail. These channels are regulated on both the state and federal levels and the Company believes that these marketing methods will increasingly be subject to such regulation, particularly in the area of consumer privacy. Such regulation may limit our ability to solicit new members or to offer one or more products or services to existing members. The telemarketing industry has become subject to an increasing amount of federal and state regulation as well as general public scrutiny in the past several years. For example, the Federal Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 limits the hours during which telemarketers may call consumers and prohibits the use of automated telephone dialing equipment to call certain telephone numbers. Additionally, the Federal Telemarketing and Consumer Fraud and Abuse Prevention Act of 1994 and Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") regulations, including the Telemarketing Sales Rule, as amended, promulgated thereunder prohibit deceptive, unfair or abusive practices in telemarketing sales. Both the FTC and state attorneys general have authority to prevent telemarketing activities deemed by them to be "unfair or deceptive

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acts or practices." Further, some states have enacted laws and others are considering enacting laws targeted directly at regulating telemarketing practices, and there can be no assurance that any such laws, if enacted, will not adversely affect or limit the Company's current or future operations. Compliance with these regulations is generally the responsibility of the Company, and the Company could be subject to a variety of enforcement and/or private actions for any failure to comply with such regulations. The Company's provision of membership programs requires the Company to comply with certain state regulations, changes in which could materially increase the Company's operating costs associated with complying with such regulations. The risk of noncompliance by the Company with any rules and regulations enforced by a federal or state consumer protection authority may subject the Company or its management to fines or various forms of civil or criminal prosecution, any of

which could have a material adverse affect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. Also, the media often publicizes perceived noncompliance with consumer protection regulations and violations of notions of fair dealing with consumers, and the membership programs industry is susceptible to peremptory charges of regulatory noncompliance and unfair dealing by the media.

The Company currently maintains rigorous security and quality controls to ensure that all of its marketing practices meet or exceed industry standards and all applicable state and federal laws and regulations. The Company only collects and maintains customer data that is required to administer its business activities, such as a customer's name, address and encrypted billing information and only public information is used for marketing and modeling purposes, such as demographic, neighborhood and lifestyle data. The Company neither resells any confidential customer information that is obtained or derived in its marketing efforts nor purchases consumer information from financial institutions.

COMPETITION

MemberWorks believes that the principal competitive factors in the membership services industry include the ability to identify, develop and offer innovative membership programs, the quality and breadth of membership programs offered, competitive prices and in-house marketing expertise. The Company's competitors offer membership programs which provide services similar to, or which directly compete with, those provided by MemberWorks. Some of these competitors have substantially larger customer bases and greater financial and other resources than that of the Company. To date, MemberWorks has effectively competed with such competitors. However, there can be no assurance that the Company's competitors will not increase their emphasis on programs similar to those offered by MemberWorks to more directly compete with MemberWorks; provide programs comparable or superior to those provided by MemberWorks at lower membership prices; adapt more quickly than MemberWorks to evolving industry trends or changing market requirements; or that new competitors will not enter the market or that other businesses will not themselves introduce competing programs. Such increased competition may result in price reductions, reduced marketing margins or loss of market share, any of which could materially adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. Additionally, because contracts between clients and program providers are often exclusive with respect to a particular service, potential clients may be prohibited from contracting with MemberWorks to promote a program if the services provided by the Company's program are similar to, or merely overlap with, the services provided by an existing program of a competitor.

EMPLOYEES

As of June 30, 2003, MemberWorks employed 1,275 persons on a full-time basis and 135 on a part-time basis. None of the Company's employees are represented by a labor union. MemberWorks believes that its employee relations are good.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

The Company makes available free of charge on or through its website the Company's annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, Section 16 filings and all amendments to those reports as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). You may read and copy any document filed with the SEC at its public reference facility at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20459. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference facility.

The Company's Internet address is http://www.memberworks.com. The reference to the Company's website does not constitute incorporation by reference of the information contained in the website.

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Item 2. Properties

A summary of key information with respect to the Company's leased facilities is as follows:

Location	Square Footage	Year of Lease Expiration
Omaha, NE	93,123	2009 through 2015
Stamford, CT	54 , 947	2006
Montreal, Canada	48,193	2011
Houston, TX	41,591	2006
Atlanta, GA	13,717	2005
Chicago, IL	11,676	2005
White Plains, NY	4,193	2004

The Stamford, Connecticut office serves as the Company's corporate headquarters. All other locations serve as the operational offices for MemberWorks. MemberWorks believes that its properties are generally in good condition, are well maintained and are suitable and adequate to carry on its business.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Except as set forth below, in management's opinion, there are no significant legal proceedings to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or to which any of their properties are subject. The Company is involved in other lawsuits and claims generally incidental to its business including, but not limited to, various suits, including previously disclosed suits, brought against the Company by individual consumers seeking monetary and/or injunctive relief relating to the marketing of the Company's programs. In addition, from time to time, and in the regular course of its business, the Company receives inquiries from various federal and/or state regulatory authorities.

In March 2001, an action was instituted by plaintiff Teresa McClain against Coverdell & Company ("Coverdell"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Monumental Life Insurance Company and other defendants in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. The suit, which seeks unspecified monetary damages, alleges that Coverdell and the other defendants violated the Michigan Consumer Protection Act and other applicable Michigan laws in connection with the marketing of Monumental Life Insurance Company insurance products. The complaint includes a claim that the suit should be certified as a class action and the plaintiff has filed a motion for class certification to which all of the defendants have filed opposing papers regarding the same. The Court has announced that it will deny the motion for national class certification, but it has indicated that it would consider certifying a class of Michigan residents. A hearing has not yet been held on class certification, and no order has been issued. The Company believes that the claims made against Coverdell are unfounded and Coverdell and the Company will vigorously defend their interests against this suit.

On January 24, 2003, the Company filed a motion with the Superior Court for the Judicial District of Hartford, Connecticut to vacate and oppose the confirmation

of an arbitration award issued in December 2002. The arbitration, filed against the Company by MedValUSA Health Programs, Inc. ("MedVal") in September 2000, involved claims of breach of contract, breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing, and violation of the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act ("CUTPA"). Even though the arbitrators found that MemberWorks was not liable to MedVal for any compensatory damages, they awarded \$5.5 million in punitive damages and costs against MemberWorks solely under CUTPA. MemberWorks believes that this arbitration award is unjustified and not based on any existing legal precedent. Specifically, the Company is challenging the award on a number of grounds, including that it violates a well defined public policy against excessive punitive damage awards, raises constitutional issues and disregards certain legal requirements for a valid award under CUTPA. The hearing on the Company's motion was held on February 10, 2003. On June 22, 2003, the Superior Court denied the Company's motion to vacate the award, and the Company filed an appeal of that decision. No briefing schedule has yet been set in the appeal. While the Company intends to take action to prevent the enforcement of the award by, among other things, vigorously pursuing an appeal, there can be no assurance that MemberWorks will be successful in its efforts. The Company has made no provision in its financial statements for this contingency because it believes that a loss is not probable. If the Company were ultimately unsuccessful on this or other available appeals, and a final non-appealable court order confirming the arbitration award is rendered, the payment of the award could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and liquidity in the period in which the final order is entered.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the quarter ended June 30, 2003.

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Executive Officers of the Registrant
The executive officers of the registrant of MemberWorks and their respective
ages as of July 31, 2003 are as follows:

Name	Age	Position
Gary A. Johnson	48	President and Chief Executive Officer, Director
Vincent DiBenedetto	46	Executive Vice President, Health and Insurance Services
James B. Duffy	49	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
William Olson	45	Executive Vice President, Sales and Client Services
David Schachne	42	Executive Vice President, Business Development

GARY A. JOHNSON, a co-founder of MemberWorks, has served as President and Chief Executive Officer and a director of MemberWorks since its inception.

VINCENT DIBENEDETTO joined MemberWorks in October 2000 and currently serves as Executive Vice President, Sales and Client Services. Prior to joining MemberWorks, Mr. DiBenedetto was President of Discount Development Services, L.L.C., a subsidiary of MemberWorks which was acquired in October 2000.

JAMES B. DUFFY joined MemberWorks in 1996 and currently serves as Executive Vice

President and Chief Financial Officer.

WILLIAM OLSON joined MemberWorks in March 2001 and currently serves as Executive Vice President, Sales and Client Services. Prior to joining MemberWorks, Mr. Olson served in various senior positions such as President & Chief Executive Officer of Dunlop/Maxfli Sports Corporation, President & Chief Executive Officer of Gold Coast Beverage Distributors and President & Chief Executive Officer of Guinness Brewing North America Corporation.

DAVID SCHACHNE joined MemberWorks in 1990 and currently serves as Executive Vice President, Business Development. He has held various senior management positions at MemberWorks in Marketing and Business Development.

Part II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Stock and Related Stockholder Matters

The Company's Common Stock is listed on the NASDAQ National Market ("NASDAQ") under the symbol MBRS. The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the high and low closing sale prices per share as reported on the NASDAQ.

	High	Low
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003:		
First Quarter	\$18.80	\$12.48
Second Quarter	19.53	16.65
Third Quarter	20.71	14.00
Fourth Quarter	24.00	19.30
	High	Low
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002:		
First Quarter	\$25.00	\$17.90
Second Quarter	21.00	7.98
Third Quarter	18.93	14.26
Fourth Quarter	18.53	16.27

As of August 15, 2003, there were 40,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock authorized of which 11,658,284 shares were outstanding, held by approximately 1,722 stockholders of record. MemberWorks has not declared or paid any cash dividends to date and anticipates that all of its earnings in the foreseeable future will be retained for use in its business and to repurchase its common stock under the stock repurchase program. The Company's future dividend policy will depend on the Company's earnings, capital requirements, financial condition, requirements of the financing agreements to which MemberWorks is a party and other factors considered relevant by the Board of Directors.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The information contained in the Company's Proxy Statement under the section titled "Executive Compensation" is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The selected consolidated statements of operations data for each of the years ended June 30, 2003 through 1999 and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of June 30, 2003 through 1999 set forth below are derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of MemberWorks. The selected consolidated financial information of MemberWorks is qualified by reference to and should be read in conjunction with Item 8, "Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Data," and Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" appearing elsewhere herein.

			Year	Εı	nded Jun
		2003	 2002		2001
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS DATA:			thousands,		
Revenues Total expenses	\$	434,595	427,602 415,713		509,05
Operating income (loss) Settlement of investment related litigation (Loss) gain on sale of subsidiary Net (loss) gain on investment Other income (expense), net	_	22,286 19,148 (959) (206)	11,889 - 65,608 (33,628) (401)		(33, 32
Income (loss) before equity in affiliate and minority interest Equity in income (loss) of affiliate Minority interest		40,595 - -	 43,468 - 450		(35,94 8 9,10
Net income (loss) before provision for income taxes Provision for income taxes		40,595 16,239	43,918		(26,75
Net income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	_	24,356	43,918 (5,907)		(26,75
Net income (loss)	\$		38,011 ======		
Basic earnings (loss) per share: Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$	1.93	\$ 3.03 (0.41)	\$	(1.7
Basic earnings (loss) per share	=		2.63		,
Diluted earnings (loss) per share: Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$	1.84	\$ 2.95 (0.40)		(1.7
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	1.84	2.55		
Weighted average common shares outstanding Basic		12,596	14,477		15,24

Diluted	13,233		14,909		15,	
	-		-		= = Ju	ne 30,
		2003		2002		2001
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET DATA:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,260	\$	45,502	\$	21,74
Total assets		248,505		280,817		348,46
Long-term liabilities		8,273		3,627		3,05
Shareholders' (deficit) equity		(20,283)		(20,630)		(25,96
Cash flow provided by operating activities		48,533		17,014		12,02

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Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

OVERVIEW

MemberWorks designs and manages innovative membership programs and provides organizations with an opportunity to leverage the expertise of an outside provider in offering these membership programs. Membership service programs offer selected products and services from a variety of vendors for an annual fee or a monthly fee. MemberWorks derives its revenues principally from annually renewable membership fees which are billed to the customer either on an annual or monthly basis. In the case of annually billed membership fees, the Company receives full payment at or near the beginning of the membership period, but recognizes the revenue as the member's refund privilege expires. Membership fees that are billed monthly are generally recognized when earned. Profitability and cash flow generated from renewal memberships exceed that of new memberships due to the absence of solicitation costs associated with new member procurement.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Critical accounting policies are those policies that are important to the Company's financial condition and results of operations and involve subjective or complex judgments on the part of management, often as a result of the need to make estimates. The following areas all require the use of judgments and estimates: membership cancellation rates, deferred marketing costs, valuation of intangible assets, estimation of remaining useful lives of intangible assets and valuation of deferred tax assets. Estimates in each of these areas are based on historical experience and various assumptions that MemberWorks believes are appropriate. Actual results may differ from these estimates. MemberWorks believes the following represent the critical accounting policies of the Company as contemplated by Financial Reporting Release No. 60, "Cautionary Advice Regarding Disclosure about Critical Accounting Policies." For a summary of all of the Company's significant accounting policies, see Note 2 of the Notes to the consolidated financial statements located in this 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Revenue recognition

Membership fees are billed through clients of the Company primarily through credit cards. During an initial annual membership term or renewal term, a member

may cancel his or her membership in the program generally for a prorata refund of the membership fee based on the remaining portion of the membership period. Revenue from members who are charged on a monthly payment program is recognized as the membership fees are earned. In accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements" ("SAB 101"), deferred membership fees are recorded, net of estimated cancellations, and are amortized as revenues from membership fees upon the expiration of membership refund privileges. An allowance for membership cancellations is established based on management's estimates and is updated regularly. In determining the estimate of allowance for membership cancellations, management analyzes historical cancellation experience, current economic trends and changes in customer demand for the Company's products. Actual membership cancellations are charged against the allowance for membership cancellations on a current basis. If actual cancellations differ from the estimate, the results of operations would be impacted.

Membership solicitation and other deferred costs
The Company's marketing expenses are comprised of telemarketing, direct mail,
refundable royalty payments, non- refundable royalty payments and advertising
costs. Telemarketing and direct mail are direct response advertising costs which
are accounted for in accordance with American Institute of Certified Public
Accountants Statement of Position 93-7, "Reporting on Advertising Costs" ("SOP
93-7"). Under SOP 93-7, direct response advertising costs are deferred and
charged to operations over the membership period as revenues from membership
fees are recognized. Refundable royalty payments are also deferred and charged
to operations over the membership period in order to match the marketing costs
with the associated revenues from membership fees. Advertising costs and
non-refundable royalty payments, which include fee per pitch, fee per sale and
fee per impression marketing arrangements, are expensed when incurred.

Total membership solicitation costs incurred to obtain a new member are generally less than the estimated total membership fees. However, if total membership solicitation costs were to exceed total estimated membership margins, an adjustment would be made to the membership solicitation and other deferred costs balance to the extent of any impairment.

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Valuation of goodwill and other intangibles MemberWorks reviews the carrying value of its goodwill and other intangible assets, and assesses the remaining estimated useful lives of its intangible assets, in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statement No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142"). The Company reviews the carrying value of its goodwill and other intangible assets for impairment by comparing such amounts to their fair values. MemberWorks is required to perform this comparison at least annually or more frequently if circumstances indicate possible impairment. When determining fair value, the Company utilizes various assumptions, including projections of future cash flows. A change in these underlying assumptions would cause a change in the results of the tests and, as such, could cause fair value to be less than the carrying amounts. In such an event, MemberWorks would then be required to record a corresponding charge which would negatively impact earnings. Goodwill at July 1, 2002 and 2001, was tested for impairment during the quarters ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The Company concluded that none of its goodwill was impaired as of July 1, 2002. As of July 1, 2001, the Company determined that there was an impairment of goodwill of \$5.9 million at one of its reporting

units due to the change in methodology of calculating impairment under SFAS 142 concurrent with downward trends in the operations of the reporting unit. This amount was recorded as a cumulative effect of accounting change in the statement of operations in fiscal 2001.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of FASB Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases.

FISCAL 2003 COMPARED TO FISCAL 2002

REVENUES. Revenues increased 7% to \$456.9 million in 2003 from \$427.6 million in 2002. Excluding \$9.4 million of revenue generated from iPlace, Inc., which was sold in the first quarter of fiscal 2002, revenues would have increased 9% over the prior year. The increase in revenues is due to the effect of the Company's strategic initiative to migrate its members that participate in a full-money-back refund policy program to a prorata refund policy program, in addition to increased levels of monthly member marketing and an increase in the average program price point. As of December 31, 2002, virtually all of the Company's membership base was enrolled in a prorata refund policy program. As a result of the Company's strategic initiative to move its members to a prorata refund policy program, revenues which would have been recognized at the end of a membership year are now recognized ratably during the membership year as the refund privileges expire in accordance with SAB 101. This strategic move to prorata refund policy programs increased the revenue recognized in fiscal 2003 under SAB 101. Revenue from members who are charged on a monthly payment program increased to \$76.9 million from \$41.3 million due to an increase in members enrolled in a monthly payment plan. As a percentage of total revenues, renewal revenues from annual payment programs were 45% in 2003 and 48% in 2002.

OPERATING EXPENSES. Operating expenses consist of member service call center costs, membership benefit costs and membership program fulfillment costs. Operating expenses decreased slightly to \$78.4 million in 2003 from \$78.7 million in 2002 primarily due to the sale of iPlace, Inc., offset by an increase in costs to support the Company's strategy to improve member satisfaction. As a percentage of revenues, operating expenses decreased to 17.2% in 2003 from 18.4% in 2002 primarily due to the cost savings initiatives implemented in the beginning of the December 2001 quarter and operating expense leverage gained from increased revenues.

MARKETING EXPENSES. Marketing expenses consist of costs incurred to obtain new members and royalties paid to clients. Those costs that are considered direct response advertising costs and refundable royalties paid to clients are generally amortized in the same manner as the related revenue as required by SOP 93-7 and SAB 101. Marketing expenses increased 13% to \$280.7 million in 2003 from \$249.0 million in 2002. As a percent of revenue, marketing expenses increased to 61.4% in 2003 from 58.2% in 2002 primarily due to a higher level of non-refundable royalties and advertising costs incurred during fiscal 2003 due to the Company's shift away from telemarketing.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. General and administrative expenses primarily include personnel-related costs, occupancy costs and other overhead costs. General and administrative expenses decreased 7% to \$74.1 million in 2003 from \$79.2 million in 2002. As a percentage of revenues, general and administrative expenses decreased to 16.2% in 2003 from 18.5% in 2002. These decreases were primarily due to the sale of iPlace, Inc. and the closing of the United Kingdom operations.

AMORTIZATION OF GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLES. Intangible amortization

decreased to \$1.4 million in 2003 from \$1.9 million in 2002 primarily due to the effect of the sale of iPlace, Inc.

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Settlement of investment related litigation. During fiscal 2003, MemberWorks, along with certain of the other former shareholders of iPlace, Inc., settled their lawsuit against Homestore.com, Inc. The total settlement amount in favor of the plaintiffs was \$23.0 million of which MemberWorks received \$19.1 million.

GAIN ON SALE OF SUBSIDIARY. During fiscal 2002, the Company sold its investment in iPlace, Inc. for \$50.1 million in cash and 1.6 million shares of Homestore.com, Inc. common stock. The Company reported a gain of \$65.6 million on the sale. During fiscal 2003, the Company settled with Homestore.com, Inc. all issues pending related to amounts held in escrow in connection with the sale. The Company recorded a net loss of \$1.0 million related to this settlement in fiscal 2003.

NET LOSS ON INVESTMENT. During fiscal 2002, the Company reported a loss of \$33.6 million reflecting the write-down of the Company's investment in Homestore.com, Inc. common stock to its fair market value. During fiscal 2003, the Company sold all of its Homestore.com, Inc. common stock and recognized a loss of \$0.2 million.

OTHER INCOME/EXPENSE, NET. Other income/expense, net is primarily composed of interest income from cash and cash equivalents and bank fees related to the Company's line of credit. Other income increased to \$0.3 million in 2003 from expense of \$0.4 million in 2002 due to the increase in the Company's cash balance.

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES. For the year ended June 30, 2003, the Company recorded a provision for income taxes of \$16.2 million based on an effective tax rate of 40%. The effective tax rate was higher than the U.S. federal statutory rate for the year ended June 30, 2003 primarily due to state taxes and other non-deductible items. During fiscal 2002, MemberWorks was not required to record a provision for income taxes due to the ability to utilize net operating loss carryforwards against which the Company had carried a full valuation allowance. The valuation allowance recognized in prior periods has been fully reversed in 2003 based upon the Company's belief that it is more likely than not that it will realize its deferred tax assets. As of June 30, 2003, MemberWorks had accumulated federal net operating loss carryforwards of \$41.4 million.

FISCAL 2002 COMPARED TO FISCAL 2001

REVENUES. Revenues decreased 10% to \$427.6 million in 2002 from \$475.7 million in 2001. Excluding iPlace, Inc. revenues of \$9.4 million and \$42.4 million in 2002 and 2001, respectively, revenues would have decreased 3%. The decrease in revenues is due to the controlled slow down in new member marketing implemented in the beginning of fiscal 2002. This controlled slow down was a reaction to decreased consumer response rates. Revenue from members who are charged on a monthly payment program increased to \$41.3 million in 2002 from \$27.6 million in 2001. As a percentage of total revenues, renewal revenues from annual payment programs were 48% in 2002 and 41% in 2001. The increase in renewal revenues as a percentage of total revenues is due to the controlled slow down in new member marketing implemented in the beginning of the fiscal year.

OPERATING EXPENSES. Operating expenses decreased 13% to \$78.7 million in 2002 from \$90.4 million in 2001 primarily due to the sale of iPlace, Inc., the closing of the United Kingdom operations and lower revenues during the year. As a percentage of revenues, operating expenses decreased to 18.4% in 2002 from 19.0% in 2001 primarily due to the effect of lower revenues reported in 2002

resulting from the sale of iPlace, Inc.

MARKETING EXPENSES. Marketing expenses decreased 18% to \$249.0 million in 2002 from \$305.0 million in 2001 primarily due to the effect of the controlled slow down in new member marketing implemented in the beginning of fiscal 2002 and the effect of the sale of iPlace, Inc. As a percent of revenue, marketing expenses decreased to 58.2% in 2002 from 64.1% in 2001 primarily due to the increase in the mix of renewal revenue as a percent of total revenue. The lower level of new member marketing resulted in an increase in the ratio of renewal member revenues to total revenues. Marketing expenses related to renewal revenues are typically significantly lower than expenses related to new member revenues. Expenses related to new member marketing, as a percent of new member revenues, increased in 2002 compared to 2001 primarily due to a decrease in consumer response rates.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. General and administrative expenses decreased 21% to \$79.2 million in 2002 from \$99.7 million in 2001, and as a percentage of revenues, decreased to 18.5% in 2002 from 21.0% in 2001. These decreases were primarily due to the sale of iPlace, Inc. and the effect of cost saving initiatives related to the restructuring, as described below.

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RESTRUCTURING CHARGES. In October 2001, the Company implemented certain cost saving initiatives due to a slowdown in consumer response rates and increased economic uncertainty in both the U.S. and abroad. This restructuring program included a workforce reduction of approximately 190 employees, the closing of the Company's United Kingdom operations and the downsizing of the operational infrastructure throughout the Company. As a result of this restructuring program, the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$6.9 million during the second quarter ended December 31, 2001. See Note 12 of the condensed consolidated financial statements contained in the 2003 Annual Report filed on Form 10-K.

AMORTIZATION OF GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLES. Intangible amortization decreased to \$1.9 million in 2002 from \$10.9 million in 2001 due to the adoption of SFAS 142, which no longer requires the amortization of indefinite lived intangible assets, and the sale of iPlace, Inc. Excluding the amortization of indefinite lived intangible assets of \$7.8 million in 2001, amortization of goodwill and other intangibles would have been \$3.1 million. This decrease was due to the sale of iPlace, Inc.

GAIN ON SALE OF SUBSIDIARY. During the quarter ended September 30, 2001, the Company sold its investment in iPlace, Inc. for \$50.1 million in cash and 1.6 million shares of Homestore.com, Inc. stock. The Company reported a gain of \$65.6 million on the sale.

NET LOSS ON INVESTMENT. During fiscal 2002, the Company reported a loss of \$33.6 million reflecting the write-down of the Company's investment in Homestore.com, Inc. common stock to its fair market value.

OTHER EXPENSE, NET. Other expense, net is primarily composed of interest income from cash and cash equivalents, bank fees related to the Company's borrowings under its line of credit and interest expense related to its notes payable. Other expense decreased to \$0.4 million in 2002 from \$0.5 million in 2001. The Company had no borrowings outstanding under its line of credit as of June 30, 2002.

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES. MemberWorks was not required to record a provision for income taxes for the year ended June 30, 2002 due to the ability to utilize net operating loss carryforwards against which the Company had carried a full

valuation allowance. MemberWorks was not required to record a provision for income taxes for the year ended June 30, 2001, due to tax losses realized. As of June 30, 2002, MemberWorks had accumulated federal net operating loss carryforwards of \$68.7 million.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$48.5 million, \$17.0 million and \$12.0 million for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in operating cash flow in fiscal 2003 was due to a shift in the marketing mix to more profitable marketing channels, cost savings as a result of the restructuring plan and the actual costs incurred in December 2001 related to the restructuring plan. The shift in marketing mix to more profitable marketing channels is demonstrated by the decrease in marketing costs before deferral as a percentage of revenues before deferral.

The Company's management believes that revenues before deferral and marketing costs before deferral are important measures of liquidity. Revenue before deferral are revenues before the application of SAB 101 and represent the actual membership fees billed during the current reporting period less an allowance for membership cancellations. Marketing costs before deferral are marketing costs before the application of SAB 101 and SOP 93-7 and represent the Company's obligation for marketing efforts that occurred during the current reporting period.

Revenues before deferral for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001 are calculated as follows:

	 2003	
Revenues Change in deferred membership fees	\$ 456,881 (39,003)	\$
Revenues before deferral	\$ 417,878	\$ ==

Revenues before deferral were \$417.9 million, \$410.5 million and \$485.0 million for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Revenues before deferral increased 2% in fiscal 2003 from the prior year. Excluding revenue from iPlace, Inc. of \$11.0 million and the United Kingdom of \$1.9 million from the prior year, revenue before deferral increased 5% in fiscal 2003. The United Kingdom operations were closed in fiscal 2002. Revenues before deferral increased in fiscal 2003 compared to the prior year primarily due to an increase in the average program price point. As a percentage of total revenues before deferral, renewal revenues from annual payment programs were 45% in 2003, 51% in 2002 and 44% in fiscal 2001. The decrease in renewal revenues from annual payment prgrams

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in fiscal 2003 is due to the controlled marketing slow down implemented in the beginning of fiscal 2002, the growth in monthly payment programs and the sale of iPlace, Inc. Revenue from members who are charged on a monthly payment program were \$76.9 million, \$41.3 million and \$26.7 million in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. This shift to monthly payment programs has a near-term negative impact on operating cash flow.

Marketing costs before deferral for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001 are calculated as follows:

	2003	
Marketing expenses Change in membership solicitation and other deferred costs	\$ 280,673 (51,411)	\$
Marketing costs before deferral	\$ 229,262	\$

Marketing costs before deferral were \$229.3 million, \$233.9 million and \$287.9 million in 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Marketing costs before deferral decreased 2.0% in fiscal 2003 from the prior year. As a percent of revenues before deferral, marketing expenses before deferral were 54.9% in 2003, 57.0% in 2002 and 59.4% in 2001. These decreases were primarily due to a shift in the marketing mix to more profitable marketing channels and have a direct positive impact on the Company's net cash flow provided by operating activities.

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$12.4 million in 2003 and \$40.2 million in 2002, while net cash used in investing activities was \$18.2 million in 2001. In fiscal 2003, MemberWorks, along with certain of the other former shareholders of iPlace, Inc., settled their lawsuit against Homestore.com, Inc. The total settlement amount in favor of the plaintiffs was \$23.0 million of which MemberWorks received \$19.1 million. In addition, in fiscal 2003, the Company settled with Homestore.com, Inc. all pending issues related to amounts held in escrow in connection with the sale and, as a result, the Company paid \$0.8 million from the escrow account related to the settlement. In fiscal 2003, the Company made a \$0.5 million investment in a small business outsource marketing company. Net cash provided by investing activities in 2002 reflects the receipt of \$46.0 million in net proceeds from the sale of iPlace, Inc. In fiscal 2001, MemberWorks paid \$8.2 million in cash to acquire the remaining 81% of DDS. In addition, during fiscal 2001, MemberWorks received \$4.1 million in proceeds from the sale of its investment in 24/7 Media, Inc. Capital expenditures were \$5.5 million, \$5.8 million and \$15.1 million in 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$34.2 million, \$33.5 million and \$2.1 million in 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The increase in cash used in financing activities was primarily due to an increase in spending under the Company's stock repurchase program. The Company purchased 2.0 million shares for \$37.2 million, an average price of \$18.67, during the year ended June 30, 2003 compared to 2.2 million shares for \$34.3 million, an average price of \$15.40, during the year ended June 30, 2002 and compared to 0.3 million shares for \$8.9 million, an average price of \$26.23, during the year ended June 30, 2001. The Company utilizes cash from operations to repurchase shares, as the Company believes this enhances shareholder value. During fiscal 2003, the Board of Directors authorized an additional 2.5 million shares to be repurchased under the buyback program. As of June 30, 2003, the Company had 1.0 million shares available for repurchase under its buyback program. In July 2003, the Board of Directors authorized an additional 1.0 million shares to be repurchased under its buyback program which increased the number of shares available for repurchase to 2.0 million.

As of June 30, 2003, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$72.3 million. In addition, the Company has a \$28.0 million bank credit facility which bears interest at the higher of the base commercial lending rate for the bank or the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% per annum. As of June 30, 2003, availability under

the bank credit facility was reduced by an outstanding letter of credit of \$5.5 million. As of June 30, 2003, the effective interest rate for borrowings was 4.0%. The bank credit facility has certain financial covenants, including a maximum debt coverage ratio, a minimum fixed charge ratio, potential restrictions on additional borrowings and potential restrictions on additional stock repurchases. As of June 30, 2003, the Company was in compliance with all such debt covenants. The Company believes that existing cash balances, together with its available bank credit facility, will be sufficient to meet its funding requirements for at least the next twelve months.

The Company did not have any material commitments for capital expenditures as of June 30, 2003. The Company intends to utilize cash generated from operations to fulfill any capital expenditure requirements during fiscal 2004.

COMMITMENTS

The Company is not aware of factors that are reasonably likely to adversely affect liquidity trends, other than the risk factors presented in the Forward Looking Statements in this 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The Company does not have off-balance sheet arrangements, non-exchange traded contracts or material related party transactions.

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Future minimum payments of contractual obligations as of June 30, 2003 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Payments	Due	by	Period
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	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	4-5 years
Operating leases	27,162	6,620	11,137	4,909
Capital leases	8	8	_	_
Notes payable	_	_	-	_
Purchase obligations	1,000	1,000	-	-
Other obligations	299	236	63	-
Total payments due	28,469	7,864	11,200	4,909
	==========	========		

The Company operates in leased facilities. Management expects that leases currently in effect will be renewed or replaced by other leases of a similar nature and term. See Notes 10 and 11 of the consolidated financial statements contained in this 2003 Annual Report filed on Form 10-K.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities" ("SFAS 146"), which is effective for exit or disposal activities that are initiated after December 31, 2002. SFAS 146 requires companies to recognize costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred rather than at the date of a commitment to an exit or disposal plan and nullifies Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 94-3,

"Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (Including Certain Costs in a Restructuring)." The adoption of SFAS 146 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others" ("FIN 45"). FIN 45 requires a guarantor to include disclosure of certain obligations, and if applicable, at the inception of the guarantee, recognize a liability for the fair value of other certain obligations undertaken in issuing a guarantee. The recognition requirement is effective for guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The adoption of FIN 45 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In December 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure - an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 123." This Statement amends FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily changes to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. It also amends the disclosure provisions of that Statement to require prominent disclosure about the effects on reported net income of an entity's accounting policy decisions with respect to stock-based employee compensation. Finally, this Statement amends APB Opinion No. 28, "Interim Financial Reporting," to require disclosure about those effects in interim financial information. The transition provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements with fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002. The disclosure provisions of this statement are effective for financial reports containing condensed financial statements for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002. The Company will continue to account for its stock based compensation according to the provisions of APB Opinion No. 25.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" ("FIN 46"). FIN 46 clarifies the application of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51 and applies immediately to any variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003 and to variable interest entities in which an interest is obtained after that date. For variable interest entities created or acquired prior to February 1, 2003, the provisions of FIN 46 must be applied for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2003. While it will continue to evaluate the requirements of FIN 46, MemberWorks does not believe that the adoption of FIN 46 will have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity " ("SFAS 150"). This statement requires that certain financial instruments that were accounted for as equity under previous guidance be classified as liabilities in statements of financial position. SFAS 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. MemberWorks does not believe that the adoption of SFAS 150 will have a material impact on Company's financial statements.

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FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements that are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industry in which MemberWorks operates and the Company's management's beliefs and assumptions. These forward-looking statements include statements that do not

relate solely to historical or current facts and can be identified by the use of words such as "believe," "expect," "estimate," "project," "continue" or "anticipate." These forward-looking statements are made pursuant to safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are based on a number of assumptions and estimates that are inherently subject to significant risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, cannot be foreseen and reflect future business decisions that are subject to change. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. Among the many factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements are:

- o Higher than expected membership cancellations;
- o Lower than expected membership renewal rates;
- o Changes in the marketing techniques of credit card issuers;
- o Increases in the level of commission rates and other compensation required by marketing partners to actively market with MemberWorks;
- o Potential reserve requirements by business partners such as the Company's payment processors;
- Unanticipated cancellation or termination of marketing agreements and the extent to which MemberWorks can continue successful development and marketing of new products and services;
- O Unanticipated changes in or termination of the Company's ability to process membership fees through third parties, including clients, payment processors and bank card associations;
- o The Company's ability to introduce new programs on a timely basis;
- o The Company's ability to develop and implement operational and financial systems to manage growing operations;
- o The Company's ability to recover from a complete or partial system failure or impairment, other hardware or software related malfunctions or programming errors;
- o The Company's ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms to finance the Company's growth strategy and to operate within the limitations imposed by financing arrangements;
- o The Company's ability to integrate acquired businesses into the Company's management and operations and operate successfully;
- o Further changes in the already competitive environment for the Company's products or competitors' responses to the Company's strategies;
- O Changes in the growth rate of the overall U.S. economy, or the international economy where MemberWorks does business, such that credit availability, interest rates, consumer spending and related consumer debt are impacted;
- o Additional government regulations and changes to existing government regulations of the Company's industry, including the Federal Trade Commission's 2003 Amendment to its Telemarketing Sales Rule which

creates a national do-not-call list effective October 1, 2003; and

New accounting pronouncements.

Many of these factors are beyond MemberWorks' control, and, therefore, its ability to generate predictable revenue and income growth may be adversely affected by these factors.

MemberWorks cautions that such factors are not exclusive. All of the forward-looking statements made in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are qualified by these cautionary statements and readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Except as required by law, MemberWorks does not have any intention or obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

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Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate

The Company has a \$28.0 million bank credit facility which bears interest at the higher of the base commercial lending rate for the bank or the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% per annum. There were no borrowings outstanding under this bank credit facility as of June 30, 2003. As of June 30, 2003, availability under the

bank credit facility was reduced by an outstanding letter of credit of \$5.5 million. Management believes that an increase in the commercial lending rate or the Federal Funds rate would not be material to the Company's financial position or its results of operations. If the Company is not able to renew its existing credit facility agreement, which matures on March 29, 2004, it is possible that any replacement lending facility obtained by the Company may be more sensitive to interest rate changes. The Company does not currently hedge interest rates with respect to its outstanding debt.

Foreign Currency

The Company has international sales and facilities in Canada and therefore, is subject to foreign currency rate exposure. Canadian sales have been denominated in the Canadian dollar and its functional currency is the local currency. Assets and liabilities of the Canadian subsidiary are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect as of the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rate for the period. Accumulated net translation adjustments are recorded in shareholders' equity. Foreign exchange transaction gains and losses are included in the results of operations, and were not material for all periods presented. As a result, the Company's financial results could be affected by factors such as changes in foreign currency exchange rates or weak economic condition. To the extent the Company incurs expenses that are based on locally denominated sales volume paid in local currency, the exposure to foreign exchange risk is reduced. The Company has determined that the impact of a near-term 10% appreciation or depreciation of the U.S. dollar would have an insignificant effect on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows. The Company does not maintain any derivative instruments to mitigate the exposure to translation and transaction risk. However, this does not preclude the Company's adoption of specific hedging strategies in the future. MemberWorks will assess the need to utilize financial instruments to hedge currency exposures on an ongoing basis.

Fair Value

The Company does not have material exposure to market risk with respect to investments, as the Company does not hold any marketable securities as of June

30, 2003. MemberWorks does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative or trading purposes. However, this does not preclude the Company's adoption of specific hedging strategies in the future.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The financial statements and related notes and report of independent accountants for MemberWorks are included following Part IV, beginning on page F-1, and identified in the index appearing at Item 15(a).

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

The chief executive officer and chief financial officer have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15-d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this report and have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that material information relating to MemberWorks and its consolidated subsidiaries that is required to be disclosed in its reports under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the chief executive officer and chief financial officer.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, although there can be no assurance that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures will detect or uncover all failures of persons within the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in the Company's periodic reports, the Chief Executive Officer's and Chief Financial Officer's evaluation concluded that they are reasonably effective to do so.

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Changes in internal control over financial reporting. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that could have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

Part III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons of the Registrant

The information contained in the Company's Proxy Statement under the sections titled "Election of Directors" is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item. Information regarding the Executive Officers of MemberWorks is furnished in Part I of this Annual Report on form 10-K under the heading "Executive Officers of the Registrant."

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information contained in the Company's Proxy Statement under the section titled "Executive Compensation" is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The information contained in the Company's Proxy Statement under the section titled "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The information contained in the Company's Proxy Statement under the section titled "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions" is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information contained in the Company's Proxy Statement under the section titled "Ratification of Selection of Independent Auditors" is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

Part IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Index to Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules

Report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Independent Auditors
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2003 and 2002
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Deficit for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001 Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

The following Financial Statement Schedule is included:

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts - Years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001

All other schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instructions, or are inapplicable, and therefore have been omitted.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K On April 14, 2003, the Company filed on Form 8-K under Item 5 "Other Events" and Item 7 "Financial Statements and Exhibits" a Press Release providing additional financial details and announcing fiscal year 2003 third quarter conference call.

On April 29, 2003, the Company filed on Form 8-K under Item 7 "Financial Statements and Exhibits" and Item 9 "Regulation FD Disclosure (and information furnished under Item 12)" a Press Release announcing fiscal year 2003 third quarter and nine month results.

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(c) Exhibits:

Exhibits filed as a part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K are listed in the Index to Exhibits immediately preceding the exhibits located at the end of this Annual Report.

MEMBERWORKS INCORPORATED

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MEMBERWORKS INCORPORATED (Registrant)

By: /s/ GARY A. JOHNSON

Gary A. Johnson, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

Date: September 15, 2003

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated.

By: /s/ Robert Kamerschen Director

Signature	Title	Date
By: /s/ Gary A. Johnson	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	September
Gary A. Johnson		
By: /s/ James B. Duffy	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer	September
James B. Duffy		
By: /s/ Alec L. Ellison	Director	September
Alec L. Ellison		
By: /s/ Scott N. Flanders	Director	September
Scott N. Flanders		

September

Robert Kamerschen

By: /s/ Michael T. McClorey Director September

Michael T. McClorey

By: /s/ Edward M. Stern Director September

Edward M. Stern

By: /s/ Marc S. Tesler Director September

Marc S. Tesler

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No.	Description

- *3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant. (filed as Exhibit 3.3 Registration Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-10541, filed on October 18,
- *3.2 Restated By-laws of the Registrant. (filed as Exhibit 3.4 to the Company's Registra Form S-1, Registration No. 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *4.1 Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 9, Registrant and Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the Compa Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *4.2 Registration Rights Agreement, dated September 20, 1995 among the Registrant and the forth on Schedule I thereto. (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Registration S-1, Registration No. 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *10.1 Amended Employee Incentive Stock Option Plan. (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Compa Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *10.3 1995 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan. (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Compa Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *10.4 1996 Stock Option Plan. (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Registration Stat Registration No. 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *10.5 1996 Employee Stock Purchase Plan. (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Registra Form S-1, Registration No. 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *10.6 Amended and Restated 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan of the Registrant, dated July 1 Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, File No. 000-21527, fil 2001)
- 10.8 Credit Agreement dated March 31, 2003 among MemberWorks Incorporated, the Lenders Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.

- *10.15 Warrant Agreement dated as of September 9, 1994, between the Registrant and Brown Brothers Harriman & Co. (filed as Exhibit 10.12 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Registration No.

 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *10.16 Form of Stock Subscription Warrant with Voting Rights, dated August 3, 1995. (file to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-10541, file 1996)
- *10.18 Lease Agreement between Stamford Towers Limited Partnership and the Registrant, 1996. (filed as Exhibit 10.22 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *10.20 Arena Tower II Lease Agreement by and between Arena Tower II Corporation and the February 12, 1996, as amended. (filed as Exhibit 10.24 to the Company's Registration S-1, Registration No. 333-10541, filed on October 18, 1996)
- *10.23 Lease Agreement between Stamford Towers Limited Partnership and the Registrant, d (filed as Exhibit 10.23 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, File No. 00 September 29, 1997)
- *10.24 Second Amendment to Lease Agreement between Arena Tower II Corporation and Registr 24, 1997. (filed as Exhibit 10.24 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, Fi filed on September 29, 1997)
- *10.25 Third Amendment to Lease Agreement between Arena Tower II Corporation and Registra 1997. (filed as Exhibit 10.25 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, File No. on September 29, 1997)
 - *18 Letter re: Change in Accounting Principle. (filed as Exhibit 18 to the Company's Ann 10-K, File No. 000-21527, filed on October 8, 1998)
 - 21 Subsidiaries of the Registrant.
 - 23 Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.

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- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CEO Certification
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CFO Certification
- 32.1 CEO Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 CFO Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

^{*}Previously filed.

MEMBERWORKS INCORPORATED

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of MemberWorks Incorporated

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements listed in the index appearing under Item 15(a) on page 17 present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MemberWorks Incorporated and its subsidiaries at June 30, 2003 and 2002, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended June 30, 2003 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statement schedule listed in the aforementioned index presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein when read in conjunction with the related consolidated financial statements. These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company changed its method of accounting for membership fee revenue in fiscal 2001 and goodwill and other intangible assets in fiscal 2002.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP New York, New York July 28, 2003

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MEMBERWORKS INCORPORATED

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except per share amounts)

Assets

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$ 7
Marketable securities	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,743 and \$914	,
at June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively) Prepaid membership materials	
Prepaid expenses	
Membership solicitation and other deferred costs	7
Total current assets	17
Fixed assets, net	2
Goodwill	4
Intangible assets, net	
Other assets	
Total assets	\$ 24
	=====
Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficit	
Current liabilities:	
Current maturities of long-term obligations	\$
Accounts payable	3
Accrued liabilities	1 (
Deferred membership fees Deferred income taxes	16
befelled income caxes	
Total current liabilities	26
Deferred income taxes	
Long-term liabilities	
Total liabilities	26
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)	
Shareholders' deficit:	
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value 1,000 shares authorized; no shares issued	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value 40,000 shares authorized;	
17,847 shares issued (17,493 shares at June 30, 2002)	
Capital in excess of par value	12
Accumulated deficit Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1
Treasury stock, 6,126 shares at cost (4,139 shares at June 30, 2002)	(12
Total shareholders' deficit	(2
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit	\$ 24

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MEMBERWORKS INCORPORATED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share amounts)

				l.
		For the	e yea:	r end
		2003		200
Revenues	\$	456 , 881	\$	427
Expenses:				
Marketing		280,673		248
Operating		78,444		78
General and administrative		74,085		79
Restructuring charges (Note 12)		_		6
Non-recurring charge (Note 11)		_		
Amortization of intangibles		1,393 		1
Operating income (loss)		22 , 286		11
Settlement of investment related litigation (Note 7)		19,148		
(Loss) gain on sale of subsidiary (Note 6)		(959)		65
Net (loss) gain on investment (Note 6)		(206)		(33
Other income (expense), net		326		
Income (loss) before equity in affiliate and minority interest		40 , 595		43
Equity in income of affiliate		10,333		1 9
Minority interest (Note 15)		_		
Income (loss) before income taxes		40,595		43
Provision for income taxes		16,239		4.5
110V1010.1 TOT THOOME CURED				
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change (Note 4)		24 , 356		43
Net income (loss)	\$ ===	24 , 356 ======	\$ == ===	38 ====
Basic earnings (loss) per share: Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$	1.93	\$	(
Basic earnings (loss) per share	 \$	 1.93	 \$	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:		1 0 4		
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$	1.84	\$	(
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	1.84	\$	
	===			

Pro forma assuming accounting changes are retroactively applied:

Net income (loss) Basic earnings (loss) per share	Ş	24,356 1.93	Ş	43
Diluted earnings (loss) per share		1.84		
Weighted average common shares used in earnings (loss) per share calculati	ons:			
Basic	===	12 , 596 =======	= ===	14
Diluted		13,233		1 /
Diracea	===	========	= ===	====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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MEMBERWORKS INCORPORATED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT (In thousands)

	Common	Stock		Capital in Excess of	Deferred	Accumulated	Acc l Comp
		 Amou			Compensation	Deficit	
Balance - June 30, 2000 Issuance of common stock Issuance of common stock for an acquisition Issuance of treasury stock to fund 401K Plan	376		4	\$ 91,398 3,234 12,880 (28)) \$ (27,709	\$) \$
Acquisition of treasury stock Deferred compensation Comprehensive loss: Net loss Currency translation adjustment Total comprehensive loss				351	4.4	(52,487)
Balance - June 30, 2001 Issuance of common stock Issuance of treasury stock to fund 401K Plan Expense associated with the issuance of stock options to a non-employee Acquisition of treasury stock Comprehensive income:				107,835 1,462 (51)		- (80,196)
Net income Currency translation adjustment Total comprehensive income						38,011	
Balance - June 30, 2002 Issuance of common stock	17,493 354			109,254 4,047		- (42,185)

Tax Benefit from employee stock options Issuance of treasury stock to fund			9,100				
401K Plan			(21)				
Expense associated with the issuance			4.5				
of stock options to a non-employee			45				
Acquisition of treasury stock							
Comprehensive income:							
Net income						24,356	
Currency translation adjustment							
Total comprehensive income							
Balance - June 30, 2003	17 , 847	\$ 1 ⁷	78 \$122 , 425	\$ =======	- - -	\$ (17,829)	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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MEMBERWORKS INCORPORATED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

	For the
	 2003
Operating activities	
Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 24,356
Change in deferred membership fees Change in membership solicitation and other deferred costs	(39,003) 51,411
Depreciation and amortization Deferred income taxes	12,120 14,182
Tax benefit from employee stock plans Gain on settlement of investment related litigation	942 (19,148)
Loss (gain) on sale of subsidiary Net loss on investment	959 206
Equity in income of affiliate	206
Non-cash restructuring charges Minority interest	-
Cumulative effect of accounting change Other	2,485
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Restricted cash Accounts receivable	2 , 951 758

Prepaid membership materials Prepaid expenses Other assets Related party payables Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	(135) (3,246) (1,331) - (255) 1,281
Net cash provided by operating activities	48 , 533
Investing activities Acquisition of fixed assets Settlement of investment related litigation Proceeds from sale of subsidiary, net of cash sold Other investing activities Business combinations, net of cash acquired	(5,463) 19,148 - (1,250)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	12,435
Financing activities Net proceeds from issuance of stock Net repayments of credit facility Treasury stock purchases Payments of long-term obligations	4,050 - (37,214) (1,051)
Net cash used in financing activities	(34,215)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	5
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	26,758 45,502
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 72,260 =======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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NOTE 1 - NATURE OF BUSINESS

MemberWorks Incorporated ("MemberWorks" or the "Company"), a Delaware Corporation organized in 1996 and did business as Card Member Publishing Corporation from 1989 to 1996, designs and manages membership programs that offer services and discounts on everyday needs in healthcare, personal finance, insurance, travel, entertainment, fashion, personal security and more. As of June 30, 2003, 6.3 million retail members are enrolled in MemberWorks programs, gaining convenient access to thousands of service providers and vendors. MemberWorks is the trusted marketing partner of leading consumer-driven organizations and offers them effective tools to enhance their market presence, strengthen customer affinity and generate additional revenue.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation - consolidation
The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with

accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Use of estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management of the Company to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant judgments and estimates include: membership cancellation rates, deferred marketing costs, valuation of intangible assets, estimation of remaining useful lives of intangible assets and valuation of deferred tax assets.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current years presentation.

Foreign currency translation

Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated at the exchange rates in effect as of the balance sheet dates. Equity accounts are translated at historical exchange rates and revenues, expenses and cash flows are translated at the average exchange rates for the periods presented. Translation gains and losses are included as a component of comprehensive income in the consolidated statements of shareholders' deficit. Transaction gains and losses, if any, are included in the consolidated statements of operations.

Fair value of financial instruments and concentration of credit risk All current assets and liabilities are carried at cost, which approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of those instruments. The recorded amounts of the Company's long-term liabilities also approximate fair value. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable from financial and other cardholder-based institutions (clients of the Company) whose cardholders constitute the Company's membership base. These entities include major banks, financial institutions, retailers and major oil companies located primarily in the United States.

Fixed assets

Fixed assets, capitalized software costs and capital leases are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Useful lives are generally 3 years for computer software and equipment, 5 years or the remaining life of the lease for leasehold improvements and 5 to 10 years for furniture and fixtures. Maintenance and repair expenditures are charged to operations as incurred.

Revenue recognition

Membership fees are billed through clients of the Company primarily through credit cards. During an initial annual membership term or renewal term, a member may cancel his or her membership in the program generally for a prorata refund of the membership fee based on the remaining portion of the membership period. Revenue from members who are charged on a monthly payment program is recognized as the membership fees are earned. In accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements" ("SAB 101"), deferred membership fees are recorded, net of estimated cancellations, and are amortized as revenues from membership fees upon the expiration of membership refund

privileges. An allowance for membership cancellations is established based on management's estimates and is updated regularly. In determining the estimate of allowance for membership cancellations, management analyzes historical cancellation experience, current economic trends and changes in customer demand for the Company's products. Actual membership cancellations are charged against the allowance for membership cancellations on a current basis. If actual cancellations differ from the estimate, the results of operations would be impacted. Accrued liabilities set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2003 and 2002 include an allowance for membership cancellations of \$20,934,000 and \$23,753,000, respectively.

Membership programs sponsored by the Company's two largest clients in 2003 accounted for 21% and 16% of revenue, respectively. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, membership programs sponsored by the Company's largest client accounted for 16% and 13% of revenue, respectively.

Marketing Expenses

The Company's marketing expenses are comprised of telemarketing, direct mail, refundable royalty payments, non- refundable royalty payments and advertising costs. Telemarketing and direct mail are direct response advertising costs which are accounted for in accordance with American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement of Position 93-7, "Reporting on Advertising Costs" ("SOP 93-7"). Under SOP 93-7, direct response advertising costs are deferred and charged to operations over the membership period as revenues from membership fees are recognized. Refundable royalty payments are also deferred and charged to operations over the membership period in order to match the marketing costs with the associated revenues from membership fees. Advertising costs and non-refundable royalty payments, which include fee per pitch, fee per sale and fee per impression marketing arrangements, are expensed when incurred.

Total membership solicitation costs incurred to obtain a new member are generally less than the estimated total membership fees. However, if total membership solicitation costs were to exceed total estimated membership margins, an adjustment would be made to the membership solicitation and other deferred costs balance to the extent of any impairment.

Earnings per share

Basic and diluted earnings per share amounts are determined in accordance with the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement ("SFAS") No. 128, "Earnings Per Share" ("SFAS 128"). Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and the dilutive effect of potential common shares outstanding, determined using the treasury stock method.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers highly liquid investment instruments with terms of three months or less at the time of acquisition to be cash equivalents.

Restricted cash

The Company excludes from cash and cash equivalents restricted cash which is held in an escrow account for the payment of commissions to a client and the related refunds to customers. In fiscal 2002, the Company held cash in an escrow account pursuant to the iPlace, Inc. merger agreement (see Note 6).

Marketable securities

Marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale. Unrealized gains and losses are excluded from earnings and are reported as a separate component of other comprehensive income in shareholders' equity. Losses incurred that are deemed to be other than temporary are charged to earnings. Realized gains and losses are included in income and are determined based on the specific

identification method. As of June 30, 2003, the Company did not have any marketable securities. As of June 30, 2002, the Company had marketable securities of \$912,000.

Income taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases.

Valuation of goodwill and other intangibles
MemberWorks reviews the carrying value of its goodwill and other intangible
assets, and assesses the remaining estimated useful lives of its intangible
assets, in accordance with SFAS 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets"
("SFAS 142"). The Company reviews the carrying value of its goodwill and other
intangible assets for impairment by comparing such amounts to their fair values.

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MemberWorks is required to perform this comparison at least annually or more frequently if circumstances indicate possible impairment. When determining fair value, the Company utilizes various assumptions, including projections of future cash flows. A change in these underlying assumptions would cause a change in the results of the tests and, as such, could cause fair value to be less than the carrying amounts. In such an event, MemberWorks would then be required to record a corresponding charge which would negatively impact earnings. Goodwill at July 1, 2002 and 2001 was tested for impairment during the quarters ended September 30, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The Company concluded that none of its goodwill was impaired as of July 1, 2002. As of July 1, 2001, the Company determined that there was an impairment of goodwill of \$5,907,000 at one of its reporting units (see Note 4) due to the change in methodology of calculating impairment under SFAS 142 concurrent with downward trends in the operations of the reporting unit. This amount was recorded as a cumulative effect of accounting change in the statement of operations in fiscal 2002.

Intangible assets principally include member and customer relationships that arose in connection with business acquisitions. Acquired intangibles, except member relationships, are recorded at cost and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 20 years. The value of member relationships is amortized using an accelerated method based on estimated future cash flows.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company accounts for the impairment and disposition of long-lived assets in accordance with SFAS 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." The Company reviews its intangible and other long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. As of June 30, 2003, no impairment has been indicated.

Treasury stock

Treasury stock is accounted for under the cost method.

Stock-based compensation

The Company accounts for stock option grants in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25"), and its related interpretations.

As of June 30, 2003, the Company has five stock-based compensation plans which are described below. In accordance with APB 25, the Company applies the

intrinsic value method in accounting for employee stock options. Accordingly, the Company generally does not recognize compensation expense with respect to stock-based awards to employees. Had compensation cost for the Company's stock-based compensation plans been determined based on the fair value at the grant dates for awards under those plans consistent with the method of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), and SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure" ("SFAS 148"), the Company's pro forma net income and earnings per share would have been as follows:

			Year e	ended
		2003		200
	(:	 \$ in th	nousands	s, exc
Net income (loss) reported: Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the intrinsic value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects Deduct: Stock-based employee compensation expense determined under the		24,35	56 \$	38,
fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects		(6,05	55)	(11,
Pro forma net income	\$ ==	18,30 =====)1 \$ ===== =	26,
Earnings (loss) per share: As reported Basic	\$	1.9		2
Diluted Pro forma		1.8		2
Basic Diluted	\$	1.4 1.3		1

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Under the stock option plans and the agreement with an executive officer, the fair value of each option grant calculated under the provisions of SFAS 123 is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions for the years ended June 30:

	2003	2002
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected volatility	69%	50%
Risk free interest rate	3.5%	4.8%
Expected lives	5 years	5 years

The weighted average fair value per share of options granted at market value were \$7.95, \$9.55 and \$14.03 for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. For pro forma purposes, the estimated fair value of the Company's

 ${\sf stock-based}$ awards to employees is amortized over the options' vesting period of four years and the Employee Stock Purchase Plan's look-back period of ${\sf six-months}$.

For purposes of calculating the pro forma SFAS 123 compensation expense under the iPlace Inc. stock option plan, the fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2002: dividend yield of 0%; volatility of 50%; risk free interest rate of 4.6%; and expected life of 5.0 years. The weighted average fair value of options granted at market value during fiscal 2002 was \$1.34. The following weighted average assumptions were used for the year ended June 30, 2001: dividend yield of 0%; volatility of 50%; risk free interest rate of 4.9%; and expected life of 5.0 years. The weighted average fair value of options granted at market value during fiscal 2001 was \$2.07.

New accounting pronouncements

In June 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities" ("SFAS 146"), which is effective for exit or disposal activities that are initiated after December 31, 2002. SFAS 146 requires companies to recognize costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred rather than at the date of a commitment to an exit or disposal plan and nullifies Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (Including Certain Costs in a Restructuring)." The adoption of SFAS 146 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others" ("FIN 45"). FIN 45 requires a guarantor to include disclosure of certain obligations, and if applicable, at the inception of the guarantee, recognize a liability for the fair value of other certain obligations undertaken in issuing a guarantee. The recognition requirement is effective for guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The adoption of FIN 45 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS 148. This Statement amends SFAS 123 to provide alternative methods of transition for an entity that voluntarily changes to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. It also amends the disclosure provisions of that Statement to require prominent disclosure about the effects on reported net income of an entity's accounting policy decisions with respect to stock-based employee compensation. Finally, this Statement amends APB Opinion No. 28, "Interim Financial Reporting," to require disclosure about those effects in interim financial information. The transition provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements with fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002. The disclosure provisions of this statement are effective for financial reports containing condensed financial statements for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002. The Company will continue to account for its stock based compensation according to the provisions of APB Opinion No. 25.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" ("FIN 46"). FIN 46 clarifies the application of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51 and applies immediately to any variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003 and to variable interest entities in which an interest is obtained after that date. For variable interest entities created or acquired prior to February 1, 2003, the provisions of FIN 46 must be applied for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2003. While it will continue to evaluate the requirements of FIN 46, MemberWorks does not believe that the adoption of FIN 46 will have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity " ("SFAS 150"). This statement requires that certain financial instruments that were accounted

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for as equity under previous guidance be classified as liabilities in statements of financial position. SFAS 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. MemberWorks does not believe that the adoption of SFAS 150 will have a material impact on Company's financial statements.

NOTE 3 - STOCK- BASED COMPENSATION

Stock Compensation Plans

During fiscal 1997, the Board of Directors approved the Company's 1996 Stock Option Plan (the "1996 Stock Option Plan"), which became effective upon the closing of the Company's initial public offering. Under the 1996 Stock Option Plan, the Board can determine the date on which options can vest and become exercisable as well as the term of the options granted. During fiscal 1999, the Board of Directors and shareholders approved an increase in the number of shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance under the 1996 Stock Option Plan from 1,800,000 to 3,600,000. During fiscal 2002, the Company added an additional 2,000,000 options, which may be granted using treasury stock.

During fiscal 1996, the Board of Directors and shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the 1995 Executive Officers' Stock Option Plan and the 1995 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan under which the Board is authorized to grant 360,000 and 180,000 options, respectively, to acquire shares of Common Stock at a price per share equal to or greater than fair market value at the date of grant. Under the Executive Officers' Stock Option Plan, the Board can determine the date on which options vest and become exercisable. Options become exercisable over a four-year period under the Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan.

Under the stock option plans described above, options generally become exercisable over a four to five year period and expire at the earlier of termination of employment or between five to ten years from the date of grant.

The Company had an agreement with an executive officer, whereby the Company was required to grant options to purchase up to 144,000 shares of Common Stock to the executive for achievement of certain performance goals. These options have a stated exercise price of \$2.78 per share and vest ratably over a four-year period from the date of grant. The Company recognized compensation expense related to those options of \$44,000 for the year ended June 30, 2001.

At June 30, 2003, 5,508,000 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under the stock option plans, of which 900,000 shares were available for future grant.

Information with respect to options to purchase shares issued under these plans is as follows:

2003 2002 ---
Average Average Exercise Exercise

(Shares in thousands)	Shares	Price	Shares	Price	Sha
Outstanding at beginning of year	4,341	\$ 20.82	3,815	\$ 21.45	2,
Granted at market value	850	13.42	1,128	19.36	1,
Exercised	(338)	11.30	(127)	21.29	(
Forfeited	(321)	24.53	(475)	25.31	(
Outstanding at end of year	4,532	\$ 19.88	4,341	\$ 20.82	3 ,
	=========		========	=	

	Opt	Options Outstanding			
(Shares in thousands)	Shares Outstanding at 6/30/03	Average Remaining Life (Years)	Average Exercise Price	Sha Outst at 6/	
\$2.78 to \$13.00 \$13.05 to \$14.26	 447 773	3.6 9.1	\$ 5.95 13.10		
\$15.00 to \$19.38	754	5.9	16.76		
\$20.31 to \$20.35 \$20.81 to \$29.00	988 671	8.0 6.5	20.34 26.81		
\$29.56 to \$29.88	899 	6.9	29.59		
	4,532	7.0	\$ 19.88	2 =====	

Options exercisable as of June 30, 2002 and 2001 were 1,876,000 and 1,345,000, respectively.

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iPlace Stock Option Plan

In April 2001, the Board of Directors of iPlace approved a five-for-one stock split of iPlace's outstanding stock and options. The stock option split did not impact the value of outstanding options and all option share information has been adjusted to reflect the five-for-one stock split.

The iPlace options were issued at the estimated fair value of the underlying common stock and generally vested 25% per year beginning one year from the date of grant. During 2002, 470,000 options were granted at an average exercise price of \$2.74 and 205,000 options were forfeited at an average exercise price of \$2.40. In August 2001, MemberWorks sold iPlace (see Note 6). Therefore, there were no stock options outstanding under this plan as of June 30, 2003 or 2002. During 2001, 2,941,000 options were granted at an average exercise price of \$4.20 and 482,000 options were forfeited at an average exercise price of \$2.80. At June 30, 2001, options to purchase approximately 5,585,000 shares of iPlace stock remained outstanding at an average exercise price of \$3.18 with 1,548,000 of those options exercisable at an average exercise price of \$2.54.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

During fiscal 1997, the Company adopted the 1996 Employee Stock Purchase Plan which provides for the issuance of up to 360,000 shares of common stock. The plan permits eligible employees to purchase Common Stock through payroll deductions, which may not exceed 10% of an employee's compensation, at a price equal to the lower of (a) 85% of the closing price of the Common Stock on the day the purchase period commences or (b) 85% of the closing price of the Common Stock on the day the purchase period terminates. During fiscal 2003, 2002, and 2001, 16,000, 18,000 and 20,000 shares were purchased under the plan, respectively.

Warrants

During fiscal 2001, warrants to acquire 3,000 shares of Common Stock were exercised at \$0.0014 per share. In addition, during fiscal 2001, warrants to acquire 4,000 shares of Common Stock at \$0.0014 expired.

Warrants were issued to outside investors prior to fiscal 1997. As of June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, no warrants are outstanding to purchase Common Stock.

NOTE 4 - CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Adoption of SFAS 142

The Company adopted SFAS 142 effective July 1, 2001. With the adoption of SFAS 142, the Company reassessed the useful lives and residual values of all acquired intangible assets to make any necessary valuation or amortization period adjustments. Based on that assessment, only goodwill was determined to have an indefinite useful life and no adjustments were made to the amortization period or residual values of other intangible assets. The Company determined that at July 1, 2001, there was an impairment of goodwill of \$5,907,000 at one of its reporting units due to the change in methodology of calculating impairment under SFAS 142 concurrent with recent downward trends in the operations of the reporting unit. This amount was recorded as a cumulative effect of accounting change in the statement of operations in the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2001.

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The following pro forma net income and earnings per share have been prepared assuming SFAS 142 was adopted as of July 1, 2000. Pro forma balances have been adjusted to exclude goodwill amortization expense which is no longer recorded under the provisions of SFAS 142 (in thousands, except per share data).

	2003	
Net income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change:		
Reported income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change \$ Indefinite lived intangible asset amortization	24 , 356 -	\$
Adjusted net income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change \$	24 , 356	\$ ====
Basic earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change per share: Reported earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change per share\$ Indefinite lived intangible asset amortization per share	1.93	\$
Adjusted earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change per share\$	1.93	\$
Diluted earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change per share: Reported earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change per share\$ Indefinite lived intangible asset amortization per share	1.84	\$
Adjusted earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change per share\$	1.84	\$

Net income (loss): Reported income (loss) Indefinite lived intangible asset amortization	\$	24,356	\$
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ ==	24,356	\$
Basic earnings (loss) per share: Reported earnings (loss) per share Indefinite lived intangible asset amortization per share Adjusted earnings (loss) per share	\$ \$ ==	1.93 - 1.93	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share: Reported earnings (loss) per share Indefinite lived intangible asset amortization per share	\$	1.84	\$
Adjusted earnings (loss) per share	\$	1.84	\$

Adoption of SAB 101

The Company adopted SAB 101 as of July 1, 2000. SAB 101 establishes the Security and Exchange Commission's (the "Staff") preference that membership fees should not be recognized in earnings prior to the expiration of refund privileges. Effective July 1, 2000, the Company changed its method of accounting for membership fee revenue to comply with the Staff's preferred method as outlined in SAB 101. Membership fees, and the related direct costs associated with acquiring the underlying memberships, are no longer recognized on a prorata basis over the corresponding membership period, but instead are recognized in earnings upon the expiration of membership refund privileges. The cumulative effect of this change in accounting principle as of July 1, 2000 of \$25,730,000 was recorded in the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2000. The membership fees, net of estimated refunds and associated direct costs, which were deferred as part of the cumulative effect adjustment at July 1, 2000 were recognized in earnings during fiscal year 2001 as the underlying refund privileges expired. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the Company recognized \$68,195,000 of revenue which was included as a component of the cumulative effect of accounting change booked July 1, 2000. The effect of the adoption of SAB 101 on reported revenue, loss before the cumulative effect of accounting change and loss per share before the cumulative effect of accounting change for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, is an increase of \$13,470,000, \$3,758,000 and \$0.25, respectively.

NOTE 5 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

In October 2000, the Company increased its ownership in Discount Development Services, L.L.C. and its subsidiary, Uni-Care, Inc., (together "DDS") from 19% to 100%. The Company paid \$8,150,000 in cash and 425,232 shares of MemberWorks Common Stock with an approximate fair market value of \$13,641,000 as of the date the Company entered into the purchase agreement. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase, with the purchase price allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their respective estimated fair value at the date of acquisition. DDS is in the business of marketing and administering healthcare

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network membership programs that provide its members access to various healthcare networks including hearing, vision, prescription and chiropractic. The results of DDS's operations are included in the consolidated financial

statements from the date of acquisition. Due to the immateriality of the acquisition, pro forma results were not required to be presented.

NOTE 6 - (LOSS) GAIN ON SALE OF SUBSIDIARY/LOSS ON INVESTMENT

During fiscal 2002, the Company sold its investment in and advances to iPlace, 30, Inc. in exchange for \$50,111,000 in cash, including \$3,703,000 held in escrow, and 2002 1,601,000 shares of Homestore.com, Inc. common stock, including 451,000 shares held in escrow. The Company reported a gain of \$65,608,000 on the sale. Subsequent to the date of sale, the investment in Homestore.com, Inc. declined in value and management determined that the decline was other than temporary. As a result, the Company wrote down its investment in Homestore.com, Inc. to its fair value and recognized a loss of \$33,628,000 during fiscal 2002. As of June 30, 2002, the Company's investment in Homestore.com, Inc. was valued at \$912,000. During fiscal 2002, 84,000 shares were released from the escrow. During fiscal 2003, the Company settled with Homestore.com, Inc. all pending issues related to amounts held in escrow in connection with the sale. The Company returned cash and stock to Homestore.com, Inc., which resulted in a net loss of \$959,000. During fiscal 2003, the Company sold all of its Homestore.com, Inc. common stock and recognized a loss of \$206,000 in connection with this sale (see Note 7).

During fiscal 2001, MemberWorks' investment in 24/7 Media, Inc., ("24/7") declined in value and management determined that the decline was other than temporary. As a result, MemberWorks wrote down its investment in 24/7 by \$1,790,000. In addition, during fiscal 2001, MemberWorks sold its remaining shares of 24/7 stock. Proceeds from the sales were \$4,144,000 and related realized losses were \$382,000. The financial impact of the transactions on fiscal 2001 is a net loss of \$2,172,000.

NOTE 7 - Settlement of investment related litigation

During fiscal 2003, MemberWorks, along with certain of the other former shareholders of iPlace, Inc., settled their lawsuit against Homestore.com, Inc. The total settlement amount in favor of the plaintiffs was \$23,000,000 of which MemberWorks received \$19,148,000 (see Note 6).

NOTE 8 - GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The gross carrying value and accumulated amortization of goodwill and other intangibles are as follows (in thousands):

	As of June 30, 2003				As of	
	Gro	ess Carrying Amount		cumulated ortization	Gro	ss Carryir Amount
Finite lived intangible assets:						
Membership and client relationships Other	\$	13 , 195 950	\$	(6,730) (759)	\$	13,195 950
Total amortized intangible assets	\$ ====	14,145	\$ = ====	(7,489)	\$ ====	14,145
Indefinite lived intangible assets: Goodwill	\$ ====	42 , 039	=		\$ ====	42,039

The future intangible amortization expense for the next five fiscal years is estimated to be as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year:

2004	1,045
2005	840
2006	695
2007	554
2008	485

Goodwill was tested for impairment during the quarter ended September 30, 2002 as required by SFAS 142. The Company concluded that none of its goodwill was impaired. Fair value was estimated using discounted cash flow methodologies. Goodwill was tested at July 1, 2001, for impairment during the quarter ended September 30, 2001, in connection with the adoption of SFAS 142 (see Note 4). In addition, the Company reassessed the estimated useful lives of its indefinite

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lived intangible assets and determined that the lives were appropriate. The Company will continue to test the goodwill of each of its reporting units annually or more frequently if impairment indicators exist.

NOTE 9 - FIXED ASSETS

Fixed assets, net are comprised of the following at June 30, (in thousands):

	2003		2002
Computer software and equipment	\$ 44,535	\$	44,93
Furniture and fixtures	8,161		8,10
Leasehold improvements	6,356	_	6 , 89
	59,052		59 , 93
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(34,083)		(28,51
	\$ 24,969	\$	31,42
		=	

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$10,818,000,\$11,311,000 and \$10,545,000 for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities are summarized as follows at June 30, (in thousands):

		2003	2002
Notes payable	\$	_	\$ 760

		-	
Long-term liabilities	\$ 3,128	\$	3,619
Less: current maturities	236	_	1,015
	3,364		4,634
Other long-term obligations	1,898		2 , 355
Lease incentives	1,466		1,519

The Company has a bank credit facility that allows borrowings up to \$28,000,000. Borrowings under the facility accrue interest at the higher of the base commercial lending rate for the bank or the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% per annum. A commitment fee is charged based on the total facility at the rate of 0.50% per annum on the average daily unused portion of the facility. This bank credit facility matures on March 29, 2004. As of June 30, 2003, availability under the bank credit facility was reduced by an outstanding letter of credit of \$5,495,000. There were no borrowings outstanding under this bank credit facility as of June 30, 2003 or 2002. The bank credit facility has certain financial covenants, including a maximum debt coverage ratio, a minimum fixed charge ratio, potential restrictions on additional borrowings and potential restrictions on additional stock repurchases. For the periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, the Company was in compliance with all financial and restrictive loan covenants. The credit facility is secured by all of the Company's assets, including the stock of its subsidiaries.

As of June 30, 2002, the Company's subsidiary, DDS, had \$760,000 outstanding under a note payable that had an interest rate of 5.0% per annum which was paid in full in fiscal 2003.

As of June 30, 2003 and 2002, MemberWorks Canada had \$1,466,000 and \$1,519,000, respectively, outstanding for lease incentives related to certain operating leases. These lease incentives are amortized as a reduction to rent expense over the terms of the leases.

Other long-term obligations are comprised of the long-term portion of the restructuring reserve (see note 12) and two consulting agreements entered into by DDS which expire during fiscal 2005.

Other income (expense) as shown in the statements of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, includes interest expense of \$238,000, \$435,000 and \$1,263,000, respectively. Other income (expense) as shown in the statements of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, includes interest income of \$808,000, \$768,000 and \$900,000, respectively.

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NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company operates in leased facilities. Management expects that leases currently in effect will be renewed or replaced by other leases of a similar nature and term. Rent expense under operating leases was \$7,671,000, \$6,508,000 and \$7,552,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

The Company entered into certain capital leases for certain equipment. Lease amortization for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001 was \$55,000, \$62,000 and \$47,000, respectively, and is included in depreciation and

amortization expense.

Future minimum lease payments under capital leases, including the present value of net minimum lease payments, as of June 30, 2003 are \$8,000, which will be paid in fiscal 2004. Interest rates on these capital leases ranged from 9.9% to 31.6%.

The future minimum lease payments under operating leases as of June 30, 2003 are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year	
2004	\$
2005	
2006	
2007	
2008	
Thereafter	
	-
Total minimum lease payments	\$
	=

In fiscal 2003, the Company entered into an advertising agreement with one of its clients to promote products and services to prospective new members. Pursuant to the agreement, as of June 30, 2003, the Company has a purchase commitment of \$1,000,000, that is payable in fiscal 2004

In fiscal 2001, the Company entered into a voluntary agreement with the State of California and Ventura and Orange Counties to implement certain marketing practices in the State of California. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company paid costs of investigation and civil penalties of \$2,000,000, which were split between the state and the counties. The Company also established a reserve of \$1,000,000 to cover specific costs related to the agreement. As a result of the agreement, the Company recorded a non-recurring charge of \$3,000,000 during fiscal 2001. As of June 30, 2003, this obligation was \$0.

Legal proceedings

Except as set forth below, in management's opinion, there are no significant legal proceedings to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or to which any of their properties are subject. The Company is involved in other lawsuits and claims generally incidental to its business including, but not limited to, various suits, including previously disclosed suits in the 2002 Annual Report filed on Form 10-K, brought against the Company by individual consumers seeking monetary and/or injunctive relief relating to the marketing of the Company's programs. In addition, from time to time, and in the regular course of its business, the Company receives inquiries from various federal and/or state regulatory authorities. Management does not believe that there will be any material effects on the results of operations as a result of its outstanding litigation proceedings.

In March 2001, an action was instituted by plaintiff Teresa McClain against Coverdell & Company ("Coverdell"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Monumental Life Insurance Company and other defendants in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, Southern Division. The suit, which seeks unspecified monetary damages, alleges that Coverdell and the other defendants violated the Michigan Consumer Protection Act and other applicable Michigan laws in connection with the marketing of Monumental Life

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Insurance Company insurance products. The complaint includes a claim that the suit should be certified as a class action and the plaintiff has filed a motion for class certification to which all of the defendants have filed opposing papers regarding the same. The Court has announced that it will deny the motion for national class certification, but it has indicated that it would consider certifying a class of Michigan residents. A hearing has not yet been held on class certification, and no order has been issued. The Company believes that the claims made against Coverdell are unfounded and Coverdell and the Company will vigorously defend their interests against this suit.

On January 24, 2003, the Company filed a motion with the Superior Court for the Judicial District of Hartford, Connecticut to vacate and oppose the confirmation of an arbitration award issued in December 2002. The arbitration, filed against

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the Company by MedValUSA Health Programs, Inc. ("MedVal") in September 2000, involved claims of breach of contract, breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing, and violation of the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act ("CUTPA"). Even though the arbitrators found that MemberWorks was not liable to MedVal for any compensatory damages, they awarded \$5,495,000 in punitive damages and costs against MemberWorks solely under CUTPA. MemberWorks believes that this arbitration award is unjustified and not based on any existing legal precedent. Specifically, the Company is challenging the award on a number of grounds, including that it violates a well defined public policy against excessive punitive damage awards, raises constitutional issues and disregards certain legal requirements for a valid award under CUTPA. The hearing on the Company's motion was held on February 10, 2003. On June 22, 2003, the Superior Court denied the Company's motion to vacate the award, and the Company filed an appeal of that decision. No briefing schedule has yet been set in the appeal. While the Company intends to take action to prevent the enforcement of the award by, among other things, vigorously pursuing an appeal, there can be no assurance that MemberWorks will be successful in its efforts. The Company has made no provision in its financial statements for this contingency because it believes that a loss is not probable. If the Company were ultimately unsuccessful on this or other available appeals, and a final non-appealable court order confirming the arbitration award is rendered, the payment of the award could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and liquidity in the period in which the final order is entered.

NOTE 12 - RESTRUCTURING CHARGES

During fiscal 2002, the Company announced the implementation of several cost saving initiatives due to a slowdown in consumer response rates and increased economic uncertainty in both the U.S. and abroad. This restructuring program included a workforce reduction, the closing of the Company's United Kingdom operations and the downsizing of the operational infrastructure throughout the Company. As a result of the restructuring program, the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$6,893,000 during the quarter ended December 31, 2001.

The following is a rollforward of the major components of the restructuring reserve (in thousands):

	orkforce eduction	Ob	Lease ligations	Asset sposals
Additions to the reserve	\$ 2,214	\$	3,094	\$ 1,585

	=====		====		=====	
Reserve balance at June 30, 2003	\$	91	\$	1,710	\$	
Additions to the reserve Charges to the reserve		300		836		-
Reserve balance at June 30, 2002		391		2,546		_
Charges to the reserve		1,823		548		1,585

Workforce Reduction

As part of the restructuring plan, the Company reduced its workforce by approximately 190 regular employees, consisting of membership service representatives and other professional personnel. All 190 employees have been terminated.

Lease Obligations and Asset Disposals

In connection with the closing of the United Kingdom offices and the downsizing of the Company's infrastructure, the Company recorded \$73,000 for lease terminations, \$3,021,000 for non-cancelable lease obligations and \$1,585,000 for asset disposals. The reserve for lease obligations has been reduced by anticipated sublease income.

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NOTE 13- INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes is as follows as of June 30, (in thousands):

	2003	20	02	
Current				
Federal State Foreign	\$ 1,635 422 -	\$	- - -	\$
Total	\$ 2,057	\$ === =====	_ =====	\$ == =
Deferred Federal State Foreign	\$ 11,642 2,540	\$	- - -	\$
Total	\$ 14,182	\$ === =====	 - =====	 \$ == =

There was no current or deferred provision for income taxes for the years ended June 30, 2002 or 2001 due to the utilization of the Company's net operating loss carry forwards against which the Company had carried a full valuation allowance. Deferred tax assets and liabilities result from differences in the basis of assets and liabilities for tax and financial statement purposes.

The tax effects of the basis differences and net operating loss carry forwards and the valuation allowance established in accordance with SFAS 109 are

summarized below as of June 30, 2003 and 2002 (in thousands):

	2003		20
Deferred Tax Assets:			
Benefit of federal and state net operating loss carry forwards Deferred membership fees Allowance for membership cancellations Sale of Homestore.com, Inc. marketable securities	\$ 16,163 2,965 8,361	\$	28 18 9
Other deferred tax assets	1,997		4
Gross deferred tax assets Less: Valuation allowance	29 , 486 –		62 (6
Deferred tax assets after valuation allowance	29,486	,	55
Deferred Tax Liabilities: Membership solicitation and other deferred costs Goodwill and other intangibles Depreciation	(30,266) (3,204) (2,040)		(54
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(35,510)	•	(55
Net deferred tax liability	\$ (6,024)	\$	

As of June 30, 2003, the Company had federal net operating loss carry forwards of \$41,443,000 expiring at various dates from December 31, 2017 to June 30, 2021. The Company's ability to use these losses to offset future taxable income would be subject to limitations under the Internal Revenue Code if certain changes in the Company's ownership occur. The Company also has state net operating loss carry forwards available to reduce future state taxable income which expire beginning June 30, 2003 through June 30, 2022.

Tax benefits resulting from the exercise of nonqualified stock options and the disqualifying dispositions of shares issued under the Company's stock-based compensation plans reduced taxes payable by approximately \$942,000 in 2003. Such benefits were credited to additional paid-in capital. There has been no tax benefit recognized into income in fiscal 2003 for the reversal of the valuation allowance of \$8,157,000 that was attributable to prior period disqualifying dispositions. These amounts have been credited to additional paid-in capital. The amount credited to additional paid-in capital exceeds the June 30, 2002 valuation allowance due to the Company's revaluation of certain deferred tax assets.

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Income tax expense as a percentage of pre-tax income was 40% for fiscal 2003. The effective tax rate was higher than the U.S. statutory rate primarily due to state taxes and other non-deductible items. During fiscal 2002, MemberWorks was not required to record a provision for income taxes due to the ability to utilize net operating loss carryforwards against which the Company had carried a

full valuation allowance. MemberWorks was not required to record a provision for income taxes for the year ended June 30, 2001 due to tax losses incurred and the provision of a full valuation allowance against those losses. The valuation allowance recognized in prior periods has been fully reversed in fiscal 2003 based upon the Company's belief that it is more likely than not that it will realize its deferred tax assets.

NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY OBLIGATIONS

As of June 30, 2001, the Company's majority-owned subsidiary, iPlace, Inc. had a note payable to the president of iPlace, Inc. for \$1,973,000. The note bore interest at the Citibank, N.A. publicly announced interest rate plus 1% per annum and was due on demand. Other income, net for fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001 included related party interest expense of \$0, \$12,000 and \$176,000, respectively.

NOTE 15 - MINORITY INTEREST

Prior to the sale of iPlace, Inc. in August 2001, the Company was the majority shareholder of iPlace, Inc. with an approximate 58% ownership share. Minority interest in the statement of operations for the year ended June 30, 2002 and 2001 represents approximately 42% of iPlace's losses incurred through the date of the sale of iPlace, Inc. in August 2001.

NOTE 16 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Company has a stock repurchase program. During fiscal 2003, the Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase up to an additional 2,500,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock. As of June 30, 2003, approximately 979,000 shares were remaining for repurchase under the stock repurchase program. During fiscal 2003, the Company repurchased 1,993,000 shares for \$37,214,000, an average price of \$18.67 per share, compared to the repurchase of 2,227,000 shares for \$34,301,000, an average price of \$15.40 per share, in fiscal 2002 and 340,000 shares for \$8,917,000, an average price of \$26.23 per share, in fiscal 2001.

In July 2003, the Board of Directors authorized an additional 1,000,000 shares to be purchased under the stock repurchase program. Pursuant to the share repurchase program, the Company is authorized to repurchase approximately 1,979,000 additional shares as market conditions permit.

NOTE 17 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

All employees over the age of 18 may participate in the Company's 401(k) profit sharing plan. Employees may contribute up to 20% of their compensation subject to certain limitations. Effective July 1, 2000, MemberWorks began making quarterly matching contributions in Common Stock based on qualified employee contributions. Treasury stock, calculated under the cost method, was used to match qualified employee contributions. Effective January 1, 2003, MemberWorks began making matching contributions in cash. Matching contributions were \$153,000, \$156,000 and \$126,000 for fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

NOTE 18 - STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information (in thousands):

	Year	ended	June	30,	
2003		2002			2

Cash paid during the period for i	nterest	\$ 241	\$ 377	\$ 1,
Cash paid during the period for i	ncome taxes	411	43	

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NOTE 19 - EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share amounts are determined in accordance with the provisions SFAS 128. The following table sets forth the reconciliation of the numerators and denominators in the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share (in thousands, except per share data):

	_	2003	2002	2
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share:				
Net income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change Cumulative effect of accounting change	\$	24 , 356 \$ -	43,918 \$ (5,907)	; (
Net income (loss)	\$ =	24,356 \$ ======	38,011 \$; (
Denominator for basic earnings (loss) per share: Weighted average number of common shares outstanding- basic Effect of dilutive securities:		12,596	14,477	
Options	_	637	432	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding- diluted	=	13,233	14,909	===
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	1.93 \$	2.63 \$;
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ =	1.84 \$	2.55 \$; ===

The diluted earnings (loss) per common share calculation excludes the effect of potentially dilutive shares when their effect is antidilutive. Excluded from the diluted share calculation above for the year ended June 30, 2003, 2002 and 2001 are incremental weighted average stock option shares of approximately 2,838,000, 3,383,000 and 2,870,000, respectively.

NOTE 20 - QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts):

	Year	ended	June	30,	20
First	S	econd		Thi	rd
Quarter (a)	Q	uarter	(Quart	ter

Revenues	\$ 105,004	Ş	114,045	Ş	118,64
Operating income	2,125		5,858		5,51
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change	12,136		3,647		3 , 33
Net income	12,136		3,647		3 , 33
Diluted earnings before cumulative effect of accounting					
change per share	0.89		0.27		0.2
Diluted earnings per share	0.89		0.27		0.2

			Yea	r ended J	une	≥ 30, 20
	Qu	First warter (b)		Second arter (c)		Third Quarter
Revenues	\$	118,964	\$	102,684	\$	100,80
Operating (loss) income		(2,578)		(171)		10,81
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change						
		40,351		(9,160)		10,49
Net income (loss)		34,444		(9,160)		10,49
Diluted earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of						
accounting change per share		2.51		(0.62)		0.7
Diluted earnings (loss) per share		2.14		(0.62)		0.7

- (a) Results of operations for this period include a \$19,148,000 gain related to the settlement of investment related litigation (see Note 7), a \$959,000 loss related to the sale of iPlace, Inc. (see Note 6) and a \$206,000 loss on investment (see Note 6).
- (b) Results of operations for this period include a \$65,608,000 gain related to the sale of iPlace, Inc. (see Note 6), a \$22,296,000 loss on investment (see Note 6) and a \$5,907,000 cumulative effect of accounting change (see Note 4).
- (c) Results of operations for this period include a \$9,043,000 loss on investment (see Note 6) and a \$6,893,000 restructuring charge (see Note 12).
- (d) Results of operations for this period include a \$2,289,000 loss on investment (see Note 6).

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MemberWorks Incorporated Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

Description	alance at ginning of Period	Charged t Costs and Expense		С	harged to Other Accounts Describe 	Deduc De
Year Ended June 30, 2003						
Allowance for membership cancellations Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	\$ 23,753,000 6,581,000	\$	_	\$	281,250,000 A (6,581,000)D	\$ 284

Year Ended June 30, 2002 Allowance for membership cancellations Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	\$ 30,004,000 \$ 22,690,000		277,412,000 A \$ 28 (16,109,000)D
Year Ended June 30, 2001 Allowance for membership cancellations Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	\$ 33,477,000 \$ 10,175,000	\$	362,623,000 A \$ 36 12,515,000 C

- (A) Charged to balance sheet account "Deferred membership fees."
- (B) Charges for refunds upon membership cancellations. In addition, the allowance was reduced by \$2,082,000 in connection with the sale of iPlace in fiscal 2002.
- (C) Increase in the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is due to an increase in deferred tax assets that management does not believe will be more likely than not realizable.
- (D) Decrease in the valuation allowance is due to current utilization of deferred tax assets as well as management's belief that the Company will more likely than not realize its deferred tax assets in the future.

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