DYNABAZAAR INC Form 10-Q November 14, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

/ X / QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

/___/ For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2006

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from

Commission File Number 000-29423

DYNABAZAAR, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

04-3351937

to

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

888 Seventh Ave., 17TH floor, New York, NY 10019 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 974-5730

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes /X/ No //

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer / / Accelerated Filer / / Non-accelerated Filer /X/

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes / / No /X/

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of

November 11, 2006 was 23,691,756

DYNABAZAAR, INC.

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands)

	-	tember 3 2006 naudited
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,102
Accounts receivable, net		1,950
Inventory, finished goods		3,178
Prepaid expenses		387
Other current assets		36
Total current assets		8,653

Fixed assets Goodwill Deposits Other assets, long-term prepaid expenses	106 2,429 4 829
Total assets	\$ 12,021
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 1,169 594
Total current liabilities	1,763
Stockholders' equity: Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 90,000,000 shares authorized; 29,726,385 shares issued at September 30, 2006 and 29,526,385 December 31, 2005 Additional paid-in capital	30 151,759 260 (137,321)
Less: Common stock held in treasury, at cost; 6,116,429 at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005	14,728
Total stockholders' equity	10,258
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 12,021 =======

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in thousands, except per share amounts; unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nin S	
	2006	2005	2006 	
Revenues	\$ 3,614	\$	\$ 3,61	
Cost of goods sold	2,856		2,85	
Gross profit	758		75	
Operating expenses, general and administrative	615	236	1,09	
Income (loss) from operations	143	(236)	(34	

50 	128 2,000	25 -
50 	2,128	25
\$ 193 ======	\$1,892 =====	\$ (9 =====
	* 0.00	* 40 0
\$ 0.01	\$ 0.08	\$ (0.0 =====
\$ 0.01 =====	\$ 0.08	\$ (0.0
23,414	23,410	23,41 =====
23,480	23,554	23 , 41
	\$ 193 ====== \$ 0.01 ====== \$ 0.01 ======	\$ 193 \$1,892 \$1,

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands; unaudited)

	Nine Months Er September 30	
	2006	
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (600)	Ş -
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,560)	
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,560)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issuance of common stock Purchase of treasury stock Payment of revolver facility	 (1,863)	_

NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,863)
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(6,023)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	9,125
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 3,102

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

The Company purchased substantially all of the assets of Southern Imaging and Video Solutions, pursuant to the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement for the initial consideration of \$3,874,000. In conjunction with the acquisition common stock was issued and liablities were assumed as follows:

Fair value of assets acquired	\$ 7,371,000
Cash paid	(3,800,000)
Common stock issued	(74,000)
Liabilities assumed	\$ 3,497,000
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See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - THE COMPANY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

THE COMPANY

OVERVIEW

Dynabazaar, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Delaware in February 1997 as "Fairmarket, Inc." Through September 3, 2003, the Company was an online auction and promotions technology service provider that enabled marketers to create results-oriented rewards programs and helped commerce companies automate the process of selling their excess inventory online to wholesale and retail buyers. On September 4, 2003, the Company sold substantially all of its operating assets to eBay, Inc. ("eBay") for consideration of \$4.5 million in cash under the terms and conditions of an asset purchase agreement the Company entered into with eBay on June 20, 2003.

Following the closing of the asset sale, the Company changed its name from "Fairmarket, Inc." to "Dynabazaar, Inc."

In connection with the cessation of the Company's online auction business, the Company relocated its principal executive offices as of January 1, 2004 to 888 Seventh Avenue, 17th Floor, New York, New York 10019, an office maintained by Barington Capital Group, L.P. ("Barington"), a limited partnership whose general partner is a corporation of which James Mitarotonda is Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Mitarotonda is the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer and sits on the Company's Board of Directors.

From January 2003 until June 20, 2006, the Company did not operate any business and was settling its remaining claims and liabilities while reviewing alternatives for the use or disposition of our remaining assets.

The Company's common stock trades on the NASDAQ OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "FAIM.OB". The Company's common stock was quoted on the NASDAQ National Market, but was delisted on June 24, 2004.

As previously disclosed in a Form 8-K filed by the Company on June 26, 2006, Costar Video Systems, LLC ("Costar") and Video Solutions Technology Center, LLC ("VSTC"), direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, completed the acquisition (the "Acquisition") of substantially all of the assets of Southern Imaging, Inc., a Texas corporation ("Southern Imaging"), and Video Solutions Technology Center, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("Video Solutions"), pursuant to the transactions contemplated by the asset purchase agreement, dated as of June 20, 2006 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), by and between Southern Imaging, Video Solutions, the shareholders of Southern Imaging, Costar and VSTC. Costar, the Company's subsidiary which acquired Southern Imaging's assets, designs, sources and distributes video and imaging products for the security and industrial markets. VSTC, a subsidiary of Costar which acquired the assets of Video Solutions, provides product design and development, technical support and repair services for Costar. The consideration for the Acquisition was up to approximately \$9.5 million, consisting of the issuance at closing of 200,000 shares of the common stock of Dynabazaar, a cash payment of \$3 million less the value of the 200,000 shares of Dynabazaar common stock, the assumption of approximately \$2.475 million of certain long-term debt and related party notes payable, and deferred consideration of up to \$4 million in cash, contingent upon Costar and VSTC achieving certain levels of sales and EBITDA after the closing.

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DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

As previously disclosed in a Form 8-K filed by the Company on September 21, 2006, Costar entered into a strategic alliance agreement with Sielox, LLC ("Sielox"), a subsidiary of L Q Corporation, Inc. ("L Q Corporation"), dated as September 15, 2006, pursuant to which the companies have agreed to explore mutually beneficial opportunities to work together, including, without limitation, through a joint venture, joint sales or joint marketing arrangement, or other business arrangement or strategic alliance. Sielox engages in the development, design and distribution of open architecture access control software, programmable controllers, readers and identity cards used to provide access control security to end users such as office buildings, factories, universities and hospitals. Costar and Sielox are also parties to a distribution agreement, dated July 31, 2006, pursuant to which Sielox was appointed as an authorized distributor of certain products of Costar.

Barington and a group of other investors which have joined with Barington in the

filing of a statement on Schedule 13D, collectively own greater than 10% of the outstanding common stock of both Dynabazaar and L Q Corporation. James A. Mitarotonda, who serves as a director, President and Chief Executive Officer of Dynabazaar, is Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of a corporation that is the general partner of Barington. Sebastian E. Cassetta, who serves as the Chief Executive Officer of Costar, is a Senior Managing Director and the Chief Operating Officer of Barington. Mr. Cassetta is also a director, President and Chief Executive Officer of L Q Corporation. Barington is party to separate administrative services agreements with Dynabazaar and L Q Corporation, pursuant to which Barington performs certain administrative, accounting and other services on behalf of each company.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 are unaudited and have been prepared on a basis substantially consistent with our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005. The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information. Consequently, these statements do not include all disclosures normally required by generally accepted accounting principles for annual financial statements. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005, which are contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on March 30,2006. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments (including all normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the fiscal year.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of our direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries Costar and VSTC. Significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

On January 1, 2006, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No.123(R) Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. Among other items, SFAS No. 123(R) requires companies to record compensation expense for share-based awards issued to employees and directors in exchange for services provided. The amount of the compensation expense is based on the estimated fair value of the awards on their grant dates and is recognized over the applicable vesting period.

The Company adopted SFAS No.123(R) using the modified prospective transition method, which requires the application of the accounting standard to all share-based awards issued on or after January 1, 2006, and any outstanding share-based awards that were issued but not vested as of January 1, 2006. Accordingly, the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2005 and for the nine months then ended have not been restated to reflect the impact of SFAS No.123(R).

In the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$19,000 in its condensed consolidated financial

statements, all of which was for stock options. This amount includes compensation expense for fully vested stock options granted subsequent to January 1, 2006 based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R).

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DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company had chosen to account for stock-based compensation granted to employees using the intrinsic value method prescribed in APB No. 25 and related interpretations. Accordingly, compensation costs for stock options granted to employees is measured as the excess, if any, of the fair value of the Company's stock at the date of the grant over the amount that must be paid by the employee to acquire the stock under the terms of the stock option. Subsequent changes to option terms can also give rise to compensation. Stock-based compensation issued to non-employees is measured and recorded using the fair value method prescribed in SFAS No. 123.

Consistent with the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123, the Company's net income (loss) and basic and diluted net income (loss) per share, for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2005, would have been adjusted to the pro forma amounts indicated below (in thousands, except per share amounts).

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2005
	(unaudited)
Net income - as reported Less stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method, net of tax effects	\$ 1,892
Net loss, pro forma	\$ 1,892
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share - as reported Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share - pro forma	\$ 0.08 \$ 0.08

The estimated fair value underlying our calculation of compensation expense for stock options is based on the Black-Scholes pricing model, which takes into account the stock price at the grant date, the exercise price, the expected life of the option, the volatility of the underlying stock and the expected dividends on it, and the risk free interest rate over the expected life of the option.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109." FIN 48 clarifies the accounting

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for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements under SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Under FIN 48, the tax effects of a position taken on a tax return should be recognized only if it is "more-likely-than-not" that the position would be sustained based solely on its technical merits as of the reporting date. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, measurement, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition, and also requires significant new annual disclosures in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Differences between the amounts recognized in the statements of financial position prior to the adoption of FIN 48 and the amounts reported after adoption must be accounted for as a cumulative-effect adjustment recorded to the beginning balance of retained earnings. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. As such, the Company is required to adopt FIN 48 at the beginning of its fiscal year 2007. The Company is currently evaluating the various requirements of FIN 48, but we have not yet determined the impact, if any, on our consolidated financial statements.

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DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 establishes a single authoritative definition of fair value, sets out a framework for measuring fair value, and requires additional disclosures about fair-value measurements. SFAS 157 applies only to fair value measurements that are already required or permitted by other accounting standards (except for measurements of share-based payments) and is expected to increase the consistency of those measurements. Accordingly, SFAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. However, for some entities, the application of SFAS 157 will change current practice. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We do not expect the adoption of SFAS 157 to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements When Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements" ("SAB 108"). SAB 108 clarifies the staff's views regarding the process of quantifying financial statement misstatements. SAB 108 allows registrants to adjust prior year financial statements for immaterial errors in the carrying amount of assets and liabilities as of the beginning of this fiscal year, with an offsetting adjustment being made to the opening balance of retained earnings. SAB 108 is effective for fiscal years ending on or after November 15, 2006 with earlier adoption encouraged. We do not expect the adoption of SAB 108 to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2 - ACQUISITION:

On June 20, 2006, Costar Video and VSTC, completed the acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Southern Imaging and Video Solutions pursuant to the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement. However, the Acquisition is being accounted for as if it was effectively completed on June 30, 2006. Results of operations of Southern Imaging and Video Solutions are included in the condensed consolidated financial statements since June 30, 2006.

Costar, the Company's subsidiary which acquired Southern Imaging's assets,

designs, sources and distributes video and imaging products for the security and industrial markets. VSTC, a subsidiary of Costar which acquired the assets of Video Solutions, provides product design and development, technical support and repair services for Costar.

The consideration for the Acquisition was up to approximately \$9.8 million, consisting of the issuance at closing of 200,000 shares of the common stock of Dynabazaar, a cash payment of \$3 million less the value of the 200,000 shares of Dynabazaar common stock, the assumption of aproximately \$2.475 million of certain long-term debt and related party notes payable, and deferred consideration of up to \$4 million in cash, contingent upon Costar and VSTC achieving certain level of sales and EBITDA after the closing.

In addition the Company paid certain acquisition related fees of approximately \$262,000. These included a finders fee of approximately \$154,000, and a payment of \$108,000 to Barington.

There were no material relationships between the Company or its affiliates and any of the parties to the Asset Purchase Agreement, other than in respect of such agreement.

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DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

ALLOCATION OF PURCHASE PRICE

Purchase Price Paid	\$3 , 874
Allocated to:	
Fair value of assets acquired:	
Cash	240
Prepaids	105
Deposits	4
Accounts receivable, net	1,875
Inventory	2,623
Property and equipment, net	95
Goodwill	2,429
Total	7,371
Liabilities assumed:	
Accounts payable and other	(1,634)
Revolver facility	(1,863)
Issuance of common stock	(74)
Net purchase price	\$3 , 800

An independent appraisal will be conducted of all tangible and intangible assets (including, but not limited to, inventory, fixed assets, developed software, hardware designs, customers lists, patents, trademarks and trade names, etc.) received as a result of the acquisition of Southern Imaging and Video Solutions. The results of this appraisal may give rise to among other things, goodwill. Goodwill of approximately \$2,429 will be adjusted for amounts provided for in the Asset Purchase Agreement and will be reclassified upon results of an independent appraisal.

The following proforma information gives effect to the acquisition as if it had occurred on the first day of each of the periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005.

		-	ths Ende ber 30, dited	ed	Nin
		2006		2005	2006
Total revenue Net income (loss)	\$	3,614 193	\$	2,906 2,261	\$ 11 , 154 404
Net income (loss) per share Basic Diluted	\$ \$	0.01 0.01	\$ \$	0.10 0.09	\$ 0.02

NOTE 3 - NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE:

The difference between the number of shares used to compute basic income (loss) per share and diluted income (loss) per share relates to additional shares to be issued upon the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, net of shares hypothetically repurchased at the average market prices with the proceeds of the exercise. For the three months ended September 30, 2006 and the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, the additional shares amounted to 65,103 in 2006 and 143,746 and 21,706 in 2005, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, basic and diluted net income (loss) per common share is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period because the effect of potential common equivalent shares would be anti-dilutive.

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DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 4 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS:

We are a defendant in certain purported class action lawsuits filed by individual shareholders in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against Dynabazaar, Scott Randall (former President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Dynabazaar), John Belchers (former Chief Financial Officer of Dynabazaar), U.S. Bancorp Piper Jaffray Inc., DB Alex. Brown (as successor-in-interest to Deutsche Bank Securities, Inc.), Robertson Stephens, Inc. (formerly known as FleetBoston Robertson Stephens, Inc.), Banc of America Securities, LLC, Goldman Sachs & Co., Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Incorporated, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. (as successor-in-interest to Salomon Smith Barney, Inc.), and J.P. Morgan Securities, Inc. (as successor-in-interest to Hambrecht & Quist, LLC). The lawsuits have been filed by individual shareholders who purport to seek class action status on behalf of all other similarly situated persons who purchased the common stock of Dynabazaar between March 14, 2000 and December 6, 2000. The lawsuits allege that certain underwriters of Dynabazaar's initial public offering solicited and received excessive and undisclosed fees and commissions in connection with that offering. The lawsuits further allege that the

defendants violated the federal securities laws by issuing a registration statement and prospectus in connection with Dynabazaar's initial public offering which failed to accurately disclose the amount and nature of the commissions and fees paid to the underwriter defendants. On or about October 8, 2002, the Court entered an Order dismissing the claims asserted against certain individual defendants in the consolidated actions, including the claims against Mr. Randall and Mr. Belchers, without any payment from these individuals or the Company. On or about February 19, 2003, the Court entered an Order dismissing with prejudice the claims asserted against the Company under Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. As a result, the only claims that remain against the Company are those arising under Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Company has entered into an agreement-in-principle to settle the remaining claims in the litigation. The proposed settlement will result in a dismissal with prejudice of all claims and will include a release of all claims that were brought or could have been brought against the Company and its present and former directors and officers. It is anticipated that any payment to the plaintiff class and their counsel will be funded by the Company's directors' and officers' liability insurance and that no direct payment will be made by the Company. The parties have negotiated and executed a definitive settlement agreement. The proposed settlement provides that the class members in the class action cases brought against the participating issuer defendants will be guaranteed a recovery of \$1 billion by insurers of the participating issuer defendants. If recoveries totaling \$1 billion or more are obtained by the class members from the underwriter defendants, the monetary obligations to the class members under the proposed settlement will be satisfied. In addition, Dynabazaar and any other participating issuer defendants will be required to assign to the class members certain claims that they may have against the underwriters of their IPO's. The proposed settlement contemplates that any amounts necessary to fund the settlement or settlement-related expenses would come from participating issuers' directors and officers' liability insurance policy proceeds as opposed to funds of the participating issuer defendants themselves. A participating issuer defendant could be required to contribute to the costs of the settlement if that issuer's insurance coverage were insufficient to pay that issuer's allocable share of the settlement costs. If ultimately approved by the Court, the proposed settlement would result in the dismissal, with prejudice, of all claims in the litigation against Dynabazaar and all of the other issuer defendants who have elected to participate in the proposed settlement, together with the current or former officers and directors of participating issuers who were named as individual defendants. The proposed settlement does not provide for the resolution of any claims against the underwriter defendants, and the litigation as against those defendants is continuing. Consummation of the proposed settlement remains conditioned upon obtaining approval by the Court. On September 1, 2005, the Court granted preliminary approval of the proposed settlement and directed that notice of the terms of the proposed settlement be provided to class members. Thereafter, the court held a fairness hearing, on April 24, 2006, at which objections to the proposed settlement were heard. After the fairness hearing, the Court, took under advisement whether to grant final approval to the proposed settlement.

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DYNABAZAAR, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 5 - INCOME TAXES:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on the expected future tax consequences, using current tax rates, of temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the income tax basis of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance is applied against any net deferred tax asset

if, based on the available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

NOTE 6 - MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS:

At September 30, 2006, the Company generated revenues of approximately 19% from one customer. Approximately 8% of accounts receivable at September 30, 2006 was from this customer.

At September 30, 2006, the Company had two major suppliers that were owed approximately 49% of the total accounts payable.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THE COMPANY

OVERVIEW AND RECENT EVENTS

Dynabazaar, Inc. (the "Company", "Dynabazaar" or "we") was incorporated in the State of Delaware in February 1997 as "Fairmarket, Inc." Through September 3, 2003, we were an online auction and promotions technology service provider that enabled marketers to create results-oriented rewards programs and helped commerce companies automate the process of selling their excess inventory online to wholesale and retail buyers. On September 4, 2003, we sold substantially all of our operating assets to eBay, Inc. ("eBay") for consideration of \$4.5 million in cash under the terms and conditions of an asset purchase agreement we entered into with eBay on June 20, 2003. Following the closing of the asset sale, we changed our name from "Fairmarket, Inc." to "Dynabazaar, Inc."

In connection with the cessation of our online auction business, we relocated our principal executive offices as of January 1, 2004 to 888 Seventh Avenue, 17th Floor, New York, New York 10019, an office maintained by Barington Capital Group, L.P., a limited partnership whose general partner is a corporation of which James Mitarotonda is Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Mitarotonda is our President and Chief Executive Officer and sits on our Board of Directors.

From January 2003 until June 20, 2006, the Company did not operate any business and was settling its remaining claims and liabilities while reviewing alternatives for the use or disposition of our remaining assets.

The Company's common stock trades on the NASDAQ OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "FAIM.OB". The Company's common stock was quoted on the NASDAQ National Market, but was delisted on June 24, 2004.

As previously disclosed in a Form 8-K filed by the Company on June 26, 2006, Costar Video Systems, LLC ("Costar") and Video Solutions Technology Center, LLC ("VSTC"), direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company completed the acquisition (the "Acquisition") of substantially all of the assets of Southern Imaging, Inc., a Texas Corporation ("Southern Imaging"), and Video Solutions Technology Center, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("Video Solutions"), pursuant to the transactions contemplated by the asset purchase agreement, dated as of June 20, 2006 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), by and between Southern Imaging, Video Solutions, the shareholders of Southern Imaging, Costar and VSTC.

Costar, the Company's subsidiary which acquired Southern Imaging's assets, designs, sources and distributes video and imaging products for the security and industrial markets. VSTC, a subsidiary of Costar which acquired the assets of Video Solutions, will provide product design and development, technical support and repair services for Costar. The consideration for the Acquisition was up to approximately \$9.8 million (including contingent consideration), consisting of \$73,600 through the issuance of 200,000 shares of the the Company's common stock (valued at \$0.368 which was the arithmetic average of the previous 10 trading days close), a cash payment of approximately \$3.8 million (including a finders fee payment of approximately \$154,000, payment of \$108,000 to Barington and the payoff of shareholder loans of approximately \$612,000) less the value of the 200,000 shares of the Company's common stock and the assumption of certain long term liabilities of approximately \$1.9 million, and deferred consideration of up to \$4 million in cash, contingent upon Costar and VSTC achieving certain levels of sales and EBITDA after the closing through 2009. On September 29, 2006, the 200,000 shares of Dynabazaar common stock were issued.

As previously disclosed in a Form 8-K filed by the Company, on September 21, 2006 Costar entered into a strategic alliance agreement with Sielox, LLC ("Sielox"), a subsidiary of LQ Corporation, Inc. ("LQ Corporation"), dated as September 15, 2006, pursuant to which the companies have agreed to explore mutually beneficial opportunities to work together, including, without limitation, through a joint venture, joint sales or joint marketing arrangement, or other business arrangement or strategic alliance. Sielox engages in the development, design and distribution of open architecture access control software, programmable controllers, readers and identity cards used to provide access control security to end users such as office buildings, factories, universities and hospitals. Costar and Sielox are also parties to a distribution agreement, dated July 31, 2006, pursuant to which Sielox was appointed as an authorized distributor of certain products of Costar.

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BUSINESS

Costar designs, sources and distributes video and imaging products for the security and industrial markets. The product line for the security market consists primarily of closed circuit television ("CCTV") cameras, while the product line for the industrial market is comprised of cameras and lenses utilized by biomedical and manufacturing companies.

The production of all units distributed by Costar is outsourced to contract manufacturers, and the majority of revenues are derived from sales of products under the CostarTM brand. The balance of Costar's business is generated from (a) a private label business and (b) the distribution of other companies' branded products.

Video Solutions provides product design and development, technical support and repair services for Costar.

BUSINESS ACQUISITION (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

On June 20, 2006, Costar Video Systems, LLC ("Costar") and Video Solutions Technology Center, LLC ("VSTC"), direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of Dynabazaar, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Registrant", "Dynabazaar", the "Company" or "we"), completed the acquisition (the "Acquisition") of substantially all of the assets of Southern Imaging, Inc., a Texas Corporation ("Southern Imaging"), and Video Solutions Technology Center, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("Video Solutions"), pursuant to the transactions contemplated by the asset purchase agreement, dated as of June 20, 2006 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), by and between Southern Imaging, Video Solutions, the shareholders

of Southern Imaging, Costar and VSTC. However, the acquisition is being accounted for as if it was effectively completed on June 30, 2006.

Costar, the Company's subsidiary which acquired Southern Imaging's assets, designs, sources and distributes video and imaging products for the security and industrial markets. VSTC, a subsidiary of Costar which acquired the assets of Video Solutions, provides product design and development, technical support and repair services for Costar.

The consideration for the Acquisition was up to approximately \$9.8 million, consisting of the issuance at closing of 200,000 shares of the common stock of Dynabazaar, a cash payment of \$3 million less the value of the 200,000 shares of Dynabazaar common stock, the assumption of aproximately \$2.475 million of certain long-term debt and related party notes payable, and deferred consideration of up to \$4 million in cash, contingent upon Costar and VSTC achieving certain levels of sales and EBITDA after the closing.

In addition the Company paid certain acquisition related fees of approximately \$262,000. These included a finders fee of approximately \$154,000 and a payment of \$108,000 financial advisory fee to Barington.

There were no material relationships between Registrant or its affiliates and any of the parties to the Asset Purchase Agreement, other than in respect of such agreement.

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\$3.874

ALLOCATION OF PURCHASE PRICE Purchase Price Paid

ase filee falu	\$3 , 074
Allocated to:	
Fair value of assets acquired:	
Cash	240
Prepaids	105
Deposits	4
Accounts receivable, net	1,875
Inventory	2,623
Property and equipment, net	95
Goodwill	2,429
Total	7,371
Liabilities assumed:	
Accounts payable and other	(1,634)
Revolver facility	(1,863)
Issuance of common stock	(74)
Net purchase price	\$3,800
± ±	• •

An independent appraisal will be conducted of all tangible and intangible assets (including, but not limited to, inventory, fixed assets, developed software, hardware designs, customers lists, patents, trademarks and trade names, etc.) received as a result of the acquisition of Southern Imaging and Video Solutions. The results of this appraisal may give rise to among other things, goodwill. Goodwill of approximately \$2,429 will be adjusted for amounts provided for in the Asset Purchase Agreement and will be reclassified upon results of an independent appraisal.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In December 2001, the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") requested that all registrants discuss their most "critical accounting policies" in management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations. The SEC indicated that a "critical accounting policy" is one which is both important to the portrayal of the company's financial condition and results and requires management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain.

Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, to our consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005 (\$IN THOUSANDS)

Net Income

For the three months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005, our net income was \$193 and \$1,892, respectively. Net income in 2005 included \$2,000 from the proceeds of an escrow agreement with eBay Inc. ("eBay").

Revenue

For the three months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005, total revenue was \$3,614 and \$0, respectively. Total revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2006 is entirely attributable to the activities of our recently acquired subsidiaries Costar and Video Solutions.

Operating Expenses

For the three months ended September 30, 2006, general and administrative expenses were \$615 compared to \$236 for the three months ended September 30, 2005. The increase is due primarily to new business.

Other Income, net

For the three months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005, other income, net was \$50 and \$2,128, respectively. The decrease is due primarily to the receipt of approximately \$2,000 in proceeds pursuant to an Escrow Agreement with eBay in 2005.

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005 (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Net Income (Loss)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005, the Company's net income (loss) was \$(90) and \$1,425, respectively.

Revenue

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005, total revenue was \$3,614 and \$0, respectively.

Operating Expenses

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, general and administrative

expenses were \$1,099, compared to \$840 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. This represents a general increase in expenses due to the activities of our recently acquired subsidiaries, Costar and Video Solutions.

Other Income and Expenses

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and September 30, 2005, other income and expense, net, was \$251 and \$2,265, respectively. The decrease reflects the receipt of approximately \$2,000 from the proceeds of an escrow agreement with eBay.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

At September 30, 2006, cash and cash equivalents totaled \$3,102.

Cash used in operating activities was \$600 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to cash used of \$405 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. Cash used in operating activities for the period ended September 30, 2006 primarily reflects the activities of our recently acquired subsidiaries, Costar and Video Solutions.

Cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$3,560 compared to cash provided of \$2,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. The cash used represents net cash disbursed to the former owners of Southern Imaging pursuant to the Asset Purchase Agreement. The cash provided represents the receipt of approximately \$2,000 in proceeds pursuant to an escrow agreement with eBay.

Cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$1,863, compared to \$1,399 for the period ended September 30, 2005. The cash used for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 reflects a payment to a bank to pay off liability assumed by one of our subsidiaries in connection with the Acquisition. The cash used for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 was for the purchase of treasury stock.

We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to meet our anticipated cash needs for working capital and capital expenditures in the near future.

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

This Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act, of 1934 as amended (the "Exchange Act"). You can identify forward-looking statements by the use of the words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "assume" and other similar expressions which predict or indicate future events and trends and which do not relate to historical matters. You should not rely on forward-looking statements, because they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, some of which are beyond our control. Our actual results could differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements.

Some of the factors that might cause these differences include those set forth in of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 which is incorporated herein by reference. You should carefully review all of these factors, and you should be aware that there may be other factors that could cause these differences. Forward-looking statements herein are based on information, plans and estimates at the date of this Form 10-Q, and we do not promise to update any forward-looking statements to reflect changes in

underlying assumptions or factors, new information, future events or other changes.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

We do not use derivative financial instruments for investment purposes and only invest in financial instruments that meet high credit quality standards. Due to the conservative nature of our investments, we do not believe that we have a material exposure to interest rate risk.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report, our management conducted an evaluation with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13d-15(e) or Rule 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act). In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, we recognize that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating and implementing possible controls and procedures. The effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures is necessarily limited by the staff and other resources available to us. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. No change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13d-15(f) or Rule 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. In connection with these rules, we will continue to review and document our disclosure controls and procedures, including our internal controls and procedures for financial reporting, and may from time to time make changes aimed at enhancing their effectiveness and to ensure that our systems evolve with our business.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are a defendant in certain purported class action lawsuits filed by individual shareholders in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against Dynabazaar, Scott Randall (former President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Dynabazaar), John Belchers (former Chief Financial Officer of Dynabazaar), U.S. Bancorp Piper Jaffray Inc., DB Alex. Brown (as successor-in-interest to Deutsche Bank Securities, Inc.), Robertson Stephens, Inc. (formerly known as FleetBoston Robertson Stephens, Inc.), Banc of America Securities, LLC, Goldman Sachs & Co., Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Incorporated, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. (as successor-in-interest to Salomon Smith Barney, Inc.), and J.P. Morgan Securities, Inc. (as successor-in-interest to Hambrecht & Quist, LLC). The

lawsuits have been filed by individual shareholders who purport to seek class action status on behalf of all other similarly situated persons who purchased the common stock of Dynabazaar between March 14, 2000 and December 6, 2000. The lawsuits allege that certain underwriters of Dynabazaar's initial public offering solicited and received excessive and undisclosed fees and commissions in connection with that offering. The lawsuits further allege that the defendants violated the federal securities laws by issuing a registration statement and prospectus in connection with Dynabazaar's initial public offering which failed to accurately disclose the amount and nature of the commissions and fees paid to the underwriter defendants. On or about October 8, 2002, the Court entered an Order dismissing the claims asserted against certain individual defendants in the consolidated actions, including the claims against Mr. Randall and Mr. Belchers, without any payment from these individuals or the Company. On or about February 19, 2003, the Court entered an Order dismissing with prejudice the claims asserted against the Company under Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. As a result, the only claims that remain against the Company are those arising under Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Company has entered into an agreement-in-principle to settle the remaining claims in the litigation. The proposed settlement will result in a dismissal with prejudice of all claims and will include a release of all claims that were brought or could have been brought against the Company and its present and former directors and officers. It is anticipated that any payment to the plaintiff class and their counsel will be funded by the Company's directors' and officers' liability insurance and that no direct payment will be made by the Company. The parties have negotiated and executed a definitive settlement agreement. The proposed settlement provides that the class members in the class action cases brought against the participating issuer defendants will be guaranteed a recovery of \$1 billion by insurers of the participating issuer defendants. If recoveries totaling \$1 billion or more are obtained by the class members from the underwriter defendants, however, the monetary obligations to the class members under the proposed settlement will be satisfied. In addition, Dynabazaar and any other participating issuer defendants will be required to assign to the class members certain claims that they may have against the underwriters of their IPO's. The proposed settlement contemplates that any amounts necessary to fund the settlement or settlement-related expenses would

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come from participating issuers' directors and officers' liability insurance policy proceeds as opposed to funds of the participating issuer defendants themselves. A participating issuer defendant could be required to contribute to the costs of the settlement if that issuer's insurance coverage were insufficient to pay that issuer's allocable share of the settlement costs. If ultimately approved by the Court, the proposed settlement would result in the dismissal, with prejudice, of all claims in the litigation against Dynabazaar and all of the other issuer defendants who have elected to participate in the proposed settlement, together with the current or former officers and directors of participating issuers who were named as individual defendants. The proposed settlement does not provide for the resolution of any claims against the underwriter defendants, and the litigation as against those defendants is continuing. Consummation of the proposed settlement remains conditioned upon obtaining approval by the Court. On September 1, 2005, the Court granted preliminary approval of the proposed settlement and directed that notice of the terms of the proposed settlement be provided to class members. Thereafter, the court held a fairness hearing, on April 24, 2006, at which objections to the proposed settlement were heard. After the fairness hearing, the Court, took under advisement whether to grant final approval to the proposed settlement.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

RELIANCE ON MANUFACTURING SOURCES

We outsource production of our products to contract manufacturers. Our manufacturers' ability to complete our orders on a timely basis while maintaining high product quality is important to our operational success. The manufacturers' failure to live up to the production standards might cause brand equity damage and legal liability exposure. Such events could have a material adverse effect on our financial performance. Despite the precautionary measures we have taken to avoid manufacturing defects and delays, replacing an existing manufacturer with a new one is a complicated and a time intensive process.

RAPID TECHNOLOGY CHANGES WITHIN INDUSTRY

Vision imaging products are subject to technology changes, causing the industry to set new standards and practices. Such changes could substantially decrease the demand for our current product lines, thus hindering our operational and financial performance.

INTENSIFYING COMPETITION

Competitiveness has intensified in recent years. Larger competitors may respond more quickly to rapid technological changes, as they have more capital and resources available to devote to research and development, manufacturing changes and marketing. Increased competition could force us to decrease our prices thus eroding our margins, which could negatively impact our operational and financial performance.

RETAINING QUALITY PERSONNEL

The key to our success is dependant on the dedication, talents and hard work of our personnel. In order to fulfill our growth targets we must retain and attract high quality employees and management. Losing key personnel would likely be detrimental to our success.

MERGER AND ACQUISITION COSTS

Our growth strategy may include the acquisition of complimentary businesses. The integration of an acquired business might have difficult consequences. Transaction and integration costs could affect operational and financial Performance of our business as a whole. Synergies identified pre-closing may not materialize. Management's attention might be temporarily diverted from running our business.

DELISTED FROM THE NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET

Registrant's common stock was delisted from trading on The NASDAQ National Market in 2004 by reason of not maintaining listing requirements due to the lack of tangible business operations and significantly reduced market price of the common stock. As a result, Registrant's common stock currently trades over the counter on the NASDAQ OTC Bulletin Board, and the ability of Registrant's stockholders to obtain liquidity and consistent market prices for Registrant's shares has been significantly impaired.

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PUBLIC COMPANY EXPENSES

As a public company, Registrant incurs significant legal, accounting and other expenses. In addition, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as well as rules subsequently implemented by the Securities and Exchange Commission and NASDAQ,

has required changes in corporate governance practices of public companies. These rules and regulations increase legal and financial compliance costs and make some activities more time consuming and costly. In addition, Registrant incurs additional costs associated with its public company reporting requirements. These rules and regulations also may make it more difficult and more expensive for Registrant to obtain director and officer liability insurance, and Registrant may be required to accept reduced policy limits and coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain the same or similar coverage.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- 31.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.2 Press Release of Dynabazaar, Inc. dated June 26, 2006 (1)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DYNABAZAAR, INC.

Date: November 14, 2006 By: /s/ James Mitarotonda

James Mitarotonda

Chief Executive Officer (Principal

Executive Officer)

Date: November 14, 2006 By: /s/ Melvyn Brunt

Melvyn Brunt

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)