SOUTH STATE Corp Form 10-Q May 08, 2015 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015
OR
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANG

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission file number 001-12669

SOUTH STATE CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

South Carolina
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

57-0799315 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

520 Gervais Street
Columbia, South Carolina
(Address of principal executive offices)

29201 (Zip Code)

(800) 277-2175

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data file required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer x

Accelerated Filer o

Non-Accelerated Filer o

Smaller Reporting Company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class Common Stock, \$2.50 par value Outstanding as of April 30, 2015 24,184,578

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South State Corporation and Subsidiary

March 31, 2015 Form 10-Q

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Dollars in thousands, except par value)

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and due from banks Interest-bearing deposits with banks Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell Total cash and cash equivalents Investment securities: Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$10,232, \$10,233, and \$11,427, respectively) Securities available for sale, at fair value	\$ 457,130 7,696 165,908 630,734 9,659 808,396 9,031 827,086 87,342	\$ 229,901 7,456 180,512 417,869 9,659 806,766 10,518 826,943 61,934	\$ 361,816 4,690 246,109 612,615 10,891 793,124 10,518
Cash and due from banks Interest-bearing deposits with banks Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell Total cash and cash equivalents Investment securities: Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$10,232, \$10,233, and \$11,427, respectively) Securities available for sale, at fair value	\$ 7,696 165,908 630,734 9,659 808,396 9,031 827,086	\$ 7,456 180,512 417,869 9,659 806,766 10,518 826,943	\$ 4,690 246,109 612,615 10,891 793,124
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Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell Total cash and cash equivalents Investment securities: Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$10,232, \$10,233, and \$11,427, respectively) Securities available for sale, at fair value	9,659 808,396 9,031 827,086	9,659 806,766 10,518 826,943	246,109 612,615 10,891 793,124
Total cash and cash equivalents Investment securities: Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$10,232, \$10,233, and \$11,427, respectively) Securities available for sale, at fair value	9,659 808,396 9,031 827,086	9,659 806,766 10,518 826,943	10,891 793,124
Investment securities: Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$10,232, \$10,233, and \$11,427, respectively) Securities available for sale, at fair value	9,659 808,396 9,031 827,086	9,659 806,766 10,518 826,943	10,891 793,124
Securities held to maturity (fair value of \$10,232, \$10,233, and \$11,427, respectively) Securities available for sale, at fair value	808,396 9,031 827,086	806,766 10,518 826,943	793,124
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	9,031 827,086	10,518 826,943	
	827,086	826,943	10,518
Other investments			
Total investment securities	87,342	61.024	814,533
Loans held for sale		01,934	57,609
Loans:			
Acquired credit impaired (covered of \$172,870, \$182,464, and \$263,735, respectively; non-covered of \$693,634, \$736,938, and \$850,028, respectively), net of allowance for loan losses	866,504	919,402	1,113,763
Acquired non-credit impaired (covered of \$8,591, \$9,376, and \$8,246, respectively; non-covered of \$1,238,758, \$1,318,623, and \$1,503,955,			
respectively)	1,247,349	1,327,999	1,512,201
Non-acquired	3,586,405	3,467,826	2,979,958
Less allowance for non-acquired loan losses	(33,538)	(34,539)	(34,669)
Loans, net	5,666,720	5,680,688	5,571,253
FDIC receivable for loss share agreements	16,713	22,161	60,484
Other real estate owned (covered of \$12,026, \$16,227, and \$29,003, respectively; non-covered of \$24,070, \$26,499, and \$35,144,			
respectively)	36,096	42,726	64,147
Premises and equipment, net	171,565	171,772	187,127
Bank owned life insurance	99,751	99,140	97,314
Deferred tax assets	40,629	42,692	67,997
Mortgage servicing rights	21,510	21,601	20,925
Core deposit and other intangibles	47,223	49,239	57,568
Goodwill	317,688	317,688	317,688
Other assets	58,525	71,774	61,715
Total assets	\$ 8,021,582	\$ 7,826,227	\$ 7,990,975

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

Deposits:

Noninterest-bearing	\$ 1,757,302	\$ 1,639,953	\$ 1,585,055
Interest-bearing	4,876,355	4,821,092	5,049,496
Total deposits	6,633,657	6,461,045	6,634,551
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to			
repurchase	276,774	221,541	254,985
Other borrowings	55,003	101,210	100,963
Other liabilities	48,584	57,511	66,313
Total liabilities	7,014,018	6,841,307	7,056,812
Shareholders equity:			
Preferred stock - \$.01 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; no			
shares issued and outstanding			
Common stock - \$2.50 par value; authorized 40,000,000 shares;			
24,156,759, 24,150,702, and 24,118,243 shares issued and			
outstanding, respectively	60,392	60,377	60,296
Surplus	702,648	701,764	698,079
Retained earnings	241,526	223,156	179,842
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	2,998	(377)	(4,054)
Total shareholders equity	1,007,564	984,920	934,163
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 8,021,582	\$ 7,826,227	\$ 7,990,975

South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

		Three Mon Marc	d	
		2015	11 31,	2014
Interest income:				
Loans, including fees	\$	78,848	\$	81,959
Investment securities:				
Taxable		3,661		3,881
Tax-exempt		1,078		1,156
Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell		411		460
Total interest income		83,998		87,456
Interest expense:				
Deposits		2,003		2,401
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase		96		101
Other borrowings		850		1,488
Total interest expense		2,949		3,990
Net interest income		81,049		83,466
Provision for loan losses		818		849
Net interest income after provision for loan losses		80,231		82,617
Noninterest income:				
Service charges on deposit accounts		8,108		8,988
Bankcard services income		7,599		7,105
Mortgage banking income		6,626		3,291
Trust and investment services income		4,934		4,543
Amortization of FDIC indemnification assets, net		(3,207)		(7,078)
Other		2,445		3,699
Total noninterest income		26,505		20,548
Noninterest expense:				
Salaries and employee benefits		40,987		39,093
Net occupancy expense		5,237		5,608
Information services expense		3,958		4,398
Furniture and equipment expense		3,145		3,744
OREO expense and loan related		3,014		4,203
Amortization of intangibles		2,016		2,104
Bankcard expense		1,980		2,256
Supplies, printing and postage expense		1,612		1,583
Professional fees		1,409		1,262
FDIC assessment and other regulatory charges		1,184		1,576
Advertising and marketing		888		1,007
Merger and branding related expense		5.055		5,985
Other		5,055		4,597
Total noninterest expense		70,485		77,416
Earnings:		26 251		25 740
Income before provision for income taxes		36,251 12,325		25,749
Provision for income taxes Net income	\$	· ·	\$	8,832
Preferred stock dividends	Φ	23,926	\$	16,917 1,073
Net income available to common shareholders	\$	23,926	\$	1,073
Earnings per common share:	Ψ	43,940	φ	13,044
earnings per common share.				

Basic	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.66
Diluted	\$ 0.99	\$ 0.66
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.19
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:		
Basic	23,943	23,873
Diluted	24,201	24,116

South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2015	131,	2014		
Net income	\$ 23,926	\$	16,917		
Other comprehensive income:					
Unrealized gains on securities:					
Unrealized holding gains arising during period	5,275		9,158		
Tax effect	(2,012)		(3,492)		
Net of tax amount	3,263		5,666		
Unrealized gains (losses) on derivative financial instruments qualifying as cash flow					
hedges:					
Unrealized holding losses arising during period	(121)		(71)		
Tax effect	46		27		
Reclassification adjustment for losses included in interest expense	76		76		
Tax effect	(29)		(29)		
Net of tax amount	(28)		3		
Changes in pension plan obligation:					
Reclassification adjustment for changes included in net income	226				
Tax effect	(86)				
Net of tax amount	140				
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	3,375		5,669		
Comprehensive income	\$ 27,301	\$	22,586		

South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Preferre Shares	ed Stock Amount	Commo Shares		ock Amount		Surplus		Retained Earnings	Co	mulated Other mprehensive come (Loss)	r	Total
Balance, December 31, 2013	65,000	\$ 1	24,104,124	\$	60,260	\$	762,354	\$	168,577	\$	(9,723)	\$	981,469
Comprehensive income	05,000	Ψ	21,101,121	Ψ	00,200	Ψ	702,331	Ψ	16,917	Ψ	5,669	Ψ	22,586
Cash dividends on Series A preferred stock at annual									20,527		2,000		,
dividend rate of 9%									(1,073)				(1,073)
Cash dividends declared on common stock at \$0.19 per									(4.570)				(4.570)
share			1.660		12		117		(4,579)				(4,579)
Stock options exercised Restricted stock awards			4,660 13,592		34		117 (34)						129
Repurchase of Series A			13,392		34		(34)						
preferred stock	(65,000)	(1)					(64,999)						(65,000)
Common stock repurchased	(05,000)	(1)	(4,133)		(10)		(243)						(253)
Share-based compensation			, , ,		, ,								,
expense							884						884
Balance, March 31, 2014		\$	24,118,243	\$	60,296	\$	698,079	\$	179,842	\$	(4,054)	\$	934,163
Balance, December 31,													
2014		\$	24,150,702	\$	60,377	\$	701,764	\$	223,156	\$	(377)	\$	984,920
Comprehensive income									23,926		3,375		27,301
Cash dividends declared on													
common stock at \$0.23 per													
share									(5,556)				(5,556)
Stock options exercised			21,000		53		614						667
Restricted stock awards			907		2		(2)						
Common stock repurchased			(15,850)		(40)		(941)						(981)
Share-based compensation													
expense							1,213						1,213
Balance, March 31, 2015		\$	24,156,759	\$	60,392	\$	702,648	\$	241,526	\$	2,998	\$	1,007,564

South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Th	ree Month March (
	2015		2014	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income \$	23,	926	\$ 16,9)17
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		353		367
Provision for loan losses		818		349
Deferred income taxes		(17)		303
Share-based compensation expense		213		384
Amortization on FDIC indemnification asset		207	7,0	
Accretion of discount related to performing acquired loans	(1,	(600)	(2,9	154)
(Gain) loss on sale of premises and equipment		44		(4)
Gain on sale of OREO	((207)	(2,7	712)
Net amortization of premium on investment securities	,	178	9	998
OREO write downs	2,	215	3,0	001
Originations and purchases of mortgage loans for sale	(241,	740)	(141,9	139)
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loans for sale	217,	101	132,9	935
Net change in:				
Accrued interest receivable		111	(2,3	385)
Prepaid assets	(243)	2,1	105
FDIC Loss Share Receivable	2.	241	18,8	384
Accrued interest payable		147)		534)
Accrued income taxes	11.	067	10,7	/25
Miscellaneous assets and liabilities	(6,	321)	(19,8	317)
Net cash provided by operating activities		199	31,7	
Cash flows from investing activities:			,	
Proceeds from maturities and calls of investment securities held to maturity			1.5	535
Proceeds from maturities and calls of investment securities available for sale	42.	301	29,1	
Proceeds from calls of other investment securities		392	- ,	
Proceeds from sales of other investment securities		95	2.8	368
Purchases of investment securities available for sale	(39.	836)	(27,4	113)
Purchases of other investments	()	,,	(6,1	
Net decrease in loans	8.	214	46,2	
Net cash received from acquisitions	-,			749
Purchases of premises and equipment	(3.	264)	(5,3	
Proceeds from sale of OREO		158	13,0	
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment	,	25	,-	6
Net cash provided by investing activities	20.	085	54,6	
Cash flows from financing activities:	,	,000	5 .,0	.,,
Net increase in deposits	172,	612	75,1	56
Net increase in federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase	,	.012	70,1	
and other short-term borrowings	55.	233	43,5	584
Repayment of other borrowings		394)	(1,1	
Preferred stock repurchase	(40,	(C) T)	(65,0	
Common stock repurchase	(981)		253)
Dividends paid on preferred stock		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	(1,0	
Dividends paid on common stock	(5	556)	(4,5	
Dividends paid on common stock	(3,		(4,5	11)

Stock options exercised	667	129
Net cash provided by financing activities	175,581	46,780
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	212,865	133,154
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	417,869	479,461
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 630,734	\$ 612,615
Supplemental Disclosures:		
Cash Flow Information:		
Cash paid for:		
Interest	\$ 4,098	\$ 4,540
Income taxes	\$ 1,670	\$ 421
Schedule of Noncash Investing Transactions:		
Real estate acquired in full or in partial settlement of loans (covered of \$2,423 and \$6,822,		
respectively; and non-covered of \$4,113 and \$5,766, respectively)	\$ 6,536	\$ 12,588

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South State Corporation and Subsidiary

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Certain prior period information has been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation, and these reclassifications had no impact on net income or equity as previously reported. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2014 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and disclosures required by GAAP for complete financial statements.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The information contained in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on February 27, 2015, should be referenced when reading these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Unless otherwise mentioned or unless the context requires otherwise, references herein to South State, the Company we, us, our or similar references mean South State Corporation are consolidated subsidiaries. References to the Bank means South State Bank, a South Carolina banking corporation.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for accounting and disclosure purposes through the date the financial statements are issued.

Note 3 Recent Accounting and Regulatory Pronouncements

In February 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2015-02, *Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis* (ASU 2015-02). This ASU affects reporting entities that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities. Specifically, the amendments: (1) modify the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable

interest entities (VIEs) or voting interest entities; (2) eliminate the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership; (3) affect the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships; and (4) provide a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities with interests in legal entities that are required to comply with or operate in accordance with requirements that are similar to those in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for registered money market funds. ASU No. 2015-02 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting the new guidance on the consolidated financial statements, but does not expect it to have a material impact.

In November 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-16, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Determining Whether the Host Contract in a Hybrid Financial Instrument Issued in the Form of a Share Is More Akin to Debt or to Equity, a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force* (ASU 2014-16). This ASU clarifies how current U.S. GAAP should be interpreted in subjectively evaluating the economic characteristics and risks of a host contract in a hybrid financial instrument that is issued in the form of a share. ASU 2014-16 is effective for public business entities for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of ASU 2014-16 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company s financial statements.

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Note 3 Recent Accounting and Regulatory Pronouncements (Continued)

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-14: Receivables Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40) Classification of Certain Government Guaranteed Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure (ASU 2014-14). ASU 2014-14 provides clarifying guidance related to how creditors classify government-guaranteed loans upon foreclosure. ASU 2014-14 requires that a mortgage loan be derecognized and a separate receivable be recognized upon foreclosure if certain conditions are met. Upon foreclosure, the separate receivable should be measured based on the amount of the loan balance (principal and interest) expected to be recovered from the guarantor. ASU 2014-14 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2015 and did not have an impact on the Company s financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-12, Compensation Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period, a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (ASU 2014-12). ASU 2014-12 requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. ASU 2014-12 is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. An entity may apply the standards (1) prospectively to all share-based payment awards that are granted or modified on or after the effective date, or (2) retrospectively to all awards with performance targets that are outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements and to all new or modified awards thereafter. Earlier application is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2014-12 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company s financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-11, *Transfers and Servicing (Topic 860): Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures* (ASU 2014-11). ASU 2014-11 aligns the accounting for repurchase to maturity transactions and repurchase agreements executed as a repurchase financing with the accounting for other typical repurchase agreements. Going forward, these transactions would all be accounted for as secured borrowings. ASU 2014-11 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2015 and did not have a significant impact on the Company s financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers, Topic 606* (ASU 2014-09). The new standard s core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In doing so, companies will need to use more judgment and make more estimates than under existing guidance. These may include identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. ASU 2014-09 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 (although the FASB recently proposed a one-year deferral of the effective date), including interim periods within that reporting period. The amendments can be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this new guidance recognized at the date of initial application. The Company is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU 2014-09 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have to the Company is financial statements.

In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-04, *Receivables Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40): Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure, a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force* (ASU 2014-04). ASU 2014-04 clarifies that an in-substance foreclosure occurs, and a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan, upon either (i) the creditor obtaining legal title to the residential real estate property upon completion of a foreclosure or (ii) the borrower conveying all interest in the residential real estate property to the creditor to satisfy the loan through completion of a deed in lieu of foreclosure or similar legal agreement. ASU 2014-04 also requires disclosure of both the amount of foreclosed residential real estate property held by the creditor and the recorded investment in loans collateralized by residential real estate property that are in the process of foreclosure. ASU 2014-04 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2015 and, other than additional disclosures regarding residential real estate foreclosures and properties in process of foreclosure, did not have a significant impact on

the Company s financial statements.

In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-01, *Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects* (ASU 2014-01). ASU 2014-01 amends FASB ASC 323, *Investments Equity Method and Joint Ventures*, to permit reporting entities to make an accounting policy election to account for their investments in qualified affordable housing projects using the proportional amortization method if certain conditions are met. Under the proportional amortization method, an entity amortizes the initial cost of the investment in proportion to the tax credits and other tax benefits received and recognizes the net investment performance in the income statement as a component of income tax expense (benefit). ASU 2014-02 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2015 and did not have a significant impact on the Company s financial statements (see Note 20).

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Note 4 Mergers and Acquisitions

The following mergers and acquisitions are referenced throughout this Form 10-Q:

- Community Bank & Trust (CBT) January 29, 2010 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) purchase and assumption agreement
- Habersham Bank (Habersham) February 18, 2011 FDIC purchase and assumption agreement
- BankMeridian, N.A. (BankMeridian) July 29, 2011 FDIC purchase and assumption agreement
- Peoples Bancorporation, Inc. (Peoples) April 24, 2012 Whole bank acquisition
- The Savannah Bancorp, Inc. (Savannah) December 13, 2012 Whole bank acquisition
- Former First Financial Holdings, Inc. (FFHI) July 26, 2013 Whole bank acquisition with FDIC purchase and assumption agreements of Cape Fear Bank (Cape Fear) April 10, 2009 and Plantation Federal Bank (Plantation) April 27, 2012

FDIC purchase and assumption agreement means that only certain assets and liabilities were acquired by the bank from the FDIC. A whole bank acquisition means that the two parties in the transaction agreed to the transaction, and there was no involvement of the FDIC. A whole bank acquisition with FDIC purchase and assumption agreements means that the two parties in the transaction agreed to the merger, and there were existing FDIC purchase and assumption agreements.

Note 5 Investment Securities

The following is the amortized cost and fair value of investment securities held to maturity:

(Dollars in thousands)	Ar	mortized Cost	U	Gross Gross Unrealized Unrealized Gains Losses		d	Fair Value
March 31, 2015:							
State and municipal obligations	\$	9,659	\$	573	\$	\$	10,232
December 31, 2014:							
State and municipal obligations	\$	9,659	\$	574	\$	\$	10,233
March 31, 2014:							

State and municipal obligations \$ 10,891 \$ 538 \$ (2) \$ 11,427

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Note 5 Investment Securities (Continued)

The following is the amortized cost and fair value of investment securities available for sale:

	Amortized		Gross Unrealized		Gross Unrealized	Fair	
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost		Gains		Losses	Value	
March 31, 2015:							
Government-sponsored entities debt *	\$ 134,296	\$	384	\$	(477)	134,203	
State and municipal obligations	132,043		4,638		(165)	136,516	
Mortgage-backed securities **	524,785		10,005		(366)	534,424	
Corporate stocks	3,161		592		(500)	3,253	
	\$ 794,285	\$	15,619	\$	(1,508) \$	808,396	
December 31, 2014:							
Government-sponsored entities debt *	\$ 149,720	\$	191	\$	(1,714) \$	148,197	
State and municipal obligations	133,635		4,141		(195)	137,581	
Mortgage-backed securities **	511,414		7,572		(1,040)	517,946	
Corporate stocks	3,161		573		(692)	3,042	
	\$ 797,930	\$	12,477	\$	(3,641) \$	806,766	
March 31, 2014:							
Government-sponsored entities debt *	\$ 141,900	\$	406	\$	(4,705)	137,601	
State and municipal obligations	140,840		2,462		(1,664)	141,638	
Mortgage-backed securities **	507,159		5,896		(2,676)	510,379	
Corporate stocks	3,161		612		(267)	3,506	
	\$ 793,060	\$	9,376	\$	(9,312) \$	793,124	

^{* -} The Company s government-sponsored entities holdings are comprised of debt securities offered by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) or Freddie Mac, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) or Fannie Mae, FHLB, and Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB). Also included in the Company s government-sponsored entities are debt securities offered by the Small Business Administration (SBA), which have the full faith and credit backing of the United States Government.

The following is the amortized cost and fair value of other investment securities:

(Dollars in thousands) March 31, 2015:		Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value
•	ф	7 200	ф		ф	ф	7 200
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	\$	7,389	Э		3	\$	7,389
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries		1,642					1,642
	\$	9,031	\$		\$	\$	9,031
December 31, 2014:		·					,
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	\$	7,484	\$		\$	\$	7,484
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries		3,034					3,034
	\$	10,518	\$		\$	\$	10,518

^{** -} All of the mortgage-backed securities are issued by government-sponsored entities; there are no private-label holdings.

March 31, 2014:			
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	\$ 7,484 \$	\$ \$	7,484
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries	3,034		3,034
	\$ 10,518 \$	\$ \$	10,518
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Note 5 Investment Securities (Continued)

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities at March 31, 2015 by contractual maturity are detailed below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without prepayment penalties.

	Securities Held to Maturity					le		
		Amortized		Fair		Amortized		Fair
(Dollars in thousands)		Cost		Value		Cost		Value
Due in one year or less	\$		\$		\$	6,127	\$	6,168
Due after one year through five								
years		985		1,007		38,286		38,676
Due after five years through ten								
years		8,674		9,225		221,614		226,097
Due after ten years						528,258		537,455
	\$	9,659	\$	10,232	\$	794,285	\$	808,396

Information pertaining to the Company s securities with gross unrealized losses at March 31, 2015, December 31, 2014 and March 31, 2014, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position is as follows:

	Less Than T	welve	Months	Twelve Months or More			
	Gross				Gross		
	Unrealized		Fair		Unrealized	Fair	
(Dollars in thousands)	Losses		Value		Losses		Value
March 31, 2015:							
Securities Available for Sale							
Government-sponsored entities debt	\$ 58	\$	19,933	\$	419	\$	32,555
State and municipal obligations	4		1,186		161		5,593
Mortgage-backed securities	29		18,299		337		23,040
Corporate Stocks					500		1,730
•	\$ 91	\$	39,418	\$	1,417	\$	62,918
			ĺ		ĺ		ĺ
December 31, 2014:							
Securities Available for Sale							
Government-sponsored entities debt	\$ 98	\$	22,896	\$	1,616	\$	82,798
State and municipal obligations	3		1,444		192		8,269
Mortgage-backed securities	266		61,508		774		55,960
Corporate stocks					692		1,538
	\$ 367	\$	85,848	\$	3,274	\$	148,565
March 31, 2014:							
Securities Held to Maturity							
State and municipal obligations	\$ 2	\$	499	\$		\$	
Securities Available for Sale							
Government-sponsored entities debt	\$ 4,176	\$	81,116	\$	529	\$	9,409
State and municipal obligations	1,079		62,307		585		14,400
Mortgage-backed securities	2,551		187,215		125		4,288
Corporate stocks	267		1,964				

\$ 8,073 \$ 332,602 \$ 1,239 \$ 28,097

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Note 5 Investment Securities (Continued)

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) on at least a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to (1) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, (2) the outlook for receiving the contractual cash flows of the investments, (3) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (4) the intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value or for a debt security whether it is more-likely-than-not that the Company will be required to sell the debt security prior to recovering its fair value, and (5) the anticipated outlook for changes in the general level of interest rates. All securities available for sale in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2015 continue to perform as scheduled. As part of the Company is evaluation of its intent and ability to hold investments for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in the market, the Company considers its investment strategy, cash flow needs, liquidity position, capital adequacy and interest rate risk position. The Company does not currently intend to sell the securities within the portfolio and it is not more-likely-than-not that the Company will be required to sell the debt securities; therefore, management does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2015. Management continues to monitor all of these securities with a high degree of scrutiny. There can be no assurance that the Company will not conclude in future periods that conditions existing at that time indicate some or all of these securities may be sold or are other than temporarily impaired, which would require a charge to earnings in such periods.

Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

The following is a summary of non-acquired loans:

(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2015	1, December 31, 2014			March 31, 2014
Non-acquired loans:					
Commercial non-owner occupied real estate:					
Construction and land development	\$ 358,108	\$	364,221	\$	319,441
Commercial non-owner occupied	364,727		333,590		285,145
Total commercial non-owner occupied real estate	722,835		697,811		604,586
Consumer real estate:					
Consumer owner occupied	854,283		786,778		595,652
Home equity loans	290,488		283,934		263,057
Total consumer real estate	1,144,771		1,070,712		858,709
Commercial owner occupied real estate	925,192		907,913		845,728
Commercial and industrial	407,990		405,923		333,574
Other income producing property	154,360		150,928		158,186
Consumer	195,451		189,317		147,710
Other loans	35,806		45,222		31,465
Total non-acquired loans	3,586,405		3,467,826		2,979,958
Less allowance for loan losses	(33,538)		(34,539)		(34,669)
Non-acquired loans, net	\$ 3,552,867	\$	3,433,287	\$	2,945,289

Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The following is a summary of acquired non-credit impaired loans accounted for under FASB ASC Topic 310-20, net of related discount:

(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	March 31, 2014
FASB ASC Topic 310-20 acquired loans:			
Commercial non-owner occupied real estate:			
Construction and land development	\$ 19,598	\$ 24,099	\$ 39,181
Commercial non-owner occupied	44,772	49,476	52,625
Total commercial non-owner occupied real estate	64,370	73,575	91,806
Consumer real estate:			
Consumer owner occupied	612,917	646,375	732,564
Home equity loans	221,535	234,949	256,963
Total consumer real estate	834,452	881,324	989,527
Commercial owner occupied real estate	56,167	62,065	71,607
Commercial and industrial	35,592	41,130	44,183
Other income producing property	61,415	65,139	73,753
Consumer	195,353	204,766	241,325
Total FASB ASC Topic 310-20 acquired loans	\$ 1,247,349	\$ 1,327,999	\$ 1,512,201

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 310-30, the Company aggregated acquired loans that have common risk characteristics into pools of loan categories as described in the table below. The following is a summary of acquired credit impaired loans accounted for under FASB ASC Topic 310-30 (identified as credit impaired at the time of acquisition), net of related discount:

(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	March 31, 2014		
FASB ASC Topic 310-30 acquired loans:					
Commercial loans greater than or equal to \$1 million-CBT	\$ 15,477	\$ 15,813	\$	21,479	
Commercial real estate	302,592	325,109		402,505	
Commercial real estate construction and development	61,456	65,262		98,060	
Residential real estate	368,633	390,244		444,115	
Consumer	80,656	85,449		99,545	
Commercial and industrial	42,343	44,804		58,973	
Single pay	64	86		132	
Total FASB ASC Topic 310-30 acquired loans	871,221	926,767		1,124,809	
Less allowance for loan losses	(4,717)	(7,365)		(11,046)	
FASB ASC Topic 310-30 acquired loans, net	\$ 866,504	\$ 919,402	\$	1,113,763	

Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

Contractual loan payments receivable, estimates of amounts not expected to be collected, other fair value adjustments and the resulting carrying values of acquired credit impaired loans as of March 31, 2015, December 31, 2014 and March 31, 2014 are as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2015	2014	2014
Contractual principal and interest	\$ 1,173,550 \$	1,337,703	\$ 1,568,978
Non-accretable difference	(85,300)	(104,110)	(212,934)
Cash flows expected to be collected	1,088,250	1,233,593	1,356,044
Accretable yield	(217,029)	(306,826)	(231,235)
Carrying value	\$ 871,221 \$	926,767	\$ 1,124,809
Allowance for acquired loan losses	\$ (4,717) \$	(7,365)	\$ (11,046)

Income on acquired credit impaired loans that are not impaired at the acquisition date is recognized in the same manner as loans impaired at the acquisition date. A portion of the fair value discount on acquired non-impaired loans has been ascribed as an accretable difference that is accreted into interest income over the estimated remaining life of the loans. The remaining nonaccretable difference represents cash flows not expected to be collected.

The following are changes in the carrying value of acquired credit impaired loans:

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
(Dollars in thousands)		2015		2014			
Balance at beginning of period	\$	919,402	\$	1,216,080			
Net reductions for payments, foreclosures, and accretion		(55,546)		(102,889)			
Change in the allowance for loan losses on acquired							
loans		2,648		572			
Balance at end of period, net of allowance for loan							
losses on acquired loans	\$	866,504	\$	1,113,763			

The table below reflects refined accretable yield balance for acquired credit impaired loans:

	Three Months Ended March 31,							
(Dollars in thousands)		2015	2014					
Balance at beginning of period	\$	306,826	\$	250,340				
Accretion		(25,692)		(28,767)				
Reclass of nonaccretable difference due to improvement								
in expected cash flows		5,948		10,750				
Other changes, net		(70,053)		(1,088)				
Balance at end of period	\$	217,029	\$	231,235				

During the recast in the first quarter of 2015, the accretable yield balance declined significantly by \$64.1 million. This decline was primarily the result of an increase in the assumed prepayment speed of certain acquired loan pools from the FFHI acquisition. The actual cash flows were faster than what had been previously expected (assumed) and required an adjustment in the assumed prepayment speed used to forecast expected cash flows. The result was a decrease in the accretable yield balance, however, there was no impairment since this only changed the timing of the receipt of future cash on these pools of loans (expect to receive cash sooner).

Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

Our loan loss policy adheres to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States as well as interagency guidance. The allowance for loan losses is based upon estimates made by management. We maintain an allowance for loan losses at a level that we believe is appropriate to cover estimated credit losses on individually evaluated loans that are determined to be impaired as well as estimated credit losses inherent in the remainder of our loan portfolio. Arriving at the allowance involves a high degree of management judgment and results in a range of estimated losses. We regularly evaluate the adequacy of the allowance through our internal risk rating system, outside credit review, and regulatory agency examinations to assess the quality of the loan portfolio and identify problem loans. The evaluation process also includes our analysis of current economic conditions, composition of the loan portfolio, past due and nonaccrual loans, concentrations of credit, lending policies and procedures, and historical loan loss experience. While management uses available information to recognize losses on loans, future additions to the allowance may be necessary based on, among other factors, changes in economic conditions in our markets. In addition, regulatory agencies, as an integral part of their examination process, periodically review our allowances for losses on loans. These agencies may require management to recognize additions to the allowances based on their judgments about information available to them at the time of their examination. Because of these and other factors, it is possible that the allowances for losses on loans may change. The provision for loan losses is charged to expense in an amount necessary to maintain the allowance at an appropriate level.

The allowance for loan losses on non-acquired loans consists of general and specific reserves. The general reserves are determined by applying loss percentages to the portfolio that are based on historical loss experience for each class of loans and management s evaluation and risk grading of the loan portfolio. Additionally, the general economic and business conditions affecting key lending areas, credit quality trends, collateral values, loan volumes and concentrations, seasoning of the loan portfolio, the findings of internal and external credit reviews and results from external bank regulatory examinations are included in this evaluation. Currently, these adjustments are applied to the non-acquired loan portfolio when estimating the level of reserve required. The specific reserves are determined on a loan-by-loan basis based on management s evaluation of our exposure for each credit, given the current payment status of the loan and the value of any underlying collateral. These are loans classified by management as doubtful or substandard. For such loans that are also classified as impaired, an allowance is established when the discounted cash flows (or collateral value or observable market price) of the impaired loan is lower than the carrying value of that loan. Generally, the need for specific reserve is evaluated on impaired loans, and once a specific reserve is established for a loan, a charge off of that amount occurs in the quarter subsequent to the establishment of the specific reserve. Loans that are determined to be impaired are provided a specific reserve, if necessary, and are excluded from the calculation of the general reserves.

With the FFHI acquisition, the Company segregated the loan portfolio into performing loans (non-credit impaired) and acquired credit impaired loans. The performing loans and revolving type loans are accounted for under FASB ASC 310-20, with each loan being accounted for individually. The allowance for loan losses on these loans will be measured and recorded consistent with non-acquired loans. The acquired credit impaired loans will follow the description in the next paragraph.

In determining the acquisition date fair value of acquired credit impaired loans, and in subsequent accounting, the Company generally aggregates purchased loans into pools of loans with common risk characteristics. Expected cash flows at the acquisition date in excess of the fair value of loans are recorded as interest income over the life of the loans using a level yield method if the timing and amount of the future cash flows of the pool is reasonably estimable. Subsequent to the acquisition date, increases in cash flows over those expected at the acquisition date are reclassified from the non-accretable difference to accretable difference and recognized as interest income prospectively. Decreases in expected cash flows after the acquisition date are recognized by recording an allowance for loan losses. Management analyzes the acquired loan pools using various assessments of risk to determine an expected loss. The expected loss is derived based upon a loss given default based upon the collateral type and/or detailed review by loan officers and the probability of default that is determined based upon historical data at the loan level. Trends are reviewed in terms of accrual status, past due status, and weighted-average grade of the loans within each of the accounting pools. In addition, the relationship between the change in the unpaid principal balance and change in the mark is assessed to correlate the directional consistency of the expected loss for each pool. Offsetting the impact of the provision established for acquired loans covered under FDIC loss share agreements, the receivable from the FDIC is adjusted to reflect the indemnified portion of the post-acquisition exposure with a corresponding credit to the provision for loan losses.

Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

An aggregated analysis of the changes in allowance for loan losses is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	No	n-acquired Loans	J	Acquired Non-credit Impaired Loans	Acquire Credit Imp Loans	aired	Total
Three months ended March 31, 2015:							
Balance at beginning of period	\$	34,539	\$		\$	7,365	\$ 41,904
Loans charged-off		(996)		(1,811)			(2,807)
Recoveries of loans previously charged off		1,050		25			1,075
Net charge-offs		54		(1,786)			(1,732)
Provision (benefit) for loan losses		(1,055)		1,786		66	797
Benefit attributable to FDIC loss share							
agreements						21	21
Total provision for loan losses charged to							
operations		(1,055)		1,786		87	818
Provision for loan losses recorded through							
the FDIC loss share receivable						(21)	(21)
Reduction due to loan removals						(2,714)	(2,714)
Balance at end of period	\$	33,538	\$		\$	4,717	\$ 38,255
Three months ended March 31, 2014:							
Balance at beginning of period	\$	34,331	\$		\$	11,618	\$ 45,949
Loans charged-off		(1,370)					(1,370)
Recoveries of loans previously charged off		1,038					1,038
Net charge-offs		(332)					(332)
Provision for loan losses		670				304	974
Benefit attributable to FDIC loss share							
agreements						(125)	(125)
Total provision for loan losses charged to							
operations		670				179	849
Provision for loan losses recorded through							
the FDIC loss share receivable						125	125
Reduction due to loan removals						(876)	(876)
Balance at end of period	\$	34,669	\$		\$	11,046	\$ 45,715

Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The following tables present a disaggregated analysis of activity in the allowance for loan losses and loan balances for non-acquired loans:

Three months ended March 31, 2015			ommercial C Von-owner Occupied	Commercial Owner Occupied	Consumer Owner Occupied			Commercial & Industrial	8	e Consumer	Other Loans	Total
Allowance for loan												
losses:												
Balance,												
December 31, 2014	\$	5,666 \$, ,	8,415	\$ 6,866	\$	2,829	. ,	. ,	. ,	\$ 449 \$	
Charge-offs		(45)	(11)	(6)			(86)	(139)				(996)
Recoveries		40	8	7	25		43	599	11	317		1,050
Provision (benefit)		(262)	(20)	(545)	150		(1)	(561)	(261)	445		(1,055)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$	5,399 \$	3,131 \$	5 7,871 S	\$ 7,041	\$	2,785	\$ 3,460	\$ 1,980	\$ 1,422	\$ 449 \$	33,538
Loans individually evaluated for												
impairment	\$	697 \$	35 \$	70 9	\$ 123	\$	1	\$ 16	\$ 485	\$ 2	\$ \$	1,429
Loans collectively evaluated for						_						
impairment	\$	4,702 \$	3,096 \$	7,801	\$ 6,918	\$	2,784	\$ 3,444	\$ 1,495	\$ 1,420	\$ 449 \$	32,109
•												
Loans:												
Loans individually evaluated for	ф	5 40 5 d	2565 4	0.207.4	t 7 003	ф	250	ф ОО	Φ 4.66	ф. (2)	ф ф	20.440
impairment	\$	5,407 \$	3,765 \$	8,297	\$ 7,093	Þ	250	\$ 906	\$ 4,667	\$ 63	\$ \$	30,448
Loans collectively evaluated for		252 501	260.062	017 005	047 100	•	100 220	407.004	140 (02	105 200	25.907	2 555 055
impairment		352,701	360,962	916,895	847,190		290,238	407,084	149,693	195,388	35,806	3,555,957
T-4-1												
Total non-acquired	Φ	250 100 ¢	264727 \$	025 102 (D 054 303	ф л	000 400	¢ 407.000	¢ 154.260	¢ 105 451	Φ 25 QQC Φ	2 597 405
loans	Ф	358,108 \$	304,727	925,192	0 004,200	Þ 4	290,488	\$ 407,990	\$ 154,500	\$ 195,451	\$ 35,800 \$	3,580,405
Three months ended March 31, 2014												
Allowance for loan												
losses:												
Balance,												
December 31, 2013	\$	6,789 \$	3,677 \$	7,767	\$ 6,069	\$	2,782	\$ 3,592	\$ 2,509	\$ 937	\$ 209 \$	34,331
Charge-offs		(92)	(144)	(216)	(78))	(143)	(60)	(86)	(551)		(1,370)
Recoveries		145	331	6	203		13	90	6	244		1,038
Provision (benefit)		(520)	(421)	760	(72))	269	(181)	419	475	(59)	670
Balance, March 31, 2014	\$			8,317			2,921	\$ 3,441	\$ 2,848	\$ 1,105		34,669
Loans individually evaluated for			20.			Φ.		.	φ	.	ф ±	
impairment	\$	563 \$	39 \$	106 5	\$ 72	\$	1	\$ 21	\$ 617	\$ 2	\$ \$	1,421

Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	5,759 \$	3,404 \$	8,211 \$	6,050 \$	\$ 2,920 \$	3,420 \$	2,231 \$	1,103 \$	150 \$	33,248
Loans:											
Loans individually evaluated for											
impairment	\$	6,150 \$	4,153 \$	12,798 \$	2,550 \$	48 \$	1,536 \$	6,498 \$	89 \$	\$	33,822
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment		313,291	280,992	832,930	593,102	263,009	332,038	151,688	147,621	31,465	2,946,136
•											
Total non-acquired loans	\$:	319,441 \$	285,145 \$	845,728 \$	595,652	\$ 263,057 \$	333,574 \$	158,186 \$	147,710 \$	31,465 \$	2,979,958

Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The following tables present a disaggregated analysis of activity in the allowance for loan losses and loan balances for acquired non-credit impaired loans:

	Constructi@ommercialconsumer					Other Income				
		Non-owne		Owner	Home					
(Dollars in thousands)	Developme	nOccupied	Occupied	Occupied	Equity	& Industri	alProperty	Consumer	Total	
Three months										
ended March 31,										
2015										
Allowance for loan										
losses:										
Balance,										
December 31, 2014	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ \$		
Charge-offs				(328					(1,811)	
Recoveries	1			5		3 5	_	10	25	
Provision (benefit)	(1	.)		323	1,04	7 98	3	316	1,786	
Balance, March 31,	_		_	_	_					
2015	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Loans individually										
evaluated for										
impairment	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Loans collectively										
evaluated for										
impairment	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ \$		
Loans:										
Loans individually										
evaluated for										
impairment	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ \$		
Loans collectively										
evaluated for										
impairment	19,598	44,772	56,167	612,917	221,53	5 35,592	61,415	195,353	1,247,349	
Total non-acquired										
loans	\$ 19,598	\$ \$ 44,772	\$ 56,167	\$ 612,917	\$ 221,53	5 \$ 35,592	\$ 61,415	\$ 195,353 \$	1,247,349	

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had not recorded an allowance for loan losses for acquired non-credit impaired loans.

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Note 6 Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The following tables present a disaggregated analysis of activity in the allowance for loan losses and loan balances for acquired credit impaired loans:

	Comme Loans G Than or	reater	nmercia C	Commercial Real Estate- onstruction an	R esidential	ı c	ommercial		
(Dollars in thousands)	to \$1 Milli	on-CBTRea	l Estate	Development	Real Estate	Consumeran	d Industria S ing	gle Pay '	Total
Three months ended									
March 31, 2015									
Allowance for loan losses:									
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	135 \$	1,444	\$ 336	\$ 4,387	\$ 275 \$	718 \$	70 \$	7,365
Provision for loan losses before									
benefit attributable to FDIC los	S								
share agreements			3	9	19	158	(122)	(1)	66
Benefit attributable to FDIC									
loss share agreements						(107)	127	1	21
Total provision for loan losses									
charged to operations			3	9	19	51	5		87
Provision for loan losses									
recorded through the FDIC loss									
share receivable						107	(127)	(1)	(21)
Reduction due to loan removals		(199)	(898)	55	(1,086)	(189)	(377)		(2,714)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$	(64)\$	549					49 \$	4,717
Loans individually evaluated for	r	. , , ,							
impairment	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$ \$	\$	\$	
Loans collectively evaluated for	r	·		•	•		·	·	
impairment									