

OLD SECOND BANCORP INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 09, 2007

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007**

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For transition period from                      to**

**Commission File Number 0 -10537**

**OLD SECOND BANCORP, INC.**

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation or organization)

**36-3143493**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**37 South River Street, Aurora, Illinois 60507**

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

**(630) 892-0202**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2).

Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date: As of August 1, 2007, the Registrant had outstanding 12,145,838 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value per share.

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OLD SECOND BANCORP, INC.

Form 10-Q Quarterly Report

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**PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements**

**Old Second Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Balance Sheets**  
*(In thousands, except share data)*

	<b>June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)</b>	<b>December 31, 2006</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 64,453	\$ 80,727
Interest bearing deposits with financial institutions	126	5,493
Federal funds sold	18,561	2,305
Cash and cash equivalents	83,140	88,525
Securities available for sale	504,648	472,897
Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Reserve Bank stock	8,946	8,783
Loans held for sale	13,649	14,378
Loans	1,832,220	1,763,912
Less: allowance for loan losses	16,749	16,193
Net loans	1,815,471	1,747,719
Premises and equipment, net	49,452	48,404
Other real estate owned		48
Mortgage servicing rights, net	2,842	2,882
Goodwill, net	2,130	2,130
Bank owned life insurance (BOLI)	46,968	45,861
Accrued interest and other assets	28,365	27,513
Total assets	\$ 2,555,611	\$ 2,459,140
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Deposits:		
Noninterest bearing demand	\$ 258,946	\$ 280,630
Interest bearing:		
Savings, NOW, and money market	853,263	807,949
Time	984,550	974,114
Total deposits	2,096,759	2,062,693
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	56,123	38,218
Other short-term borrowings	167,692	127,090
Junior subordinated debentures	57,399	31,625
Note payable	16,660	16,425
Accrued interest and other liabilities	26,603	24,534
Total liabilities	2,421,236	2,300,585
<b>Stockholders Equity</b>		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value; authorized 300,000 shares; none issued		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value; authorized 20,000,000 shares; issued 16,691,317 at June 30, 2007 and 16,634,520 at December 31, 2006; outstanding 12,145,838 at June 30, 2007 and 13,127,292 at December 31, 2006		
	16,691	16,635
Additional paid-in capital	15,692	14,814
Retained earnings	201,001	193,170
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,260)	(2,545)
Treasury stock, at cost, 4,545,479 shares at June 30, 2007 and 3,507,228 at December 31, 2006	(94,749)	(63,519)
Total stockholders equity	134,375	158,555
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 2,555,611	\$ 2,459,140

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

**Old Second Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Income**  
*(In thousands, except share data)*

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)		Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 (Unaudited)	
		2006		2006
<b>Interest and dividend income</b>				
Loans, including fees	\$ 32,873	\$ 30,700	\$ 64,180	\$ 59,677
Loans held for sale	218	131	347	226
Securities:				
Taxable	4,028	3,167	7,923	6,351
Tax-exempt	1,425	1,259	2,749	2,491
Federal funds sold	79		137	3
Interest bearing deposits	8	1	24	2
Total interest and dividend income	38,631	35,258	75,360	68,750
<b>Interest expense</b>				
Savings, NOW, and money market deposits	5,798	4,152	11,532	7,830
Time deposits	12,104	9,828	23,944	18,957
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	665	507	1,218	994
Other short-term borrowings	1,907	2,011	3,150	3,413
Junior subordinated debentures	907	616	1,524	1,233
Note payable	200	54	463	98
Total interest expense	21,581	17,168	41,831	32,525
Net interest and dividend income	17,050	18,090	33,529	36,225
Provision for loan losses	588	400	588	844
Net interest and dividend income after provision for loan losses	16,462	17,690	32,941	35,381
<b>Noninterest income</b>				
Trust income	2,233	2,053	4,409	3,787
Service charges on deposits	2,166	2,047	4,216	4,003
Secondary mortgage fees	197	159	319	312
Mortgage servicing income	168	117	316	215
Net gain on sales of mortgage loans	1,219	935	2,317	1,906
Securities gains, net		191	482	418
Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	570	516	1,053	1,014
Debit card interchange income	519	295	982	714
Other income	1,064	1,052	2,016	2,071
Total noninterest income	8,136	7,365	16,110	14,440
<b>Noninterest expense</b>				
Salaries and employee benefits	9,779	8,926	19,691	18,457
Occupancy expense, net	1,255	1,098	2,481	2,190
Furniture and equipment expense	1,582	1,258	3,076	2,540
Amortization of core deposit intangible assets		88		177
Advertising expense	415	512	840	976
Other expense	3,801	3,765	7,329	7,455
Total noninterest expense	16,832	15,647	33,417	31,795
Income before income taxes	7,766	9,408	15,634	18,026
Provision for income taxes	2,040	3,042	4,160	5,555
Net income	\$ 5,726	\$ 6,366	\$ 11,474	\$ 12,471
<b>Share and per share information:</b>				
Ending number of shares	12,145,838	13,412,575	12,145,838	13,412,575
Average number of shares	12,622,032	13,524,276	12,877,048	13,526,947
Diluted average number of shares	12,766,424	13,700,186	13,019,565	13,704,869
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.92
Diluted earnings per share	0.45	0.46	0.88	0.91
Dividends paid per share	0.15	0.14	0.29	0.27

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.



**Old Second Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
(In thousands)

	<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>June 30,</b>	<b>2006</b>
	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net income	\$ 11,474	\$ 12,471
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,390	1,799
Amortization of leasehold improvement	86	56
Amortization and recovery of mortgage servicing rights, net	240	211
Provision for loan losses	588	844
Origination of loans held for sale	(120,719 )	(140,397 )
Proceeds from sale of loans held for sale	123,565	141,606
Gain on sales of mortgage loans	(2,317 )	(1,906 )
Change in current income taxes payable	656	2,015
Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	(1,053 )	(1,580 )
Change in accrued interest receivable and other assets	384	3,570
Change in accrued interest payable and other liabilities	2,090	954
Net premium amortization on securities	506	1,441
Securities gains, net	(482 )	(418 )
Amortization of core deposit intangible assets		177
Stock based compensation	329	101
Net cash provided by operating activities	17,737	20,944
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Proceeds from maturities and pre-refunds including pay down of securities available for sale	83,974	39,340
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	560	339
Purchases of securities available for sale	(119,142 )	(37,437 )
Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	(163 )	(365 )
Net change in loans	(68,340 )	(42,316 )
Investment in unconsolidated subsidiary	(774 )	
Purchase of bank owned life insurance	(54 )	
Net sales of other real estate owned	48	
Net purchases of premises and equipment	(3,524 )	(2,904 )
Net cash used in investing activities	(107,415 )	(43,343 )
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Net change in deposits	34,066	72,743
Net change in securities sold under repurchase agreements	17,905	(14,010 )
Net change in other short-term borrowings	40,602	(9,439 )
Proceeds from the issuance of junior subordinated debentures	25,774	
Proceeds from note payable	21,410	1,875
Repayment of note payable	(21,175 )	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	420	592
Tax benefit from stock options exercised	185	257
Dividends paid	(3,664 )	(3,515 )
Purchase of treasury stock	(31,230 )	(4,434 )
Net cash provided by financing activities	84,293	44,069
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(5,385 )	21,670
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	88,525	65,115
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 83,140	\$ 86,785
<b>Supplemental cash flow information</b>		
Income taxes paid	\$ 3,513	\$ 3,571
Interest paid for deposits	35,214	26,027

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Interest paid for debt	6,344	5,263
Non-cash transfer of loans to other real estate		82
Changes in dividends declared not paid	(21	) 120

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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**Old Second Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiaries**

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(Table amounts in thousands, except per share data, unaudited)

**Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies followed in the preparation of the interim financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual financial information. The interim financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments, which are necessary, in the opinion of management, for a fair statement of results for the interim period presented. Results for the period ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2007. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes included in Old Second Bancorp, Inc.'s (the Company) annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. Unless otherwise indicated, amounts in the tables contained in the notes are in thousands. Certain items in prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and follow general practices within the banking industry. Application of these principles requires management to make estimates, assumptions, and judgments that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. These estimates, assumptions, and judgments are based on information available as of the date of the financial statements. Future changes in information may affect these estimates, assumptions, and judgments, which, in turn, may affect amounts reported in the financial statements.

All significant accounting policies are presented in Note A to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. These policies, along with the disclosures presented in the other financial statement notes and in this discussion, provide information on how significant assets and liabilities are valued in the financial statements and how those values are determined.

In May 2007, the FASB issued FIN 48-1, *Definition of Settlement in FIN 48* to provide guidance on how an enterprise should determine whether a tax position is effectively settled for the purpose of recognizing previously unrecognized tax benefits. FSP FIN 48-1 is effective retroactively to January 1, 2007. The implementation of this standard did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In April 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FSP No. FIN 39-1, *Amendment of FASB Interpretation No. 39, Offsetting of Amounts Related to Certain Contracts*. FIN 39-1 permits a reporting entity that is party to a master netting arrangement to offset the receivable or payable recognized upon payment or receipt of cash collateral against the fair value amounts recognized against derivative instruments that had been offset under the same master netting arrangement. This FSP also replaces the terms *conditional contracts* and *exchange contracts* with the broader term *derivative instruments*. FIN 39-1 applies to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. A reporting entity also must recognize the effects of initial adoption as a change in accounting principle through retrospective application for all periods presented, unless it is impracticable to do so. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the adoption of this statement on the Company's financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement establishes a fair value hierarchy about the assumptions used to measure fair value and clarifies assumptions about risk and the effect of a restriction on the sale or



use of an asset. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company has not completed its evaluation of the impact of adopting this standard.

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In September 2006, the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force finalized Issue No. 06-4 ( EITF 06-4 ), *Accounting for Deferred Compensation and Postretirement Benefit Aspects of Endorsement Split-Dollar Life Insurance Arrangements*. This issue requires that a liability be recorded during the service period when a split-dollar life insurance agreement continues after participants' employment or retirement. The required accrued liability will be based on either the post-employment benefit cost for the continuing life insurance or the future death benefit depending on the contractual terms of the underlying agreement. This issue is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007. The Company has not completed its evaluation of the impact of adopting EITF 06-4.

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On February 15, 2007, the FASB issued Statement No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities: Including an amendment of FASB Statement No. 115*, to reduce earnings volatility caused by related assets and liabilities measured differently under GAAP. Statement 159 allows *all* entities (including not-for-profit organizations, with certain modifications) to make an irrevocable instrument-by-instrument election to measure eligible items at fair value in their entirety. In addition, unrealized gains and losses will be reported in earnings at each reporting date. The Statement also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements that focus on providing information about the impact of electing the fair value option ( FVO ). Note that the Company will be required to adopt Statement 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, no later than the adoption of Statement 159. Statement 159 is effective as of January 1, 2008. Earlier application is permitted for existing eligible items as of the beginning of a fiscal year that begins on or before November 15, 2007, but requires concurrent adoption of Statement 157. Early adoption must be made no later than 120 days after the beginning of the entity's fiscal year of adoption and prior to issuance of any financial statements for an interim period where the FVO will be adopted. The Company has not completed its evaluation of the impact of adoption of this standard and chose not to early adopt Statement 159.

**Note 2 Securities**

Securities available for sale are summarized as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
<b>June 30, 2007:</b>				
U.S. Treasury	\$ 10,016	\$	\$ (477 )	\$ 9,539
U.S. government agencies	253,971	43	(2,955 )	251,059
U.S. government agency mortgage-backed States and political subdivisions	58,853	2	(648 )	58,207
Collateralized mortgage obligations	154,113	416	(3,046 )	151,483
Other securities	34,684	6	(382 )	34,308
	52			52
	\$ 511,689	\$ 467	\$ (7,508 )	\$ 504,648
<b>December 31, 2006:</b>				
U.S. Treasury	\$ 10,014	\$	\$ (384 )	\$ 9,630
U.S. government agencies	270,439	53	(3,325 )	267,167
U.S. government agency mortgage-backed States and political subdivisions	19,775	31	(202 )	19,604
Collateralized mortgage obligations	149,843	925	(1,126 )	149,642
Other securities	26,904	2	(182 )	26,724
	130			130
	\$ 477,105	\$ 1,011	\$ (5,219 )	\$ 472,897

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Recognition of other than temporary impairment was not necessary in the first six months of 2007. The change in value was related to interest rate fluctuations and was not related to credit quality deterioration. An increase in market interest rates will generally cause a decrease in the value of individual securities while a decrease in market interest rates typically results in an increase in value. The Company has the ability and intent to hold all securities until forecasted recovery.

### Note 3 Loans

Major classifications of loans were as follows:

	June 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Commercial and industrial	\$ 173,372	\$ 175,621
Real estate - commercial	606,909	605,098
Real estate - construction	436,801	374,654
Real estate - residential	589,730	586,959
Installment	27,224	23,326
	1,834,036	1,765,658
Net deferred loan fees and costs	(1,816 )	(1,746 )
	\$ 1,832,220	\$ 1,763,912

### Note 4 Allowance for Loan Losses

Changes in the allowance for loan losses as of June 30, are summarized as follows:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 16,193	\$ 15,329
Provision for loan losses	588	844
Loans charged-off	(225 )	(344 )
Recoveries	193	264
Balance at end of period	\$ 16,749	\$ 16,093

### Note 5 Mortgage Servicing Rights

Changes in capitalized mortgage servicing rights as of June 30, are summarized as follows:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 3,032	\$ 2,271
Additions	200	661
Amortization	(390 )	(211 )
Balance at end of period	2,842	2,721

Changes in the valuation allowance for servicing assets were as follows:

Balance at beginning of period	(150 )
Recovery credited to expense	150
Balance at end of period	
Net balance	\$ 2,842 \$ 2,721

**Note 6 Deposits**

Major classifications of deposits as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, were as follows:

	2007	2006
Noninterest bearing	\$ 258,946	\$ 280,630
Savings	107,645	104,229
NOW accounts	227,267	257,505
Money market accounts	518,351	446,215
Certificates of deposit of less than \$100,000	606,938	591,941
Certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more	377,612	382,173
	\$ 2,096,759	\$ 2,062,693

**Note 7 Borrowings**

The following table is a summary of borrowings as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006:

	2007	2006
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 56,123	\$ 38,218
Federal funds purchased	84,500	54,000
FHLB advances	80,000	70,000
Treasury tax and loan	3,192	3,090
Junior subordinated debentures	57,399	31,625
Note payable	16,660	16,425
	\$ 297,874	\$ 213,358

The Company enters into sales of securities under agreements to repurchase (repurchase agreements). These repurchase agreements are treated as financings. The dollar amounts of securities underlying the agreements remain in the asset accounts. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase consisted of U.S. government agencies and mortgage-backed securities at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006.

The Company borrowings at the Federal Home Loan Bank ( FHLB ) are limited to the lesser of 35% of total assets or 60% of the book value of certain mortgage loans. In addition, these advances were collateralized by FHLB stock of \$5.5 million and loans totaling \$172.6 million at June 30, 2007. FHLB stock of \$5.5 million and loans totaling \$170.4 million were pledged as of December 31, 2006. As of June 30, 2007, a short-term FHLB advance of \$50 million that has a floating rate of four basis points above the FHLB federal funds rate was scheduled to mature on July 2, 2007. This floating rate advance can also be prepaid without fee with two-business days notice. A new one-month FHLB advance with substantially the same terms replaced the July 2, 2007 advance that matured. As of June 30, 2007, a 4.98% fixed-rate FHLB advance of \$30 million was scheduled to mature on March 10, 2008.

At June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively, the year to date average balance of other short-term borrowings totaled \$117.2 million at a weighted average rate of 5.34% and \$128.9 million at a weighted average rate of 4.90%.

The Company is a Treasury Tax & Loan ( TT&L ) depository for the Federal Reserve Bank and, as such, it accepts TT&L deposits. The Company is allowed to hold these deposits for the Federal Reserve until they are called. The interest rate is the federal funds rate less 25 basis points. Securities with a face value greater than or equal to the amount borrowed are pledged as a condition of borrowing TT&L deposits. As of June 30, 2007, and December 31, 2006, the TT&L deposits were \$3.2 million and \$3.1 million, respectively.

The Company has a \$30 million line of credit available with M&I Marshall & Ilsley Bank under which there were outstanding balances of \$16.4 million as of December 31, 2006 and \$16.7 million as of June 30, 2007. A revolving business note dated April 30, 2007 secures the line of credit and the Company guarantees that note. The note provides that any outstanding principal will bear interest at the rate of 0.90 percentage points over the British Bankers Association one month LIBOR rate and matures on April 29, 2008. This borrowing facility is for general corporate purposes and has primarily been used to repurchase common stock.

#### **Note 8 Junior Subordinated Debentures**

The Company completed the sale of \$27.5 million of cumulative trust preferred securities by its unconsolidated subsidiary, Old Second Capital Trust I in June 2003. An additional \$4.1 million of cumulative trust preferred securities was sold in the first week of July 2003. The costs associated with the tender offer of the cumulative trust preferred securities are being amortized over 30 years. The trust-preferred securities can remain outstanding for a 30-year term but, subject to regulatory approval, they can be called in whole or in part by the Company beginning on June 30, 2008 and from time to time thereafter. Cash distributions on the securities are payable quarterly at an annual rate of 7.80% and are included as interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Company issued an additional \$25.0 million of cumulative trust preferred securities through a private placement completed by its new unconsolidated subsidiary, Old Second Capital Trust II ( the Trust ) in April 2007. Although nominal in amount, the costs associated with that issuance are being amortized over 30 years. These trust preferred securities also mature in 30 years, but subject to the aforementioned regulatory approval, can be called in whole or in part on a quarterly basis commencing June 15, 2017. The quarterly cash distributions on the securities are fixed at 6.766% through June 15, 2017 and float at 150 basis points over the British Bankers Association three-month LIBOR rate thereafter. The Company issued a new \$25.8 subordinated debenture to the Trust in return for the aggregate net proceeds of this trust preferred offering and to provide the primary source of financing for the common stock tender offer that was completed in May 2007. The interest rate and payment frequency on the debenture are equivalent to the cash distribution basis on the trust preferred securities.

Both of the debentures issued by Old Second Bancorp, Inc. are recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as junior subordinated debentures and the related interest expense for each issuance is included in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

#### **Note 9 Long-Term Incentive Plan**

The Long-Term Incentive Plan (the Incentive Plan ) authorizes the issuance of up to 1,333,332 shares of the Company s common stock, including the granting of qualified stock options ( Incentive Stock Options ), nonqualified stock options, restricted stock, and stock appreciation rights. Total shares issuable under the plan were 210,073 at June 30, 2007 and 236,257 at December 31, 2006. Stock based awards may be granted to selected directors and officers or employees at the discretion of the board of directors. All stock options were granted for a term of ten years, and new shares are generally issued upon exercise of such options. Restricted stock vests three years from the grant date. Awards under the Incentive Plan become fully vested upon a merger or change in control of the Company. Compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period of the options based on the fair value of the options at the grant date.

Total compensation cost that has been charged against income for those plans was \$172,581 in the second quarter of 2007 and \$328,990 in the first half of 2007. Related income tax benefit recorded was \$60,403 in the second quarter of 2007 and \$115,146 in the first half of 2007. Total compensation cost that charged against income for those plans was \$50,629 in the second quarter of 2006 and \$101,258 in the first half of 2006. The related income tax benefit recorded was \$17,720 in the second quarter of 2006, and \$35,440 in the first half of 2006.

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No options were issued during the first quarter of 2007. Total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options granted under the Incentive Plan is \$447,054 as of June 30, 2007, and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.5 years. There was no unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options granted as of June 30, 2006.

A summary of stock option activity in the Incentive Plan as of June 30 is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Beginning outstanding January 1, 2007	682,411	\$ 22.60		
Granted				
Exercised	(30,613 )	13.75		
Expired				
Ending outstanding	651,798	\$ 23.02	6.21	\$ 4,003,605
Exercisable at end of period	577,798	\$ 22.23	5.79	\$ 4,006,565
Beginning outstanding January 1, 2006	655,613	\$ 21.41		
Granted				
Exercised	(39,002 )	15.16		
Expired				
Ending outstanding	616,611	\$ 21.81	6.62	\$ 5,666,440
Exercisable at end of period	616,611	\$ 21.81	6.62	\$ 5,666,440

A summary of stock option activity as of June 30 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Intrinsic value of options exercised	\$ 108,915	\$	\$ 465,905	\$ 647,302
Cash received from option exercises	143,119		420,858	591,188
Tax benefit realized from option exercises	43,288		185,174	256,797
Weighted average fair value of options granted				

Restricted stock was granted beginning in 2005 under the Incentive Plan. No shares were issued during either the second quarter of 2007 or in the second quarter of 2006. These shares are subject to forfeiture until certain restrictions have lapsed which includes, but is not limited to employment for a specific period. These shares vest after a three-year period. Compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period of the shares based on the market value of the shares at issue date. Awards under the Incentive Plan become fully vested upon a merger or change in control of the Company.

A summary of changes in the Company's nonvested shares of restricted stock as of June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006 is as follows:

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	2007		2006	
	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1	20,423	\$ 31.27	20,406	\$ 31.34
Granted	26,184	29.20		
Vested				
Forfeited			(1,500 )	31.34
Nonvested at June 30	46,607	\$ 30.11	18,906	\$ 31.34

Total unrecognized compensation cost of restricted shares is \$886,785 as of June 30, 2007, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.17 years. Total unrecognized compensation cost of restricted shares was \$500,200 as of June 30, 2006, which was expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.50 years. There were no restricted shares vested during the six months ended June 30, 2007 or 2006.

**Note 10 Earnings Per Share**

Earnings per share is included below as of June 30 (share data not in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
<b>Basic earnings per share:</b>				
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	12,622,032	13,524,276	12,877,048	13,526,947
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 5,726	\$ 6,366	\$ 11,474	\$ 12,471
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.92
<b>Diluted earnings per share:</b>				
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	12,622,032	13,524,276	12,877,048	13,526,947
Dilutive effect of restricted shares	10,473	18,906	10,280	18,906
Dilutive effect of stock options	133,919	157,004	132,237	159,016
Diluted average common shares outstanding	12,766,424	13,700,186	13,019,565	13,704,869
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 5,726	\$ 6,366	\$ 11,474	\$ 12,471
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.91
<b>Number of antidilutive options excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation</b>				
	280,000	211,000	280,000	211,000

**Note 11 Other Comprehensive Loss**

The following table summarizes the related income tax effect for the components of Other Comprehensive Loss as of June 30:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2007	2006	June 30, 2007	2006
Unrealized holding (losses) on available for sale securities arising during the period	\$ (4,564 )	\$ (1,892 )	\$ (2,351 )	\$ (3,385 )
Related tax benefit	1,802	542	926	1,351
Holding (losses) after tax	(2,762 )	(1,350 )	(1,425 )	(2,034 )
Less: Reclassification adjustment for the gains realized during the period				
Realized gains		191	482	418
Income tax expense on net realized gains		(76 )	(192 )	(166 )
Net realized gains after tax		115	290	252
Total other comprehensive loss	\$ (2,762 )	\$ (1,465 )	\$ (1,715 )	\$ (2,286 )

**Note 12 Retirement Plans**

The Company had a tax-qualified noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan covering substantially all full-time and regular part-time employees of the Company. Generally, benefits were based on years of service and compensation. As of December 31, 2005, the defined benefit plan was terminated. All amounts due were paid to participants of the defined benefit plan between September and December of 2006.

The below table illustrates plan information as of June 30, 2006. The key assumptions at that time included a 5.25% discount rate with a 5.0% return on assets:

	2006
Service cost	\$
Interest cost	181
Expected return on plan assets	(178 )
Amortization of transition obligation / (asset)	
Amortization of prior service cost	
Recognized net actuarial (gain) / loss	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 3

The Company maintains tax-qualified contributory and non-contributory profit sharing plans covering substantially all full-time and regular part-time employees. The expense of these plans was approximately \$938,000 and \$1,130,000 in the first six months of 2007 and 2006, respectively, as the Company lowered its discretionary profit sharing contribution in 2007.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### Overview

Old Second Bancorp, Inc. (the Company) is a financial services company with its main headquarters located in Aurora, Illinois. The Company has offices located in Kane, Kendall, DeKalb, DuPage, LaSalle, and Will counties in Illinois. As of June 30, 2007, the Company provided financial services through three subsidiary banks and thirty two banking locations. On July 1, 2007, the Company merged its two state bank charters Old Second Bank Kane County and Old Second Bank Yorkville into its national bank charter, The Old Second National Bank of Aurora, and renamed the combined entity Old Second National Bank. The merger qualified as a tax-free reorganization and was accounted for as an internal reorganization. Old Second National Bank also engages in trust operations. Old Second Financial, Inc., a subsidiary of the Company, provides insurance products.

### Results of Operations

Net income for the second quarter of 2007 was \$5.7 million, or \$0.45 diluted earnings per share, compared with \$6.4 million, or \$0.46 diluted earnings per share, in the second quarter of 2006. Earnings for the first half of 2007 were \$.88 per diluted share, on \$11.5 million in net income, compared with \$.91 per diluted share in the first half of 2006, on earnings of \$12.5 million. The return on average equity decreased from 16.05% in the first six months of 2006, to 14.91% for the same period of 2007.

In comparing the first half of 2007 and 2006, there were securities sold in both years that affected earnings for both periods. The realized gains on sales of securities recorded were \$482,000 and \$418,000 for the first half of 2007 and 2006 respectively. At the same time, the Company made a \$588,000 provision for loan losses in the first half of 2007 whereas there was an \$844,000 provision made in the first half of 2006.

### Net Interest Income

Net interest income decreased from \$36.2 million in the first half of 2006 to \$33.5 million in the first half of 2007. Net interest income decreased from \$18.1 million in the second quarter of 2006 to \$17.1 million in the second quarter of 2007. Average earning assets grew \$85.7 million or 3.9% from June 30, 2006 to June 30, 2007. Despite that growth, the net interest margin (tax equivalent basis), expressed as a percentage of average earning assets, declined from 3.44% in the first half of 2006 to 3.09% in the first half of 2007. The average tax-equivalent yield on earning assets increased from 6.41% to 6.76%, or 35 basis points. At the same time, the cost of interest-bearing liabilities increased from 3.38% to 4.16%, or 78 basis points.

Changes in deposit funding composition continued to contribute to an increase in interest costs and a decline of the net interest margin in the first half of 2007. The average balances of demand deposits increased nominally while lower-cost sources of funds such as NOW accounts and savings accounts decreased on average by \$16.2 million, or 4.5% in the first half of 2007 as compared to the first half of 2006. At the same time, deposit growth occurred primarily in higher-cost sources of funds, such as money market and time deposit accounts, which increased on average by \$65.8 million, or 16.2%, and \$27.5 million, or 2.9%, respectively.

Non-deposit funding costs also increased \$617,000, or 10.8%, in the first half of 2007 as compared to the first half of 2006 primarily due to a general increase in interest rates and increases in the average junior subordinated debentures and note payable balances outstanding. The proceeds from the note payable were primarily used to repurchase common stock. The Company issued a \$25,774,000 subordinated debenture on April 30, 2007 to a new trust subsidiary. The trust issued \$25,000,000 in trust preferred securities that were part of a private placement of such securities. The debenture, like the trust

preferred securities, matures in 30 years and the securities are callable on a quarterly basis commencing June 15, 2017. The debenture also has an interest rate equivalent to the distribution rate on the trust preferred securities, which is fixed at 6.766% through June 15, 2017 and floats at 150 basis points over the British Bankers Association three-month LIBOR rate thereafter. The Company issued the subordinated debentures to the trust in return for the aggregate net proceeds of the trust preferred offering and to finance the tender offer that was completed in May 2007.

Management, in order to evaluate and measure performance, uses certain non-GAAP performance measures and ratios. These include taxable-equivalent net interest income (including its individual components) and taxable-equivalent net interest income (including its individual components) to total earning assets. Management believes that these measures and ratios provide users of the financial information with a more accurate view of the performance of the interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and of the Company's operating efficiency for comparison purposes. Other financial holding companies may define or calculate these measures and ratios differently. See the tables and note below for supplemental data and the corresponding reconciliation to GAAP financial measures for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

The following table sets forth certain information relating to the Company's average consolidated balance sheets and reflects the yield on average earning assets and cost of average liabilities for the periods indicated. Dividing the related interest by the average balance of assets or liabilities derives rates. Average balances are derived from daily balances.

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**ANALYSIS OF AVERAGE BALANCES,  
TAX EQUIVALENT INTEREST AND RATES**

**Six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006**

**(Dollar amounts in thousands - unaudited)**

	<b>2007 Average Balance</b>	<b>Interest</b>	<b>Rate</b>		<b>2006 Average Balance</b>	<b>Interest</b>	<b>Rate</b>
<b>Assets</b>							
Interest bearing deposits	\$ 1,358	\$ 24	3.52	%	\$ 750	\$ 2	0.53
Federal funds sold	5,261	137	5.18		133	3	4.49
Securities:							
Taxable	343,099	7,923	4.62		326,540	6,351	3.89
Non-taxable (tax equivalent)	147,646	4,229	5.73		140,605	3,832	5.45
Total securities	490,745	12,152	4.95		467,145	10,183	4.36
Loans and loans held for sale(1)	1,794,568	64,633	7.26		1,738,183	60,016	6.96
Total interest earning assets	2,291,932	76,946	6.76		2,206,211	70,204	6.41
Cash and due from banks	49,423				50,906		
Allowance for loan losses	(16,262)				(15,824)		
Other noninterest-bearing assets	126,219				120,439		
Total assets	\$ 2,451,312				\$ 2,361,732		
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders</b>							
<b>Equity</b>							
NOW accounts	\$ 242,059	\$ 1,915	1.60	%	\$ 244,296	\$ 1,480	1.22
Money market accounts	471,763	9,175	3.92		406,006	6,068	3.01
Savings accounts	106,465	442	0.84		120,466	282	0.47
Time deposits	978,187	23,944	4.94		950,646	18,957	4.02
Interest bearing deposits	1,798,474	35,476	3.98		1,721,414	26,787	3.14
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	54,220	1,218	4.53		49,291	994	4.07
Federal funds purchased and other borrowed funds	117,221	3,150	5.34		131,148	3,413	5.18
Junior subordinated debentures	40,454	1,524	7.53		31,625	1,233	7.80
Note payable	14,729	463	6.25		3,442	98	5.66
Total interest bearing liabilities	2,025,098	41,831	4.16		1,936,920	32,525	3.38
Noninterest bearing deposits	253,847				253,372		
Accrued interest and other liabilities	17,184				14,707		
Stockholders equity	155,183				156,733		
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 2,451,312				\$ 2,361,732		
Net interest income (tax equivalent)		\$ 35,115				\$ 37,679	
Net interest income (tax equivalent) to total earning assets			3.09	%			3.44
Interest bearing liabilities to earning assets	88.36	%			87.79	%	

(1) Interest income from loans is shown tax equivalent as discussed below and includes fees of \$1.7 million and \$1.9 million for the first half of 2007 and 2006, respectively. Nonaccrual loans are included in the above stated average balances.

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Note: For purposes of discussion, net interest income and net interest income to earning assets have been adjusted to a non-GAAP tax equivalent ( TE ) basis using a marginal rate of 35% to more appropriately compare returns on tax-exempt loans and securities to other earning assets. The table below provides a reconciliation of each non-GAAP TE measure to the GAAP equivalent:

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	Effect of Tax Equivalent Adjustment			
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Interest income (GAAP)	\$ 38,631	\$ 35,258	\$ 75,360	\$ 68,750
Taxable equivalent adjustment - loans	48	56	106	113
Taxable equivalent adjustment - securities	767	678	1,480	1,341
Interest income (TE)	39,446	35,992	76,946	70,204
Less: interest expense (GAAP)	21,581	17,168	41,831	32,525
Net interest income (TE)	\$ 17,865	\$ 18,824	\$ 35,115	\$ 37,679
Net interest income (GAAP)	\$ 17,050	\$ 18,090	\$ 33,529	\$ 36,225
Net interest income to total interest earning assets	2.94	% 3.26	% 2.95	% 3.31
Net interest income to total interest earning assets (TE)	3.08	% 3.40	% 3.09	% 3.44

### *Provision for Loan Losses*

The Company recorded a \$588,000 provision for loan losses in the first half of 2007 as compared to an \$844,000 provision for loan losses in the first half of 2006. Nonperforming loans increased to \$5.2 million at June 30, 2007 from \$2.2 million at December 31, 2006. Nonperforming loans were \$3.9 million at June 30, 2006. This increase in nonperforming loans was primarily due to two borrowing relationships that were placed on nonaccrual status in the second quarter of 2007, each of which is secured by real estate. The advance ratio of estimated collateral value to the balances outstanding on these two loans is generally considered conservative by the Company's established loan policies. There was no sub-prime mortgage component in the nonperforming loan category, as the Company does not originate any portfolio loans in this market sector. The ratio of the allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans was 320.3% as of June 30, 2007, compared with 731.06% as of December 31, 2006 and 410.33% as of June 30, 2006. Net charge-offs were \$88,000 in the second quarter of 2007 and \$198,000 in the second quarter of 2006. Net charge-offs were \$32,000 and \$80,000 in the first half of 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The allowance for loan losses represents management's estimate of probable credit losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Determining the amount of the allowance for loan losses requires significant judgment and the use of estimates related to the amount and timing of expected future cash flows on impaired loans, estimated losses on pools of homogeneous loans based on historical loss experience, and consideration of current economic trends and conditions, all of which may be susceptible to significant change. The loan portfolio also represents the largest asset on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Provisions for loan losses are made to provide for probable and estimable losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Management determines the amount to provide for in the allowance for loan losses based upon a number of factors including loan growth, the quality and composition of the loan portfolio and loan loss experience. The allowance for loan losses, as a percentage of loans outstanding, was .91% at June 30, 2007, compared to .92% at both December 31, 2006 and June 30, 2006. In management's judgment, an adequate allowance for estimated losses has been established; however, there can be no assurance that actual losses will not exceed the estimated amounts in the future.

Nonperforming loans include loans in nonaccrual status, renegotiated loans, and loans past due ninety days or more and still accruing. Nonaccrual loans were \$4.8 million at June 30, 2007 as compared to \$1.6 million as of December 31, 2006, and \$2.9 million at June 30, 2006.

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Past due and nonaccrual loans for the periods ended June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 were as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2007</b>	<b>December 31, 2006</b>
Nonaccrual loans	\$ 4,778	\$ 1,632
Interest income recorded on nonaccrual loans	1	199
Interest income which would have been accrued on nonaccrual loans	297	325
Loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing interest	451	583

### ***Noninterest Income***

Noninterest income was \$8.1 million during the second quarter of 2007 and \$7.4 million during the second quarter of 2006, an increase of \$771,000, or 10.5%. Noninterest income was \$16.1 million during the first half of 2007 and \$14.4 million during the first half of 2006, an increase of \$1.7 million, or 11.6%. Trust income increased \$180,000, or 8.8%, to \$2.2 million in the second quarter of 2007 primarily due to increased levels of assets under management. Trust income was \$4.4 million in the first half of 2007, an increase of \$622,000, or 16.4%, from the first half of 2006 due principally to increased volume in estate administration activity coupled with the increase in assets under management as reported above. Mortgage banking income, including net gain on sales of mortgage loans, secondary market fees, and servicing income, was \$1.6 million, an increase of \$373,000, or 30.8%, from the second quarter of 2006. For the first half of 2007, mortgage-banking income increased \$519,000, or 21.3%. The largest increase in income from mortgage operations for both the quarter and year to date period was in net gains on sale, which resulted largely from revision to secondary market execution processes.

All of the remaining noninterest income categories increased in the second quarter 2007 with the exception of realized gains on sale of securities. For the first half of 2007, as compared to the first half of 2006, all noninterest income categories increased with exception of the other income component. That category decreased due to a nonrecurring gain on sale of property of \$157,000 that occurred in first quarter 2006. There were no realized gains on sales of securities in the second quarter of 2007 although \$482,000 was recorded in the first half of 2007, compared with \$191,000 in the second quarter of 2006, and \$418,000 in the first half of 2006. On a quarterly comparative basis, service charges on deposits increased \$119,000, or 5.8% in 2007. This same category increased \$213,000, or 5.3% in the first half of 2007 in accordance with the Company's moderate deposit growth and incremental changes to pricing strategies. Interchange income from debit card usage also increased \$268,000, or 37.5%, in the first half of 2007, as compared to the first half of 2006, as the Company increased the number of cards outstanding and customers continued to show a preference for this payment delivery channel.

### ***Noninterest Expense***

Noninterest expense was \$16.8 million during the second quarter of 2007, an increase of \$1.2 million, or 7.6%, from \$15.6 million in the second quarter of 2006. Noninterest expense was \$33.4 million during the first half of 2007, an increase of \$1.6 million, or 5.1%, from \$31.8 million in the second half of 2006.

Salaries and benefits expense was \$9.8 million during the second quarter of 2007, an increase of \$853,000, or 9.6%, from \$8.9 million in the second quarter of 2006. In the first half of the year, salaries and benefits expense was \$19.7 million in 2007 and \$18.5 million in 2006, an increase of \$1.2 million or 6.7%. The Company generally experiences increases in this category due to annual increases in salary and other compensation coupled with rising health care costs, but an evaluation of 2007 events is also required to understand this component. The full time equivalent employee ( FTE ) figure rose from 569

at June 30, 2006 to 582 at December 31, 2006. The FTE count then declined to 546 at June 30, 2007, primarily because of the 8.5% reduction in available positions that was announced April 13, 2007. While some of this decline resulted from a decision not to fill open positions, the largest portion resulted from employee layoffs. All employees in the latter category received salary continuation payments based principally on length of service, and many of these payment commitments continued late into the second quarter. Additionally, eight of the agreements governing continuation payments extended beyond June 30, 2007 and recognition of the related salary expense was accelerated into the current period since there was no ongoing service requirement. Approximately \$229,000 in second quarter salary expense was incurred as a result of the continuation payments associated with the April restructuring.

Net occupancy and furniture and equipment expenses increased \$481,000, or 20.4%, from the second quarter of 2006 to the second quarter of 2007. Net occupancy and furniture and equipment expenses increased \$827,000, or 17.5%, from the first half of 2006 to the first half of 2007. The increases for both periods are primarily attributable to the Company's expansion and development into new markets with the five new 2006 retail locations and the resultant increase in the related facility expenses. One new location was also opened on the western edge of Elgin in May 2007. On April 17, 2007, the Company announced that three leased branch facilities would be closed mainly due to market overlap in locations. These facilities will continue to provide full service through July 31, 2007 and will maintain automated teller machine access thereafter to provide continued customer convenience. In the short term, and absent a conversion to a sublease strategy, the bulk of future savings from these closures will occur as the leases expire. The expiration dates range from December 31, 2007, to February 23, 2008 and April 1, 2009.

On July 1, 2007, the Company merged its two state bank charters Old Second Bank Kane County and Old Second Bank Yorkville into its national bank charter, The Old Second National Bank of Aurora, and renamed the combined entity Old Second National Bank. Internal reorganizations and processing consolidations from this change will occur throughout the third quarter of 2007 and management expects that the consolidation will serve to position the Company favorably to achieve additional future efficiencies. Since the amortization of core deposit intangible assets was completed December 31, 2006, there will be favorable expense comparisons throughout 2007 for this line item. Decreases in advertising expense were also realized for both the second quarter and the first half of 2007 in comparison to the same period in 2006. Other expense increased less than one percent in the second quarter of 2007 as compared to second quarter of 2006, but this category decreased \$126,000, or 1.7%, from \$7.5 million in the first half of 2006 to \$7.3 million in the first half of 2007 as the Company emphasized cost control and review procedures.

#### ***Income Taxes***

The provision for income tax as a percentage of pretax income, or effective tax rate, decreased from 32.3% as of the second quarter of 2006 to 26.3% as of the second quarter of 2007. The provision for income tax as a percentage of pretax income decreased from 30.8% as of the first half of 2006 to 26.6% as of the first half of 2007. Increased levels of tax-exempt income from securities and bank owned life insurance helped to reduce income tax expense when comparing both the second quarter and first half of 2007 to the same period in 2006. In addition to the increased volume of tax-exempt assets, the average tax-equivalent yield on tax-exempt securities held by the Company increased from 5.45% as of June 30, 2006 to 5.73% or 28 basis points as of June 30, 2007. The reduction in effective tax rate was primarily attributable, however, to the formation of a real estate investment trust ( REIT ) in the third quarter of 2006 for the purpose of holding certain commercial real estate loans, residential real estate loans and other loans, as well as mortgage-backed investment securities, that were previously held by our main bank subsidiary. In addition to income tax benefits, which lowered the effective tax rate, the REIT ownership structure also provides the Company with an alternate vehicle for raising future capital as desired. A recent change to Illinois tax law related to the deductibility of REIT dividends is expected to eliminate the recognition of tax benefits related to this ownership structure beginning January 1, 2009.

## Financial Condition

### *Assets*

Total assets were \$2.56 billion as of June 30, 2007, compared with \$2.46 billion as of December 31, 2006. Loans and securities available for sale grew \$68.3 million and \$31.8 million, respectively, during the first half of 2007, while cash and noninterest bearing due from banks declined \$16.3 million.

### *Loans*

Total loans were \$1.83 billion as of June 30, 2007, an increase of \$68.3 million from \$1.76 billion as of December 31, 2006. The largest changes by loan type included increases in commercial real estate construction loans of \$62.1 million and residential real estate loans of \$2.8 million, respectively.

The loan portfolio generally reflects the profile of the communities in which the Company operates. Because the Company is located in growing areas with significant open space, real estate lending (including commercial, residential, and construction) is a significant portion of the portfolio. These categories comprised 89.2% of the portfolio as of June 30, 2007 and 88.8% of the portfolio as of December 31, 2006.

### *Securities*

Securities available for sale totaled \$504.6 million as of June 30, 2007, an increase of \$31.8 million, or 6.7%, from \$472.9 million as of December 31, 2006. The largest category increase was in U.S. Government agency mortgage-backed securities, which increased \$38.6 million, or 196.9%, in the first half of 2007. U.S. Government agency bonds decreased \$16.1 million in the same period in 2007, as this market sector provided a lower yield than the mortgage back alternative. The net unrealized losses, net of deferred tax benefit, in the portfolio increased from a net unrealized loss of \$2.5 million as of December 31, 2006 to a net unrealized loss of \$4.3 million as of June 30, 2007.

### *Deposits and Borrowings*

Total deposits increased \$34.1 million during the first half of 2007, to \$2.1 billion as of June 30, 2007. During the same period, demand deposit and NOW accounts decreased \$21.7 million, to \$258.9 million, and \$30.2 million, to \$227.3 million, respectively. The largest growth category of deposits during the first half of 2007 was money market deposit accounts, which increased by \$72.1 million, from \$446.2 million to \$518.4 million. Time deposits increased \$10.4 million from \$974.1 million to \$984.6 million at June 30, 2007.

As observed in the first quarter of 2007, depositors generally continued to shift out of demand and NOW accounts into money market accounts and certificates of deposit. The money market account offers the customer the advantage of liquidity while earning a higher rate of interest than a demand or NOW account and certificates of deposit allow the customer to lock in a fixed rate of interest for a period of time. This change in deposit mix contributed to a higher cost of funds and had a negative impact on the net interest margin. The net interest margin (tax equivalent basis) declined from 3.44% in the first half of 2006 to 3.09% in the first half of 2007. In comparing the first half of 2007 to the first half of 2006, the average cost of interest bearing funds increased 78 basis points.

Securities sold under repurchase agreements, which are typically of short-term duration, increased \$17.9 million, or 46.9%, to \$56.1 million as of June 30, 2007, from \$38.2 million as of December 31, 2006. Other short-term borrowings increased \$40.6 million during the first half of 2007 to \$167.7 million, primarily due to an increase in Federal Funds purchased of \$30.5 million. The junior subordinated debenture category increased \$25.8 million, or 81.5%, to \$57.4 million in the first half of 2007. A detailed description of the purpose, terms and use of the subordinated debenture proceeds can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

**Capital**

The Company and its three subsidiary banks are subject to regulatory capital requirements administered by federal banking agencies. Capital adequacy guidelines provide for five classifications, the highest of which is well capitalized. The Company and its subsidiary banks were categorized as well capitalized as of June 30, 2007. The accompanying table shows the capital ratios of the Company and The Old Second National Bank of Aurora, the Company's lead subsidiary bank, as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006.

Capital levels and minimum required levels:

	Actual Amount	Ratio		Minimum Required for Capital Adequacy Purposes Amount	Ratio		Minimum Required to be Well Capitalized Amount	Ratio
<b>June 30, 2007:</b>								
Total capital to risk weighted assets								
Consolidated	\$ 208,741	10.56	%	\$ 158,137	8.00	%	\$ 197,671	10.00 %
Old Second National Bank	155,362	11.14		111,571	8.00		139,463	10.00
Tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets								
Consolidated	182,433	9.23		79,061	4.00		118,591	6.00
Old Second National Bank	143,796	10.31		55,789	4.00		83,683	6.00
Tier 1 capital to average assets								
Consolidated	182,433	7.35		99,283	4.00		124,104	5.00
Old Second National Bank	143,796	8.26		69,635	4.00		87,044	5.00
<b>December 31, 2006:</b>								
Total capital to risk weighted assets								
Consolidated	\$ 205,640	10.82	%	\$ 152,044	8.00	%	\$ 190,055	10.00 %
Old Second National Bank	148,894	11.31		105,318	8.00		131,648	10.00
Tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets								
Consolidated	189,456	9.97		76,010	4.00		114,016	6.00
Old Second National Bank	137,802	10.46		52,697	4.00		79,045	6.00
Tier 1 capital to average assets								
Consolidated	189,456	7.90		95,927	4.00		119,909	5.00
Old Second National Bank	137,802	8.36		65,934	4.00		82,417	5.00

The Company culminated the April 17, 2007 tender offer with a purchase of 973,251 shares of common stock at the price of \$30.00 per share, or \$29.2 million on May 24, 2007. The additional cost associated with the acquired treasury stock was approximately \$157,000 as of June 30, 2007. The Company financed the tender offer, in part, from the aggregate net proceeds of the private placement of \$25,000,000 of aggregate face value trust preferred securities that was discussed previously in Item 2 above. Trust preferred securities qualify as Tier 1 regulatory capital and the Company treats the maximum allowable under regulatory guidelines as Tier 1 capital and the remaining as Tier 2 regulatory capital.

The Company repurchased common shares because management believed that, given the nature of the business, assets and prospects and the market price of the common shares, coupled with the expected lower cost of capital offered by the trust preferred securities that substantially funded the repurchase of shares, the Company would be able to reduce the number of shares outstanding, which should increase earnings per share and return on equity.

**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

***Liquidity and Market Risk***

Liquidity is the Company's ability to fund its operations, to meet depositor withdrawals, to provide for customer's credit needs, to meet maturing obligations and its existing commitments, to withstand fluctuations in deposit levels, and to meet maturing obligations and existing commitments. The liquidity of the Company principally depends on cash flows from operating activities, investment in and maturity of assets, changes in balances of deposits and borrowings, and its ability to borrow funds in the money or capital markets.

Net cash inflows from operating activities were \$17.7 million in the first six months of 2007, compared with net cash inflows of \$20.9 million in the first six months of 2006. Interest received, net of interest paid, combined with changes in other assets and liabilities provided \$2.5 million of net operating cash in the first half of 2007. These same categories provided a net inflow of \$4.5 million in the first half of 2006. Management of investing and financing activities, as well as market conditions, determines the level and the stability of net interest cash flows. Management's policy is to mitigate the impact of changes in market interest rates to the extent possible, so that balance sheet growth is a principal determinant of growth in net interest cash flows.

Net cash outflows from investing activities were \$107.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2007, compared to \$43.3 million a year earlier. In the first six months of 2007, securities transactions, including stock, accounted for a net outflow of \$34.8 million, and net principal disbursed on loans accounted for net outflows of \$68.3 million. In the first six months of 2006, securities and stock transactions accounted for a net inflow of \$1.9 million, and net principal disbursed on loans accounted for net outflows of \$42.3 million. Cash outflows for property and equipment were \$3.5 million in 2007 compared to \$2.9 million in the first half of 2006.

Cash inflows from financing activities in the first six months of 2007, were \$84.3 million, which included increases in deposits and repurchase agreements of \$34.1 million and \$17.9 million respectively. In the same period of 2007, other short-term borrowings increased \$40.6 million. The 2007 inflow from the issuance of subordinated debentures was more than offset by the same period purchase of treasury stock, which included but was not limited to, the repurchase of the common shares completed as a result of the previously discussed tender offer. On a comparative basis, the cash inflows from financing activities in 2006 totaled \$44.1 million. The major movements in 2006 included an increase in deposits of \$72.7 million, which was partially offset by net decreases in securities sold under agreement to repurchase and other short-term borrowings of \$14.0 million and \$9.4 million, respectively.

***Interest Rate Risk***

The impact of movements in general market interest rates on a financial institution's financial condition, including capital adequacy, earnings, and liquidity, is known as interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the Company's primary market risk. As a financial institution, accepting and managing this risk is an inherent aspect of the Company's business. However, safe and sound management of interest rate risk requires that it be maintained at prudent levels.

The Company analyzes interest rate risk by examining the extent to which assets and liabilities are interest rate sensitive. The interest sensitivity gap is defined as the difference between the amount of interest earning assets maturing or repricing within a specific time period, and the amount of interest-bearing liabilities maturing or repricing within that time period. A gap is considered positive when the amount of interest sensitive assets exceeds the amount of interest sensitive liabilities. A gap is considered negative when the amount of interest sensitive liabilities exceeds the amount of interest sensitive assets. During a period of rising interest rates, a negative gap would tend to result in a decrease in net interest income, while a positive gap would tend to positively affect net interest income. The Company's policy is



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to manage the balance sheet so that fluctuations in the net interest margin are minimized, regardless of the level of interest rates.

The accompanying table does not necessarily indicate the future impact of general interest rate movements on the Company's net interest income, because the repricing of certain assets and liabilities is discretionary, and is subject to competitive and other pressures. As a result, assets and liabilities indicated as repricing within the same period may in fact reprice at different times and at different rate levels. Assets and liabilities are reported in the earliest time frame in which maturity or repricing may occur. Although securities available for sale are reported in the earliest time frame in which maturity or repricing may occur, these securities may be sold in response to changes in interest rates or liquidity needs.

**Expected Maturity of Interest-Earning Assets and Interest-Bearing Liabilities**

June 30, 2007	Expected Maturity Dates						Total
	1 Year	2 Years	3 Years	4 Years	5 Years	Thereafter	
<b>Interest-earning Assets</b>							
Deposit with financial institutions	\$ 126	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 126
Average interest rate	5.17	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 5.17
Federal funds sold	\$ 18,561	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 18,561
Average interest rate	5.44	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 5.44
Securities (including FHLB/FRB stock)	\$ 87,267	\$ 45,979	\$ 41,402	\$ 17,045	\$ 19,309	\$ 302,592	\$ 513,594
Average interest rate	3.67	% 3.77	% 4.69	% 4.53	% 4.62	% 4.88	% 4.56
Fixed rate loans (including loans held for sale)	\$ 69,900	\$ 141,584	\$ 115,496	\$ 215,291	\$ 161,176	\$ 256,284	\$ 959,731
Average interest rate	8.75	% 6.38	% 6.15	% 6.28	% 7.00	% 6.69	% 6.69
Adjustable rate loans	\$ 225,156	\$ 158,905	\$ 58,529	\$ 13,422	\$ 6,324	\$ 423,802	\$ 886,138
Average interest rate	8.98	% 8.25	% 8.10	% 8.07	% 7.93	% 6.55	% 7.61
Total	\$ 401,010	\$ 346,468	\$ 215,427	\$ 245,758	\$ 186,809	\$ 982,678	\$ 2,378,150
<b>Interest-bearing Liabilities</b>							
Interest-bearing deposits	\$ 1,405,627	\$ 140,752	\$ 27,321	\$ 11,023	\$ 5,611	\$ 247,479	\$ 1,837,813
Average interest rate	4.38	% 4.83	% 4.60	% 4.74	% 4.95	% 1.33	% 4.01
Short-term borrowing	\$ 223,815	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 223,815
Average interest rate	5.23	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 5.23
Note payable	\$ 16,660	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 16,660
Average interest rate	6.22	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 6.22
Junior subordinated debentures(1)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 57,399	\$ 57,399
Average interest rate	0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 0.00	% 7.53	% 7.53
Total	\$ 1,646,102	\$ 140,752	\$ 27,321	\$ 11,023	\$ 5,611	\$ 304,878	\$ 2,135,687
Period gap	\$ (1,245,092)	\$ 205,716	\$ 188,106	\$ 234,735	\$ 181,198	\$ 677,800	\$ 242,463
Cumulative gap	(1,245,092)	(1,039,376)	(851,270)	(616,535)	(435,337)	242,463	

(1) Refer to Note 8 to the financial statements for additional information on discretionary call date options versus stated maturity.



**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of June 30, 2007. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of June 30, 2007, the Company's internal controls were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2007 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

**Forward-looking Statements**

This document (including information incorporated by reference) contains, and future oral and written statements of the Company and its management may contain, forward-looking statements, within the meaning of such term in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business of the Company. Forward-looking statements, which may be based upon beliefs, expectations and assumptions of the Company's management and on information currently available to management, are generally identifiable by the use of words such as believe, expect, anticipate, plan, intend, estimate, will, would, could, should or other similar expressions. Additionally, all statements in this document, including forward-looking statements, speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any statement in light of new information or future events.

The Company's ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. The factors, which could have a material adverse effect on the operations and future prospects of the Company and its subsidiaries are detailed in the Risk Factors section included under Item 1A. of Part I of the Company's Form 10-K. In addition to the risk factors described in that section, there are other factors that may impact any public company, including ours, which could have a material adverse effect on the operations and future prospects of the Company and its subsidiaries. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements.

**PART II - OTHER INFORMATION****Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

The Company and its subsidiaries have, from time to time, collection suits in the ordinary course of business against its debtors and are defendants in legal actions arising from normal business activities. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, believes that the ultimate liabilities, if any, resulting from those actions will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries.

**Item 1.A. Risk Factors**

There have been no material changes from the risk factors set forth in Part I, Item 1.A. Risk Factors, of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. Please refer to that section of the Company's Form 10-K for disclosures regarding the risks and uncertainties related to the Company's business.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

<b>Tender Offer Date(1)</b>	<b>Tender Price Paid Per Share</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Plan</b>	<b>Remaining Number of Shares Authorized for Purchase Under the Plan</b>
April 17, 2007	\$ 30.00	973,251	None

(1) This transaction was pursuant to the publicly announced tender offer that was consummated May 24, 2007 where stockholders were paid \$29,197,530.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

None.

**Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Company was held on April 17, 2007. At the meeting, stockholders voted to elect four nominees to the board of directors having staggered terms of service and to transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting or any postponements or adjournments of the meeting.

At the meeting, the stockholders elected Edward Bonifas, Mary Krasner, William Meyer and William Skoglund to serve as directors with their terms expiring in 2010. J. Douglas Cheatham, James Eccher, D. Chet McKee, Gerald Palmer, and James Schmitz will continue as directors with their terms expiring in 2009. Marvin Fagel, Barry Finn, William Kane, Kenneth Lindgren and Jesse Mayberry will continue as directors with their terms expiring in 2008. The matters approved by stockholders at the meeting and the number of votes cast for, against or withheld (as well as the number of abstentions) as to each matter are set forth in the following table:

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NOMINEE	FOR	WITHHOLD
Edward Bonifas	11,204,577	316,471
Mary Krasner	11,108,631	412,411
William Meyer	11,196,561	324,487
William Skoglund	11,176,550	344,498

**Item 5.** Other Information

None.

**Item 6.** Exhibits

**Exhibits:**

- 10.1 Indenture between Old Second Bancorp, Inc. as issuer, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee, dated as of April 30, 2007 (filed as exhibit 99 (b) (2) to Old Second Bancorp, Inc. s Amendment No. 1 to Schedule TO filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 2, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.2 Promissory note made to the benefit of M & I Marshall & Ilsley Bank filed as exhibit 10.2 to the Company s Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference.
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

OLD SECOND BANCORP, INC.

BY: /s/ William B. Skoglund  
William B. Skoglund  
  
Chairman of the Board, Director  
President and Chief Executive Officer  
(principal executive officer)

BY: /s/ J. Douglas Cheatham  
J. Douglas Cheatham  
  
Executive Vice-President and  
Chief Financial Officer, Director  
(principal financial officer)

DATE: August 9, 2007