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NEW VISUAL CORP
Form 10-Q
March 17, 2003

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2003

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 0-21785

NEW VISUAL CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

UTAH
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

95-4543704
(I.R.S. employer
identification no.)

5920 FRIARS ROAD, SUITE 104
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92108
(Address of principal executive offices,
including zip code)

(619) 692-0333
(Registrant's telephone number,
including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of
1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the
registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such
filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

The number of shares of the issuer's Common Stock, par value \$.001 per
share, outstanding as of March 14, 2003, was 59,858,651.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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ITEM I - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

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ASSETS

	January 31, 2003	October 31, 2002
	----- (Unaudited)	-----
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$ 3,056	\$ 311,57
Receivable from officers	10,032	10,03
Other current assets	10,433	1,65
	-----	-----
Total Current Assets	23,521	323,25
Property and Equipment - Net	56,229	64,53
Technology License and Capitalized Software Development Fee	5,751,000	5,751,00
Projects under Development	2,178,831	2,178,83
Other Assets	14,679	14,67
	-----	-----
Total Assets	\$ 8,024,260	\$ 8,332,30
	=====	=====

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current Liabilities:		
Convertible notes payable	\$ 907,500	\$ 954,50
Notes payable	771,407	971,40
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,895,770	2,247,69
License and development fees payable	543,000	734,00
	-----	-----
Total Liabilities	4,117,677	4,907,60
Redeemable Series B Preferred Stock	3,192,000	3,192,00
	-----	-----
Commitments, Contingencies and Other Matters		
Stockholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock - \$0.01 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized; Series A junior participating preferred stock; -0- shares issued and outstanding	--	--
Common stock - \$0.001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 52,901,974 and 49,787,069 shares issued and outstanding at January 31, 2003 and October 31, 2002, respectively	52,903	49,78
Additional paid-in capital	46,997,854	47,097,83
Unearned financing fees	(134,345)	(214,95)
Unearned compensation	(8,676)	(331,58)
Accumulated deficit at October 31, 1999	(12,300,033)	(12,300,03)
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(33,893,120)	(34,068,35)
	-----	-----
Total Stockholders' Equity	714,583	232,69
	-----	-----
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 8,024,260	\$ 8,332,30
	=====	=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months Ended January 31,		For the Period f November 1, 1999
	2003	2002	January 31, 2003
REVENUES	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 12,200
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Cost of sales	--	--	21,403
Projects costs written-off	--	--	114,613
Acquired in-process research and development expenses	--	--	6,050,000
Compensatory element of stock issuances related to selling, general and administrative expenses	605,155	702,407	9,881,749
Research and development	40,000	329,113	2,993,324
Selling, general and administrative expenses	498,728	671,614	10,183,219
Litigation settlement	--	--	1,000,000
Loss on disposal of equipment	--	--	7,500
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,143,883	1,703,134	30,251,808
OPERATING LOSS	(1,143,883)	(1,703,134)	(30,239,608)
OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSES:			
Interest expense	61,391	157,843	1,454,183
Amortization of unearned financing costs	93,492	80,607	3,673,329
Unusual item - Gain on litigation settlement	(1,474,000)	--	(1,474,000)
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES (INCOME)	(1,319,117)	238,450	3,653,512
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 175,234	\$ (1,941,584)	\$ (33,893,120)
NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE:			
Basic	\$.00	\$ (.06)	
Diluted	\$.00	\$ (.06)	
AVERAGE COMMON AND COMMON EQUIVALENT SHARES:			
Basic	41,652,310	32,479,898	
Diluted	51,810,248	32,479,898	

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY
(UNAUDITED)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2003

	Common Stock		Add P C
	Shares	Amount	
Three Months Ended January 31, 2003:			
Balance - October 31, 2002	49,787,069	\$ 49,787	\$ 4
Issuance of common stock for cash (\$.15 to \$.35 per share)	4,328,587	4,329	
Issuance of common stock for conversion of promissory notes and interest	475,733	476	
Issuance of common stock in payment of deferred payroll	88,710	89	
Issuance of common stock under consulting agreements	421,875	422	
Cancellation of shares under legal settlement	(2,200,000)	(2,200)	
Stock offering cost	--	--	
Value assigned to beneficial conversion	--	--	
Value assigned to warrants issued to consultant	--	--	
Amortization of unearned compensation expense	--	--	
Amortization of unearned financing cost	--	--	
Net income	--	--	
Balance - January 31, 2003	52,901,974	\$ 52,903	\$ 4
		Unearned Financing Costs	U Com
Three Months Ended January 31, 2003:			
Balance - October 31, 2002		\$ (214,952)	\$
Issuance of common stock for cash (\$.15 to \$.35 per share)		--	
Issuance of common stock for conversion of promissory notes and interest		--	
Issuance of common stock in payment of deferred payroll		--	
Issuance of common stock under consulting agreements		--	
Cancellation of shares under legal settlement		--	
Stock offering cost		--	
Value assigned to beneficial conversion		(12,885)	
Value assigned to warrants issued to consultant		--	
Amortization of unearned compensation expense		--	
Amortization of unearned financing cost		93,492	
Net income		--	
Balance - January 31, 2003		\$ (134,345)	\$

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See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
 (A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY
 (UNAUDITED)
 FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2003

	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Deficiency
	-----	-----
Three Months Ended January 31, 2003:		

Balance - October 31, 2002	\$ (46,368,387)	\$ 232,697
Issuance of common stock for cash (\$.15 to \$.35 per share)	--	908,406
Issuance of common stock for conversion of promissory notes and interest	--	198,001
Issuance of common stock in payment of deferred payroll	--	55,000
Issuance of common stock under consulting agreements	--	245,250
Cancellation of shares under legal settlement	--	(1,474,000)
Stock offering cost	--	(79,402)
Value assigned to beneficial conversion	--	--
Value assigned to warrants issued to consultant	--	--
Amortization of unearned compensation expense	--	359,905
Amortization of unearned financing cost	--	93,492
Net Income	175,234	175,234
	-----	-----
Balance - January 31, 2003	\$ (46,193,153)	\$ 714,583
	=====	=====
Accumulated deficit as of November 1, 1999	\$ (12,300,033)	
Accumulated deficit during development stage (November 1, 1999 to January 31, 2003)	(33,893,120)	

Total Accumulated Deficit as of January 31, 2003	\$ (46,193,153)	
	=====	

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See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2003 AND 2002
AND THE PERIOD FROM NOVEMBER 1, 1999 TO JANUARY 31, 2003

	For the Three Months Ended January 31,		For the Peri November 1, January 31,
	2003	2002	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income (loss)	\$ 175,234	\$ (1,941,584)	\$ (33,893,
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Consulting fees and other compensatory elements of stock issuances	605,155	702,407	9,852,
Stock issued for litigation settlement	--	--	1,000,
Loss on disposal of equipment	--	--	7,
Projects costs written-off	--	--	114,
Amortization of unearned financing costs	93,492	80,607	3,673,
Depreciation	8,304	20,732	301,
Stock issued for acquired in-process research and development	--	--	6,050,
Unusual item - Gain on litigation settlement	(1,474,000)	--	(1,474,
(Increase) decrease from changes in:			
Other current assets	(8,782)	(8,670)	(53,
Due from related parties	--	(33,402)	64,
Other assets	--	(298)	(9,
Increase (decrease) from changes in:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(230,928)	(142,664)	2,367,
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(831,525)	(1,322,872)	(11,998,
CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property and equipment	--	1,083	(408,
Proceeds from sale of equipment	--	--	145,
Projects under development	--	(801)	(2,159,
Acquisition of license	(191,000)	--	(1,266,
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(191,000)	282	(3,688,
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	908,406	513,001	11,708,
Offering costs related to stock issuances	(79,402)	--	(326,
Proceeds from notes payable	--	145,000	1,456,
Proceeds from the issuance of convertible notes payable	85,000	312,500	2,495,

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Repayments of notes payable	(200,000)	--	(700,000)
Proceeds from exercise of options and warrants	--	143,000	993,000
	-----	-----	-----
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	714,004	1,113,501	15,627,000
	-----	-----	-----
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(308,521)	(209,089)	(59,000)
	-----	-----	-----
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	311,577	294,802	62,000
	-----	-----	-----
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ 3,056	\$ 85,713	\$ 3,000
	=====	=====	=====

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2003 AND 2002
AND THE PERIOD FROM NOVEMBER 1, 1999 TO JANUARY 31, 2003

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

	For the Three Months Ended January 31,		For the Period from November 1, 1999 to January 31, 2003
	2003	2002	
	-----	-----	-----
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 526
	=====	=====	=====
Income taxes	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --
	=====	=====	=====
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:			
Shares of common stock issued in the conversion of notes payable and accrued interest	\$ 198,000	\$ --	\$ 2,381,626
	=====	=====	=====
Common stock issued for acquisition of license	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 750,000
	=====	=====	=====
Redeemable Series B Preferred stock issued for acquisition of license	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 3,192,000
	=====	=====	=====

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See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1- PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION AND BUSINESS AND CONTINUED OPERATIONS

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of New Visual Corporation and its wholly-owned operating subsidiaries, NV Entertainment, Inc., Impact Multimedia, Inc. and NV Technology, Inc. (formerly New Wheel Technology, Inc.) ("New Wheel") (collectively, the "Company"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

BUSINESS AND CONTINUED OPERATIONS

New Visual Corporation was incorporated under the laws of the State of Utah on December 5, 1985.

In November of 1999, the Company began to focus its business activities on the development of new content telecommunications technologies. Pursuant to such plan, in February of 2000, the Company acquired New Wheel Technology, Inc., a development stage, California-based, technology company, which now operates as the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, NV Technology, Inc., a Delaware corporation. As a result of the change in business focus, the Company became a development stage entity commencing November 1, 1999.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplate continuation of the Company as a going concern. However, for the three months ended January 31, 2003, the Company incurred a net operating loss of approximately \$1,144,000 and had a working capital deficiency of \$4,094,156. The Company has limited finances and requires additional funding in order to accomplish its growth objectives and marketing of its products and services. There is no assurance that the Company can reverse its operating losses, or that it can raise additional capital to allow it to expand its planned operations. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company operates in two business segments, the production of motion pictures, films and videos (entertainment segment) and development of new content telecommunications technologies (telecommunication segment). The success of the Company's entertainment business is

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dependent on future revenues from the Company's current joint venture production agreement to produce a feature-length film for theatrical distribution.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1- PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION AND BUSINESS AND CONTINUED OPERATIONS
(CONTINUED)

BUSINESS AND CONTINUED OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

The success of the Company's telecommunication segment is dependent upon the successful completion of development and marketing of its broadband technology. No assurance can be given that the Company can complete such technology, or that it can commercialize it on a large scale basis or at a feasible cost. No assurance can be given that such technology will receive market acceptance.

Until the commencement of sales from either segment, the Company will have no operating revenues, but will continue to incur substantial operating expenses, capitalized costs and operating losses.

Management's business plan will require additional financing. To support its operations during the three months ended January 31, 2003, the Company borrowed \$85,000 from two individuals and issued convertible promissory notes.

During the three months ended January 31, 2003, the Company received \$908,406 from the sale of 4,328,587 shares of its common stock. The Company is exploring other financing alternatives, including private placements and public offerings.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining additional financing. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability of recorded asset amounts that might be necessary as a result of the above uncertainty.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation, have been included. Operating results for the three-month period ended January 31, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending October 31, 2003.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet at October 31, 2002 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements at that

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date, but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1- PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION AND BUSINESS AND CONTINUED OPERATIONS
(CONTINUED)

BUSINESS AND CONTINUED OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2002.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

PROJECT UNDER DEVELOPMENT

Statement of Positions SOP-00-2, "Accounting by Producers or Distributors of Films" ("SOP-00-2"), requires that film costs be capitalized and reported as a separate asset on the balance sheet. Film costs include all direct negative costs incurred in the production of a film, as well as allocations of production overhead and capitalized interest. Direct negative costs include cost of scenario, story, compensation of cast, directors, producers, writers, extras and staff, cost of set construction, wardrobe, accessories, sound synchronization, rental of facilities on location and post production costs. SOP-00-2 also requires that film costs be amortized and participation costs accrued, using the individual-film-forecast-method-computation method, which amortizes or accrues such costs in the same ratio that the current period actual revenue (numerator) bears to the estimated remaining unrecognized ultimate revenue as of the beginning of the fiscal year (denominator).

In addition, SOP-00-2 also requires that if an event or change in circumstances indicates that an entity should assess whether the fair value of a film is less than its unamortized film costs, then an entity should determine the fair value of the film and write-off to the statement of operations the amount by which the unamortized capital costs exceeds the film's fair value. The Company adopted the standard effective November 1, 2001, which did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

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The Company commences amortization of capitalized film costs and accrues expenses of participation costs when a film is released and it begins to recognize revenue from the film.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
NOTES CONDENSED TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred. Amounts allocated to acquired-in-process research and development costs from business combinations are charged to earnings at the consummation of the acquisition.

NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

The Company has reported its earnings in accordance with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share". Basic net income per common share is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per common share is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period, including common stock equivalents. The calculation of net income per common share is as follows:

	Three Months Ended January 31,	
	2003	2002
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ 175,234 =====	\$ (1,941,584) =====
Average common shares outstanding - basic	41,652,310	32,479,898
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Stock options	559,649	--
Stock warrants	131,228	--
Convertible notes payable	2,212,516	--
Series B Preferred stock	7,254,545	--
	-----	-----
Average common shares outstanding - diluted	51,810,248 =====	32,479,898 =====
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$.00	\$ (.06)
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted	\$.00	\$ (.06)

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For purposes of computing diluted net income per common share, weighted average common share equivalents do not include stock options with an exercise price that exceeds the average fair market value of the Company's common stock for the period (i.e., "out-of-the-money" options). On January 31, 2003 and 2002, options and warrants to purchase common shares of 5,801,601 and 3,011,715, respectively, were excluded from the computation.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

CAPITALIZED SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Capitalization of computer software development costs begins upon the establishment of technological feasibility. Technological feasibility for the Company's computer software is generally based upon achievement of a detail program design free of high risk development issues and the completion of research and development on the product hardware in which it is to be used. The establishment of technological feasibility and the ongoing assessment of recoverability of capitalized computer software development costs requires considerable judgment by management with respect to certain external factors, including, but not limited to, technological feasibility, anticipated future gross revenue, estimated economic life and changes in software and hardware technology.

Amortization of capitalized computer software development costs commences when the related products become available for general release to customers. Amortization is provided on a product by product basis. The annual amortization is the greater of the amount computed using (a) the ratio that current gross revenue for a product bears to the total of current and anticipated future gross revenue for that product, or (b) the straight-line method over the remaining estimated economic life of the product.

The Company periodically performs reviews of the recoverability of such capitalized software costs. At the time a determination is made that capitalized amounts are not recoverable based on the estimated cash flows to be generated from the applicable software, the capitalized costs of each software product is then valued at the lower of its remaining unamortized costs or net realizable value.

The Company has no amortization expense for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and 2002 for its capitalized software development costs.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company follows Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (SFAS No. 123), "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". SFAS 123 establishes accounting and reporting standards for stock-based employee compensation plans. This statement allows companies to choose between

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the "fair value-based method of accounting" as defined in this statement and the "intrinsic value-based method of accounting" as prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 (APB 25), "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees". The Company has elected to continue to follow the accounting guidance provided by APB 25 for stock compensation issued to employees or directors, as permitted. Stock compensation issued to non-employees/directors is accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 123.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

Pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of", the Company evaluates its long-lived assets for financial impairment, and continues to evaluate them as events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be fully recoverable.

The Company evaluates the recoverability of long-lived assets by measuring the carrying amount of the assets against the estimated undiscounted future cash flows associated with them. At the time such evaluations indicate that the future undiscounted cash flows of certain long-lived assets are not sufficient to recover the carrying value of such assets, the assets are adjusted to their fair values.

SEGMENT REPORTING

Effective January 1, 1998, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." SFAS No. 131 establishes standards for the way public enterprises report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requires those enterprises to report selected information about operating segments in interim financial reports issued to stockholders.

RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In April 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 145, "Rescission of SFAS Statement No. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections". SFAS No. 145 requires that gains and losses from extinguishment of debt be classified as extraordinary items only if they meet the criteria in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30 ("Opinion No. 30"). Applying the provisions of Opinion No. 30 will distinguish transactions that are part of an entity's recurring

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operations from those that are unusual and infrequent that meet the criteria for classification as an extraordinary item. The Company is required to adopt SFAS No. 145 no later than the first quarter of fiscal 2003, although early adoption is allowed. The Company has not yet evaluated the impact from SFAS No. 145 on its financial position and results of operations.

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NEW VISUAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." SFAS No. 146 addresses accounting and reporting for costs associated with exit or disposal activities and nullifies Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (Including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)". SFAS No. 146 requires that a liability for a cost associated with an exit or disposal activity be recognized and measured initially at fair value when the liability is incurred. SFAS No. 146 is effective for exit or disposal activities that are initiated after December 31, 2002, with early application encouraged. The Company does not expect the adoption of this statement to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, GUARANTOR'S ACCOUNTING AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR GUARANTEES, INCLUDING INDIRECT GUARANTEES OF INDEBTEDNESS OF OTHERS ("FIN 45"). FIN 45 requires a company, at the time it issues a guarantee, to recognize an initial liability for the fair value of obligations assumed under the guarantee and elaborates on existing disclosure requirements related to guarantees and warranties. The initial recognition requirements of FIN 45 are effective for guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002 and adoption of the disclosure requirements are effective for the Company during the first quarter ending January 31, 2003. Adoption of FIN 45 during the first quarter ending January 31, 2003 did not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

On December 31, 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure. Statement 148 amends SFAS Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, to provide alternative methods of transition to SFAS No. 123's fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. Statement 148 also amends the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123 and APB Opinion No. 28, Interim Financial Reporting, to require disclosure in the summary of significant accounting policies of the effects of an entity's accounting policy with respect to stock-based employee compensation on reported net income and earnings per share in annual and interim financial statements. While the statement does not amend SFAS No. 123 to require companies to account for employee stock options

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using the fair value method, the disclosure provisions of SFAS 148 are applicable to all companies with stock-based employee compensation, regardless of whether they account for that compensation using the fair value method of SFAS No. 123, or the intrinsic value method of APB Opinion 25. The Company will continue to account for stock-based compensation according to APB 25, while its adoption of SFAS No. 148 requires the Company to provide prominent disclosures about the effect of SFAS No. 123 on reported income and will require the Company to disclose these effects in the interim financial statements as well.

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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

In January 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46 ("FIN 46"), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of ARB No. 51." FIN 46 requires certain variable interest entities to be consolidated by the primary beneficiary of the entity if the equity investors in the entity do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. FIN 46 is effective for all new variable interest entities created or acquired after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities created or acquired prior to February 1, 2003, the provisions of FIN 46 must be applied for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2003. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of FIN 46 will have on its results of operations and financial condition.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	At January 31, 2003	At October 31, 2002
	-----	-----
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 54,097	\$ 54,097
Camera equipment	298,165	298,165
Office equipment	109,430	109,430
	-----	-----
	461,692	461,692
Less: Accumulated depreciation	405,463	397,159
	-----	-----
Total	\$ 56,229	\$ 64,533
	=====	=====

For the three months ended January 31, 2003 and 2002, depreciation expense was \$8,304 and \$20,732, respectively.

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NOTE 4 - TECHNOLOGY LICENSE AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

On April 17, 2002, the Company entered into a development and license agreement with Adaptive Networks, Inc. ("ANI") to acquire a worldwide, perpetual license to ANI's Powerstream technology, intellectual property, and patent portfolio for use in products relating to all applications in the field of the copper telephone wire telecommunications network. In consideration of the grant of the license, the Company assumed certain debt obligations of ANI to Zaiq Technologies, Inc. ("Zaiq") and TLSI, Inc. ("TLSI"). The Company then issued 3,192 shares of its Series B Preferred Stock, valued at \$3,192,000, with a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share and paid \$250,000 in cash to Zaiq in satisfaction of the Zaiq debt. The Company also issued 624,480 shares of common stock, valued at \$750,000, to TLSI in satisfaction of the TLSI debt. The value of the consideration issued by the Company in connection with the license agreement totaled \$4,192,000.

The Company also agreed to pay ANI a development fee of \$1,559,000 for software development services and to pay ANI a royalty equal to a percentage of the net sales of products sold by the Company and license revenue received by the Company. As of January 31, 2003, \$543,000 of this development fee was outstanding.

The Company capitalized the consideration issued in connection with the license fee and development fee totaling \$5,751,000. The Company's technical employees and advisors concluded that as of March 2002 the Company had established technological feasibility for its ultimate telecommunication product to be marketed. Additional development services and testing, to be performed principally by ANI, are necessary to complete the product development.

The success of the Company's telecommunication segment is dependent upon the successful completion of development and testing of its broadband technology currently under development by its wholly-owned subsidiary, NV Technology, Inc. No assurance can be given that the Company can complete development of such technology, or that with respect to such technology that is fully developed, it can be commercialized on a large scale basis or at a feasible cost. No assurance can be given that such technology will receive market acceptance.

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(A DEVELOPMENT-STAGE COMPANY COMMENCING NOVEMBER 1, 1999)
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 5 - PROJECT UNDER DEVELOPMENT

In April 2000, the Company entered into a joint venture production agreement to produce a feature length film for theatrical distribution. The Company agreed to provide the funding for the production in the amount of \$2,250,000 and, in exchange, received a 50% share in all net profits from worldwide distribution and merchandising, after receiving funds equal to its initial investment of up to \$2,250,000. The Company's management currently expects to receive revenue from the film in three categories. These categories are upfront distribution licenses, product or title sponsorships, and, of course, box-office ticket sales. As of January 31, 2003, the Company has funded approximately \$2,179,000 of production and other costs, which was included in projects under development in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. As of January 31, 2003, the film was completed. Management of the Company expects to sign a distribution agreement during the year ended October 31, 2003. No amortization of the capitalized film cost was necessary for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and 2002.

NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following:

	At January 31, 2003	At October 31, 2002
	-----	-----
Deferred officers compensation	\$ 157,393	\$ 181,596
Accrued bonuses and payroll	381,727	334,307
Professional fees	429,984	623,044
Interest payable	534,287	541,350
Consulting fees	50,109	62,018
Miscellaneous	342,270	505,383
	-----	-----
	\$ 1,895,770	\$ 2,247,698
	=====	=====

NOTE 7 - CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE

During the three months ended January 31, 2003, the Company entered into two convertible promissory note agreements with two individuals, totalling \$85,000. The Company agreed to pay the principal and an amount equal to 50% of the principal sum if the Company reaches a certain milestone from the distribution of its motion picture, which is currently in production. The notes may be converted at any time, in whole or in part, into that number of fully paid and non-assessable shares of common stock at a conversion price ranging from \$.42 to \$.43. During the three months ended January 31, 2003, five convertible promissory notes were converted to 475,733 shares of the Company's common stock, totalling \$198,000, of which \$66,000 represented accrued interest.

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NOTE 7 - CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

As of January 31, 2003, the outstanding amount for the above notes was \$1,361,250, which included \$453,750 of accrued interest expense.

The two convertible note agreements that were entered into during the quarter ended January 31, 2003 are convertible into common stock at a conversion rate lower than the market price at the issuance of the convertible notes. Therefore, as of January 31, 2003, the value of such beneficial conversion feature was \$12,885 and such amount was charged to financing costs during the three months ended January 31, 2003.

NOTE 8 - NOTES PAYABLE

On November 4, 2002, the Company repaid \$200,000 under a promissory note agreement entered on October 29, 2002.

NOTE 9 - REDEEMABLE SERIES B PREFERRED STOCK

On April 10, 2002, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation and designated 4,000 shares of its authorized preferred stock as Series B Preferred Stock, par value \$.01 per share, with a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share.

The Series B Preferred Stock is mandatorily redeemable by the Company at the liquidation preference as follows:

- (i) Closing of financing transaction of at least \$15 million.
- (ii) Closing of a corporate transaction, (such as a merger, consolidation, reorganization, sale of significant assets, etc.) resulting in a change of control.
- (iii) In the event the Company completes a financing, which is at least \$3 million but less than \$15 million, the Company must partially redeem the Series B Preferred Stock based on a fraction, the numerator of which is the net cash proceeds received by the Company as a result of the financing transaction, and the denominator of which is \$15 million.
- (iv) The Company is obligated to redeem any outstanding Series B Preferred Stock at its liquidation preference, in eight equal quarterly payments, commencing on March 31, 2005 and ending on December 31, 2006.

Holders of Series B Preferred Stock are entitled to receive dividends if, as and when declared by the Company's Board of Directors in preference to the holders of its common stock and of any other stock ranking junior to the Series B Preferred Stock with respect to dividends.

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NOTE 9 - REDEEMABLE SERIES B PREFERRED STOCK (CONTINUED)

The Company cannot declare or pay any dividend or make any distribution on its common stock unless a dividend or distribution of at least two times the dividend paid on the common stock is also paid on the Series B Preferred Stock. Holders of Series B Preferred Stock are also entitled to share pro-rata (based on the aggregate liquidation preference) in any dividend, redemption or other distribution made to any other series of the Company's preferred stock. The Series B Preferred Stock does not have voting rights, except as required by law.

Each share of the Series B Preferred Stock is convertible into shares of the Company's common stock by dividing \$1,000 by the conversion price. The conversion price is the fair market value of the Company's common stock at the time of conversion, but not to be less than \$.34 per share, subject to adjustment, and not to exceed \$4.00 per share, subject to adjustment. Based on the January 31, 2003 closing stock price of the common stock, the Series B Preferred Stock would be convertible into 7,254,545 shares of common stock. Holders of the Series B Preferred Stock were granted piggy-back registration rights to register common shares reserved for such conversion.

In April 2002, the Company issued 3,192 shares of its Series B Preferred Stock, with redemption and liquidation preference of \$3,192,000, in connection with a development and license agreement discussed in Note 4. As of October 31, 2002, there were 4,000 authorized shares Series B Preferred Stock and 3,192 shares issued and outstanding. Based on the redemption term, the Series B Preferred Stock is not included in stockholders' equity.

NOTE 10 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

2003 CONSULTANT STOCK PLAN

On January 30, 2003, the Company adopted its 2003 Consultant Stock Plan to promote the interests of the Company, its affiliated entities and its stockholders by using investment interests in the Company to attract, retain and motivate certain outside consultants, to encourage and reward such persons' contributions to the performance of the Company and to align their interests with the interests of the Company's stockholders. The Company's employees, officers and directors are not eligible to receive awards under this Plan. The maximum number of shares of common stock reserved and available for issuance under this Plan is 6,000,000, subject to adjustment. The 2003 Consultant Stock Plan is administered by the Board of Directors. Only non-qualified stock options may be issued under this plan. The exercise price for each stock option is determined by the Board of Directors as of the date such stock option is granted. The Board of Directors may grant stock options under the plan that may be exercised for a period of up to ten years.

SIGNIFICANT COMMON STOCK ISSUANCES DURING THE THREE MONTHS ENDED

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JANUARY 31, 2003

During the quarter ended January 31, 2003, the Company received approximately \$908,406 for the issuance of 4,328,587 shares of common stock to investors.

During the quarter ended January 31, 2003, the Company issued 421,875 shares of its common stock, in connection with various consulting agreements and services, in satisfaction of \$245,250 in consulting expenses. As of January 31, 2003, \$245,250 was charged to operations.

During the quarter ended January 31, 2003, the Company issued 88,710 shares of common stock to two officers of the Company in satisfaction of \$55,000 in accrued compensation.

During the quarter ended January 31, 2003, 2.2 million shares of the Company's common stock previously issued to the former owners of New Wheel and former officers of the Company were returned to the Company, resulting in a non-cash gain of \$1,474,000.

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NOTE 10 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED)

STOCK OPTIONS

A summary of the Company's stock option activity and related information follows:

	In the Plan Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Outside the Plan Stock Options
	-----	-----	-----
Outstanding - October 31, 2002	2,168,750	\$ 1.29	4,192,500
Options granted - 11/02 - 01/31/03:			
In the Plans	--	--	--
Options granted - 11/02 - 01/31/03:			
Outside the Plans	--	--	1,500,000
Options forfeited:			
In the Plans	--	--	--
Outside the Plans	--	--	(1,500,000)
	-----	-----	-----
Outstanding - January 31, 2003	2,168,750	\$ 1.29	4,192,500
	=====	=====	=====
Exercisable at January 31:			
2003	1,688,125	\$ 1.01	2,659,167
2004	1,949,688	\$ 1.22	3,175,833
2005	2,168,750	\$ 1.29	3,692,500

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2006 2,168,750 \$ 1.29 4,192,500

The exercise price for options outstanding as of January 31, 2003 ranged from \$.39 to \$4.40.

Had the Company elected to recognize compensation cost based on the fair value of the options at the date of grant, as prescribed by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," net loss as of January 31, 2003 would have been \$522,098, or \$.01 per share.

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NOTE 10 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED)

WARRANTS

On November 21, 2002, the Company granted a company warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$.25. The warrants vested immediately and expire on November 21, 2007. The fair value of stock warrants estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model is \$.37 per share, or \$37,000.

At January 31, 2003, the Company had outstanding warrants to purchase shares of common stock as follows:

Grant Date	Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiration Date
-----	-----	-----	----
June 7, 2000	50,000	\$ 7.00	June 7, 2003
June 7, 2000	50,000	8.50	June 7, 2003
June 7, 2000	50,000	10.00	June 7, 2003
June 7, 2000	50,000	11.50	June 7, 2003
November 17, 2000	1,000,000	6.00	November 17, 2003
November 17, 2000	88,000	Lesser of \$6.00 or 50% of market (\$.44 at 01/31/03)	November 17, 2003
March 12, 2001	67,586	5.10	March 12, 2004
March 12, 2001	87,357	4.02	March 12, 2004
June 14, 2001	50,000	2.50	June 14, 2006
June 14, 2001	25,000	5.00	June 14, 2006
June 14, 2001	25,000	10.00	June 14, 2006
November 5, 2001	200,000	.51	November 5, 2005
February 11, 2002	50,000	.75	February 11, 2004
February 11, 2002	50,000	1.25	February 11, 2004
February 11, 2002	100,000	1.75	February 11, 2004
February 11, 2002	100,000	2.25	February 11, 2004
July 30, 2002	1,000,000	.75	May 30, 2007

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November 21, 2002	100,000	.25	November 20, 2007
	-----	-----	
	3,142,943	\$0.22-\$11.50	June 7, 2003 - October 1, 2006
	=====	=====	
Exercisable at			
January 31, 2003	3,142,943		
	=====		

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NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

SUBSTANTIAL ISSUANCES AFTER JANUARY 31, 2003 THROUGH MARCH 5, 2003

Sale of common stock for cash	4,101,369
	=====
Issuance of common stock for consulting fees	3,000,000
	=====
Warrants to purchase common stock	500,000
	=====
Cashless exercise of warrants	40,476
	=====

NEW EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

On December 2, 2002, the Company entered into a new three-year employment agreement with its Chief Marketing Officer replacing the executive's former employment agreement. Under the terms of the new agreement, the executive became the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer and receives a base salary of \$20,833 per month. In addition, the employment agreement provides that the executive is entitled to receive an annual bonus at the discretion of the Board of Directors of the Company. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the executive was issued options to purchase 1,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock at \$.64 per share. The options vest in twelve equal, quarterly installments starting March 1, 2003. The options expire on December 2, 2012.

NEW CONSULTING AGREEMENTS

In January 2003, the Company entered into a one-year consulting agreement for financial consulting services, pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock to a principal of the consultant. The consulting agreement provides that either party may terminate the consulting services at any time upon thirty days' written notice to the other party. On February 4, 2003, 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock were issued.

In January 2003, the Company entered into a one-year consulting agreement for financial consulting services, pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue to each of two principals of the consultant 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The consulting

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agreement provides that either party may terminate the consulting services at any time upon thirty days' written notice to the other party. On February 5, 2003, 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock were issued.

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NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

LEGAL DISPUTES AND SETTLEMENTS

Gary Tomsic Dispute

In August 1998, the Company authorized the issuance to Gary Tomsic of an option to purchase 130,000 shares of the Company's common stock in satisfaction of monies owed to Tomsic for services rendered to the Company. Tomsic exercised the option in 1999 and 55,000 shares were delivered. A dispute arose between the parties concerning their respective obligations, but did not result in litigation. In December 2002, the Company and Tomsic entered into a settlement agreement and mutual release. In accordance with the settlement agreement, the Company paid \$15,000 to Tomsic and issued to him 51,562 shares of common stock valued at \$23,203 during the quarter ended January 31, 2003.

Brad Lundahl Dispute

On August 2, 2002, a lawsuit was filed in California Superior Court in Santa Clara County against New Visual Corporation and NV Technology, by Brad Lundahl (d/b/a Lundahl Engineering) alleging that the Company breached a contract for consulting services it entered into with Mr. Lundahl in July 2000, by failing to pay Mr. Lundahl for his services as provided under the agreement. The lawsuit sought to compel arbitration based upon a provision mandating arbitration contained in the contract in question. On February 10, 2003, the Company agreed to a settlement of this dispute. The settlement called for payments to the plaintiff totalling \$40,000, which was accrued during the three months ended January 31, 2003 to be made in the fiscal quarter ending April 30, 2003, and ends all claims associated with this matter.

Douglas Furth Dispute

In September 2002, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Douglas Furth, pursuant to which, among other things, Mr. Furth agreed to provide certain consulting services and the Company agreed to pay for these services by, among other things, issuing 200,000 shares of common stock. A dispute arose between the parties concerning their respective obligations, but did not result in litigation. In December 2002, the Company and the individual entered into a settlement

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agreement and mutual release. In accordance with the settlement agreement, Mr. Furth is to receive 150,000 shares of common stock which was valued at \$69,000 in three equal installments due on January 15, February 10 and March 10, 2003. The settlement agreement cancelled the consulting agreement and provided for additional shares to be issued in the event of any failure to perform by the Company.

Blevins and Shepperd Settlement

On June 28, 2002, the Company entered into a settlement agreement and mutual releases in certain litigation filed by the former owners of New Wheel and former officers of the Company ("Blevins and Shepperd"). Under the terms of the settlement agreement, Blevins and Shepperd agreed to return to the Company 2.2 million shares of the Company's common stock previously issued to them in connection with the acquisition of New Wheel.

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NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

LEGAL DISPUTES AND SETTLEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Blevins and Shepperd Settlement, continued

The return of the 2.2 million common shares is conditioned on the Company, or its assignee, purchasing from Blevins and Shepperd a total of 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock for \$375,000, payable in four equal installments of \$93,750, due on August 1, 2002, September 15, 2002, November 1, 2002 during the quarter ended January 31, 2003.

The Company assigned to a third party all of its rights to purchase the 500,000 shares of common stock. As of January 31, 2003, \$375,000 was paid to Blevins and Shepperd. Accordingly, in December of 2002, the 2.2 million shares of common stock were returned to the Company and were subsequently cancelled, resulting in an unusual non-cash gain of \$1,474,000.

NOTE 12 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

Summarized financial information concerning the Company's reportable segments is shown in the following table:

For the Three Months Ended January 31, 2003:

	Telecommunication Business	Entertainment Business	Unallocated	Tot
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net Sales	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$

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Operating Loss	\$ (40,000)	\$ --	\$ (1,103,883)	\$ (1,103,883)
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 84,164	\$ 3,062	\$ 1,145	\$ 87,371
Total Identifiable Assets	\$ 5,766,084	\$ 2,232,069	\$ 26,107	\$ 8,024,260

For the Three Months Ended January 31, 2002:

	Telecommunication Business	Entertainment Business	Unallocated	Tot
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net Sales	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --
Operating Loss	\$ (329,113)	\$ --	\$ (1,374,021)	\$ (1,703,134)
Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 84,276	\$ 3,898	\$ 13,165	\$ 101,339
Total Identifiable Assets	\$ 57,096	\$ 2,069,170	\$ 477,298	\$ 2,603,564

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NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

COMMON STOCK

As of March 13, 2003, the Company had received approximately \$693,000 for the issuance of 4,101,369 shares of common stock to investors.

WARRANTS

On February 13, 2003, the Company granted an individual warrants to purchase 500,000 shares of its common stock at an exercise price of \$.40. The warrants vested immediately and expire on February 13, 2005. The fair value of the stock warrants estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model is \$.29 per share, or \$145,000.

On February 3, 2003, warrants to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock were exercised on a cashless basis, for which the Company issued 40,476 shares of common stock.

SERIES C CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK

In connection with a proposed credit facility, on February 24, 2003, the Company amended and restated the Articles of Incorporation and designated 100,000 shares of its authorized preferred stock as Series C Preferred Stock, par value \$.01 per share. The Series C Preferred Stock will not be entitled to receive any dividends.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

COMPARISON OF THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2003 AND THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 2002

REVENUES. There were no revenues for the three months ended January 31, 2003 or the three months ended January 31, 2002.

OPERATING EXPENSES. Operating expenses included the compensatory element of stock issuances, research and development expenses, and selling, general and administrative expenses. Total operating expenses decreased to approximately \$1,144,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003, from approximately \$1,703,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002. The compensatory element of stock issuances decreased to approximately \$605,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003 from approximately \$702,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002. Research and development expenses decreased from approximately \$329,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002 to approximately \$40,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003. The Company, however, also paid approximately \$191,000 to Adaptive Networks, Inc. during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 in previously accrued development fees that therefore were not included as operating expenses during the quarter. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to approximately \$499,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003 from approximately \$672,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002, principally due to decreased expenses relating to the Company's facilities and operations in Pleasanton, California in the first quarter of fiscal 2003 compared to the same period in fiscal 2002.

OTHER EXPENSES. Other expenses included amortization of unearned financing costs, interest expense and a gain on the settlement of litigation. Total other expenses decreased from approximately \$238,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002 to a gain of approximately \$1,319,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003. A gain of \$1,474,000 was recorded during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 in connection with the settlement of litigation between the Company and Allan Blevins and Michael Shepperd, former officers of the Company. The gain resulted from the return to the Company and cancellation of 2.2 million shares of common stock that had previously been issued to Messrs. Blevins and Shepperd. Interest expense decreased from approximately \$158,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002 to approximately \$61,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003. In the 2002 fiscal period the Company recognized interest expense related to the issuance of approximately \$160,000 of convertible notes payable. Because the Company issued only \$85,000 of convertible notes payable during the first quarter of fiscal 2003, interest expense was less during this period. Amortization of unearned financing costs increased from approximately \$81,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002 to approximately \$93,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003.

NET INCOME. The Company reported net income of approximately \$175,000,

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or \$0.00 per common share (\$0.00 on a fully diluted basis), for the three months ended January 31, 2003, compared to a loss of approximately \$1,942,000, or \$0.06 per common share (on both a basic and fully diluted basis), for the three months ended January 31, 2002. The principal reason for the 2003 net income was the \$1,474,000 non-cash gain relating to the litigation settlement described above under "Other Expenses."

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Net cash used in operating activities was approximately \$832,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and approximately \$1,323,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002. Cash balances totaled approximately \$3,000 as of January 31, 2003 and approximately \$312,000 as of October 31, 2002.

Since November 1, 1999, operations have been financed principally through sales of common stock, the exercise of warrants and options to purchase common stock, and the issuance of convertible notes payable and notes payable. Net proceeds from financing activities amounted to approximately \$714,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003, including sales of common stock amounting to approximately \$908,000 and proceeds from convertible notes payable amounting to \$85,000. The Company also repaid \$200,000 of debt during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 and incurred approximately \$79,000 in offering costs related to stock issuances. Net proceeds from financing activities amounted to approximately \$1,114,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002, including sales of common stock amounting to approximately \$513,000, the exercise of warrants resulting in proceeds of approximately \$143,000, loans amounting to \$145,000 and convertible notes payable amounting to approximately \$313,000.

Stock was issued in the payment of selling, general and administrative expenses amounting to approximately \$605,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and approximately \$702,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002.

In April 2000, we entered into a joint venture production agreement to produce STEP INTO LIQUID, a feature length film for theatrical distribution. Under the agreement, we are providing the funding for the production in the amount of up to \$2,250,000 and, in exchange, we will receive a 50% share in all net profits from worldwide distribution and merchandising, after receiving funds equal to our initial investment of up to \$2,250,000. As of January 31, 2003, we had funded approximately \$2,179,000 of the production costs towards this project.

Research and development expenses totaled approximately \$40,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2003 and approximately \$329,000 for the three months ended January 31, 2002. During the three months ended January 31, 2003 the Company also paid approximately \$191,000 in technology development fees to Adaptive Networks, Inc. that were capitalized.

During the fiscal years ended October 31, 2001 and October 31, 2002 and during the three months ended January 31, 2003 the Company issued convertible notes payable totaling approximately \$2,495,000. The Company agreed to pay the principal and interest in an amount equal to 50% of the principal if certain milestones are reached from the distribution of STEP INTO LIQUID. The notes that remain outstanding are convertible at any time, in whole or in part, into shares of common stock at conversion prices ranging from \$0.40 to \$1.00 per share. As of January 31, 2003 the Company's liability associated with convertible notes payable that remained outstanding was approximately \$1,362,000. Several of these convertible notes payable, with aggregate principal and interest of \$375,000, become due on May 21, 2003.

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In June 2000, we entered into five long-term credit facilities, pursuant to which we borrowed \$750,000. We repaid \$500,000 of these borrowings during fiscal 2001. The remaining principal and interest at 6% per year will be due in June 2003.

In April 2002, we entered into a license and development agreement with Adaptive Networks, Inc. which included development services relating to our FPGA-based prototype. We agreed to pay Adaptive an aggregate of \$1,559,000 for these services. As of January 31, 2003, the remaining balance due to Adaptive is \$543,000 under the license and development agreement.

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In April 2002, in consideration of the grant of a technology license from Adaptive Networks, Inc., we assumed certain debt obligations of Adaptive to Zaiq Technologies, Inc. ("Zaiq"). We then issued 3,192 shares of Series B Preferred Stock, valued at \$3,192,000, with a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share, and paid \$250,000 in cash to Zaiq in satisfaction of the Zaiq debt. We must offer to redeem all of the Series B Preferred Stock if we close a corporate transaction resulting in a change of control or a financing transaction of at least \$15 million. If we close a financing transaction of at least \$3 million but less than \$15 million, we must offer to redeem a portion of the Series B Preferred Stock based on a fraction, the numerator of which is the cash proceeds we receive in the financing transaction and the denominator of which is \$15 million. We are also required to offer to redeem the outstanding Series B Preferred Stock in eight equal quarterly payments beginning March 31, 2005 and ending December 31, 2006.

In July 2002, the Company borrowed \$500,000 from the Charles R. Cono Trust. These borrowings are unsecured and bear interest at 10% per annum. Principal and accrued interest are payable three days after written demand by the payee.

On December 2, 2002 a separation agreement was signed with Thomas Cooper, our former President and Chief Executive Officer. One of the terms of the agreement obligates the Company to pay Mr. Cooper \$57,692 in accrued salary that was voluntarily deferred by Mr. Cooper during his employment. The entire amount is to be paid by March 31, 2003. As of January 31, 2003 the outstanding balance due to Mr. Cooper in connection with the separation agreement was \$47,692.

For a period between August and December, 2002, the Company's management team temporarily deferred a portion of executive salaries in order to reduce monthly expenses. As of January 31, 2003 the remaining balance of these executive salary deferrals amounted to approximately \$157,000.

Management believes funds on hand and available sources of financing will enable the Company to meet its liquidity needs for at least the next three months. However, funding for the Company's operations has become more difficult to secure and more expensive than in prior periods due to the current economic and stock market climate, the Company's recent stock price and market volatility, and general market conditions in the semiconductor and telecommunications industries. Management is presently taking steps to reduce monthly cash outlays through arrangements with vendors to accept longer payment terms and reductions of recurring expenses, when possible, including potential staff and management changes. However, additional cash must be raised in order to continue to meet liquidity needs and satisfy the Company's proposed business plan. Management is presently investigating potential financing transactions that it believes can provide additional cash for operations and lead to profitability in both the short and long-term. Management also intends to attempt to raise funds through private sales of common stock and borrowings.

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Although management believes these efforts will enable us to meet liquidity needs in the future, there can be no assurance that these efforts will be successful.

GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATION

We have continued losses in each of our years of operation, negative cash flow and liquidity problems. These conditions raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability of reported assets or liabilities should we be unable to continue as a going concern.

We have been able to continue based upon our receipt of funds from the issuance of equity securities and borrowings, and by acquiring assets or paying expenses by issuing stock. Our continued existence is dependent upon our continued ability to raise funds through the issuance of our securities or borrowings, and our ability to acquire assets or satisfy liabilities by the issuance of stock. Management's plans in this regard are to obtain other debt and equity financing until profitable operation and positive cash flow are achieved and maintained. Although management believes, based on the fact that it raised approximately \$11,709,000 through sales of common stock and \$3,952,000 from borrowings from November 1, 1999 through January 31, 2003, that it will be able to secure suitable additional financing for the Company's operations, there can be no guarantee that such financing will continue to be available on reasonable terms, or at all.

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CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make judgments, assumptions, and estimates that affect amounts reported in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2002, describes the significant accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions believed to be reasonable. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions that may impact the Company in the future, actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. Our critical accounting policies are those that affect our financial statements materially and involve difficult, subjective or complex judgments by management. The following critical accounting policies are impacted significantly by judgments, assumptions and estimates used in the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

PROJECT UNDER DEVELOPMENT. The Company capitalizes costs of production to investment in films. These costs are amortized to direct operating expenses in accordance with SOP-00-2. These costs are stated at the lower of unamortized film costs and fair value. These costs for an individual film are amortized in the proportion that current period actual revenues bear to management's estimates of the total revenue expected to be received from such film. As a result, if revenue estimates change with respect to a film, the Company may be required to write down all or a portion of the unamortized costs of such file. No assurance can be given that unfavorable changes to revenue estimates will not occur, which may result in significant write-downs affecting our results of operations and financial condition.

Revenue is driven by audience acceptance of a film, which represents a

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response not only to artistic merits but also to critics' reviews, marketing and the competitive market for entertainment, general economic conditions, and other intangible factors, all of which can change rapidly.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Research and development expenses relate to the design and development of new telecommunications products. Payments made to independent software developers under development agreements are capitalized to software development costs once technological feasibility is established or if the development costs have an alternative future use. Prior to establishing technological feasibility, software development costs are expensed to research and development costs and to cost of revenues subsequent to confirmation of technological feasibility. Internal development costs are capitalized to software development costs once technological feasibility is established. Technological feasibility is evaluated on a product-by-product basis.

Research and development expenses generally consist of salaries, related expenses for engineering personnel and third-party development costs.

CONTINGENCIES AND LITIGATION. The Company makes an assessment of the probability of an adverse judgment resulting from current and threatened litigation. The Company accrues the cost of an adverse judgment if, in our estimation, an adverse settlement is probable and the Company can reasonably estimate the ultimate cost of such litigation.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION. The Company has elected to account for fixed award stock options and nonemployee directors' options under the provisions of APB No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." As such, no compensation cost has been recorded in the financial statements relative to these options. The Company utilizes, the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of these options for disclosure purposes. Stock compensation issued to non-employees/directors is accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 123.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Accounting Standards No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation--Transition and Disclosure--an amendment of SFAS 123" ("SFAS 148"). This statement amends SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, this statement amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. We will adopt the annual disclosure provisions of SFAS 148 in our financial reports beginning with the year ended October 31, 2003 and we will adopt the interim disclosure provisions for financial reports beginning with the quarter ended April 30, 2003. As our adoption of this standard involves disclosures only, we do not expect any impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Financial Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" ("FIN 46"). FIN 46 addresses consolidation by business enterprises of variable interest entities. Under that interpretation, certain entities known as Variable Interest Entities ("VIEs") must be consolidated by the primary beneficiary of the entity. The primary beneficiary is generally defined as having the majority of the risks and rewards arising from the VIE. For VIEs in which a significant (but not majority) variable interest is held, certain disclosures are required. It applies immediately to variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003, and

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applies in the first year or interim period beginning after June 15, 2003 to variable interest entities in which an enterprise holds a variable interest that it acquired before February 1, 2003. We are currently assessing the impact the adoption of this interpretation will have on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

There have been no material changes to the Company's market risk for the three months ended January 31, 2003. See the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2002 for additional discussions regarding quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

As indicated in the certifications contained in this report, the principal executive officer, principal financial officer and principal accounting officer of New Visual Corporation have evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of January 31, 2003. Based on that evaluation, these officers have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective for the purpose of ensuring that material information required to be in this quarterly report is made known to them by others on a timely basis. There have not been changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of this evaluation.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

On February 10, 2003, we settled a dispute with Brad Lundahl, which was previously described in our Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended July 31, 2002 and our Report on Form 10-K for the period ended October 31, 2002. Pursuant to the settlement agreement, we agreed to pay Mr. Lundahl a total of \$40,000, \$15,000 of which was due and paid on or before February 15, 2003, \$15,000 of which was due and paid on or before March 12, 2003, and the remainder of which is due and payable on or before April 11, 2003. Upon payment of the \$40,000, Mr. Lundahl has agreed to formally dismiss the lawsuit styled LUNDAHL V. N.V. TECHNOLOGY, ET AL with prejudice, which was filed in Santa Clara Superior Court.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

(c) During the three months ended January 31, 2003, the Company sold unregistered securities as follows:

In November 2002, we:

- o issued an aggregate of \$85,000 principal amount of convertible promissory notes to two investors, which notes are convertible into shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$.39;
- o issued 96,612 shares of common stock upon conversion of convertible promissory notes held by three investors, resulting in the cancellation of \$48,000 in principal and interest that would have been outstanding under the notes;
- o sold an aggregate of 166,667 shares of common stock to five investors for total proceeds of \$42,500;
- o issued 32,258 shares of common stock to an executive officer in lieu of \$20,000 in compensation owed to the officer;
- o issued 300,000 shares of common stock to a company valued at \$144,000 pursuant to a contractual arrangement; and

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- o sold 183,179 shares of common stock to a "non-US Person" (as such term is defined in Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933) for total proceeds of \$27,164.

In December 2002, we:

- o issued 379,121 shares of common stock upon conversion of two convertible promissory notes held by one investor, resulting in the cancellation of \$150,000 in principal and interest that would have been outstanding under the notes;
- o sold an aggregate of 367,135 shares of common stock to 13 investors for total proceeds of \$98,740;
- o issued 56,452 shares of common stock to a director and former officer of the Company in lieu of \$35,000 in compensation owed to the former officer;
- o issued 25,000 shares of common stock valued at \$15,750 to an individual for past services rendered to the Company
- o issued 350,000 shares of common stock valued at \$199,500 to a consultant for services rendered to the Company; and
- o sold 1,180,454 shares of common stock to a "non-US Person" (as such term is defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933) for total proceeds of \$181,038.

In January 2003, we:

- o sold an aggregate of 1,878,528 shares of common stock to 12 investors for total proceeds of \$476,505, of which \$337,535 were received in 2002;
- o issued 46,875 shares of common stock to our vice chairman in lieu of \$30,000 of deferred compensation owed to the director; and
- o sold 638,683 shares of common stock to a "non-US Person" (as such term is defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933) for total proceeds of \$109,573.

Following the quarter ended January 31, 2003, we have issued the following unregistered securities:

In February 2003, we:

- o sold an aggregate of 1,220,827 shares of common stock to 21 investors for total proceeds of \$267,643; and
- o sold 1,652,361 shares of common stock to a "non-US Person" (as such term is defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933) for total proceeds of \$249,016.

In March 2003, we:

- o sold an aggregate of 458,274 shares of common stock to three investors for total proceeds of \$102,485;
- o issued 40,476 shares of common stock valued at \$17,000 to a company upon its cashless exercise of a warrant; and
- o sold 1,039,848 shares of common stock to a "non-US Person" (as such term is defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933) for total proceeds of \$140,375.

All of the securities issued in the transactions described above were issued without registration under the Securities Act in reliance upon the exemption provided in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act or Regulation S under such Securities Act. Except with respect to securities sold under Regulation S, the recipients of securities in each such transaction acquired the securities for investment only and not with a view to or for sale in connection with any distribution thereof. Appropriate legends were affixed to the share certificates issued in all of the above transactions. The Company believes the recipients

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were all "accredited investors" within the meaning of Rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the Securities Act, or had such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters as to be able to evaluate the merits and risks of an investment in its common stock. All recipients had adequate access, through their relationships with the Company and its officers and directors, to information about the Company. None of the transactions described above involved general solicitation or advertising.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

(a) Exhibits:

- 4.1 Certificate of Designation of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. *
- 10.1 Severance Agreement and Release dated December 2, 2002, by and between New Visual Corporation and Thomas J. Cooper (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.58 to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the period ended October 31, 2002 (the "2002 10-K")).
- 10.2 Employment Agreement dated December 2, 2002, by and between New Visual Corporation and Brad Ketch (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.59 to the 2002 10-K0)
- 10.3 Stock Option Agreement dated December 2, 2002, by and between New Visual Corporation and Brad Ketch (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.60 of the 2002 10-K).
- 10.4 2003 Consultant Stock Plan. *
- 10.5 Consulting Agreement dated as of January 30, 2003, by and between Starburst Innovations LLC and New Visual Corporation. *
- 10.6 Consulting Agreement dated as of January 30, 2003, by and between LF Technology Group, LLC and New Visual Corporation. *
- 10.7 Warrant Certificate dated February 12, 2003, issued by New Visual Corporation to Dan Lombardi. *

* Filed herewith.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K: None.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NEW VISUAL CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Dated: March 17, 2003

By: /s/ Brad Ketch

BRAD KETCH
President and Chief Executive Officer

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(PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER)

Dated: March 17, 2003

By: /s/ Thomas J. Sweeney

THOMAS J. SWEENEY
Chief Financial Officer
(PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING OFFICER)

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CERTIFICATION BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Brad Ketch, President and Chief Executive Officer of New Visual Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of New Visual Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statement made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

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- a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: March 17, 2003

/s/ Brad Ketch

Brad Ketch
President and Chief Executive Officer

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CERTIFICATION BY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Thomas J. Sweeney, Chief Financial Officer of New Visual Corporation, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of New Visual Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statement made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the

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period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

- b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
- d) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - e) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
6. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: March 17, 2003

/s/ Thomas J. Sweeney

Thomas J. Sweeney
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SS. 1350 ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of New Visual Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended January 31, 2003 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, Brad Ketch, Chief Executive Officer, and Thomas Sweeney, Chief Financial Officer, of the Company certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

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/s/ Brad Ketch

/s/ Thomas J. Sweeney

Brad Ketch
Chief Executive Officer
March 17, 2003

Thomas J. Sweeney
Chief Financial Officer
March 17, 2003

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EXHIBIT INDEX

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